



## ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES LIMITED

Registered Office: Plot #28A, IDA, Nacharam, Hyderabad 500 076.

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-third (23<sup>rd</sup>) Annual General Meeting of the members of Aragen Life Sciences Limited will be held on Monday 8<sup>th</sup> July 2024 at 09.00 a.m. at the registered office of the Company at Plot #28A, IDA, Nacharam, Hyderabad- 500 076 to transact the following business:

#### Ordinary business:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To appoint a director in the place of Mr Manmahesh Kantipudi (DIN 05241166) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment, and in connection therewith to consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**“RESOLVED THAT** Mr Manmahesh Kantipudi, Whole-time Director & CEO (DIN 05241166), who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting following the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company.”

#### Special Business:

4. To consider and, if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 & 152, read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, each as amended, (the “Act”), Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the members of the Company, be and is hereby accorded, to re-appoint Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo (DIN: 08404004), who has been providing valuable contribution as a Board member since 17<sup>th</sup> April 2019, who possesses relevant expertise and experience and is not being disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013, and who provided the declaration of independence as required under the applicable law, and who in the opinion of the Board, fulfils the conditions specified in the Act for the re-appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director, for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from April 17, 2024 up to April 16, 2029 (both days inclusive, at a remuneration of US\$ 60,000 per annum, (excluding the sitting fees), as may

be revised by the Board from time to time, notwithstanding such remuneration together with the remuneration payable to other non-executive directors exceeds the limits specified under Section 197 of the Companies Act or other applicable provisions or rules, and on such terms and conditions as specified in his appointment letter.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded, to the continuation Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo as an independent director on the Board of Directors of the Company notwithstanding his attaining the age of 75 years in 2025 given his continued valuable contributions to the Company as a Board member.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters, and things as may be considered necessary, desirable, or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

5. To consider and, if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 & 152, read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, each as amended, (the “**Act**”), Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded, to continue and designate Mr Ajay Srivastava (DIN: 00049912), who has been providing valuable contribution as a Board member since 20<sup>th</sup> May 2021, who possesses relevant expertise and experience and is not being disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013, and who provided the declaration of independence as required under the applicable law, and who in the opinion of the Board, fulfils the conditions specified in the Act for the appointment as an independent director, as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the Board, for a second term of 5 (five) years commencing from May 14, 2024 up to May 13, 2029 (both days inclusive), at the current remuneration of ₹40,00,000 (Rupees Forty Lakhs Only) per annum (excluding the sitting fees), as may be revised by the Board from time to time, notwithstanding such remuneration together with the remuneration payable to other non-executive directors exceeds the limits specified under Section 197 of the Companies Act or other applicable provisions or rules, and on such terms and conditions as specified in his appointment letter.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters, and things as may be considered necessary, desirable, or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

By Order of the Board

Sd/-

**K. Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 01.07.2024

**NOTES:**

1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND, ON A POLL, TO VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF. SUCH A PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.
2. The instrument appointing the proxy, duly filled, stamped, and signed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
3. Dividend: A final dividend of Rs.2/- (Rupees Two) per equity share of the Company, as recommended by the Directors, if declared at the Annual General Meeting (AGM), will be paid to the members whose names are borne on the Company's Register of Members or to their mandatees on the date of AGM.
4. The documents referred to in the Notice if any, and the Statutory Registers of the Company will be available for inspection from 11.00 A.M. to 1.00 P.M. on any working day before the date of the meeting.
5. Pursuant to Section 101(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company seeks to obtain consent from its members to convene the Annual General Meeting at short notice.
6. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 concerning the special business set out in the Notice is annexed.

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

**Item Nos. 4: Re-appointment of Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo (DIN: 08404004) as an Independent Director of the Company for the second term of five consecutive years:**

The first term of five years of Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo (DIN: 08404004) as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company expired on 16<sup>th</sup> April 2024. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) of the Board of Directors, subject to approval of the shareholders, Dr Ruffolo was re-appointed by the Board as an Independent Director for the second term of five consecutive years expiring 16<sup>th</sup> April 2029 as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and approved continuation of his appointment despite his attaining the age of 75 years early CY25 at the existing annual remuneration of \$60,000 subject to revision from time to time, notwithstanding such remuneration together with the remuneration payable to other non-executive directors exceeds the limits specified under Section 197 of the Companies Act or other applicable provisions or rules, and on such terms and conditions as specified in his appointment letter, and recommend the resolution as set out in this Notice for approval by the shareholders.

The Company has received the necessary declaration from him to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Act. Dr Ruffolo brings relevant expertise and vast experience that could contribute to the growth of the Company. Profile of Dr Ruffolo is enclosed. In the opinion of the Board, Dr Ruffolo fulfils the conditions specified in the Act for the re-appointment as an independent director of the Company.

A format of the letter for the appointment of independent directors by the Company setting out the terms and conditions is available for inspection by the members.

Additional information for the reappointment as required under the applicable Secretarial Standards is annexed.

None of the directors of the Company except Dr Ruffolo to the extent of his appointment, the key managerial personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested in any way in the resolution.

**Item Nos. 5: Designating Mr Ajay Srivastava, the existing director on the Board, as Non-executive Independent Directors of the Company:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(1) read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, based on the recommendation of NRC, the Board of Directors by their resolution dated 14<sup>th</sup> May 2024 designated Mr Ajay Srivastava, the existing director, as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the Board for a second term of 5 (five) years commencing from May 14, 2024 up to May 13, 2029 (both days inclusive), at the current remuneration of ₹40,00,000 (Rupees Forty Lakhs Only) per annum (excluding the sitting fees), as may be revised by the Board from time to time, notwithstanding such remuneration together with the remuneration payable to other non-executive directors exceeds the limits specified under Section 197 of the Companies Act or



other applicable provisions or rules, and on such terms and conditions as specified in his appointment letter, and recommend the resolution as set out in this Notice for approval by the shareholders.

The Company has received the necessary declaration from him to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Act. Mr Srivastava brings relevant expertise and vast experience that could contribute to the growth of the Company. Profile of Mr Srivastava is enclosed. In the opinion of the Board, Mr Srivastava fulfils the conditions specified in the Act for the appointment as an independent director.

A format of the letter for the appointment of independent directors by the Company setting out the terms and conditions is available for inspection by the members.

Additional information for the appointment of Mr Srivastava as required under the applicable Secretarial Standards is annexed.

None of the directors of the Company except Mr Ajay Srivastava to the extent of his appointment and remuneration, the key managerial personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested in any way in the resolutions.

By Order of the Board

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 01.07.2024

Sd/-  
**K. Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary

**Annexure: Additional information in respect of each of the proposed appointee/ designate as required under the applicable Secretarial Standards**

S. No.	Particulars	Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo	Mr Ajay Srivastava
1	<b>Age</b>	74 years	62 years
2	<b>Date of first appointment</b>	17/04/2019	20/05/2021
3	<b>Qualifications</b>	PhD in Pharmacology, from the Ohio State University, USA. Honorary Doctorate in Science (DSc), West Virginia University, USA, and Honorary Doctorate in Engineering (DEng), University of Catania, Italy.	PGDM from IIM Bangalore.
4	<b>Experience</b>	Has been a Director on the Board of the Company since April 17, 2019. For further details, please see the Profile enclosed.	Has been a Director on the Board of the Company since 20 <sup>th</sup> May 2021. For further details, please see his Profile.
5	<b>Other directorships, memberships/chairmanship of committees of other Boards</b>	Please refer to the Profile for details.	<b><u>Other Directorships:</u></b> GIVO Fashions Private Limited, Oceans and Palms Resorts Private Limited, Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited, JK Agri Genetics Limited, Intox Private Limited.  <b><u>Memberships/ Chairmanship of committees of other Boards:</u></b> Chairman of CSR Committee of Intox Private Limited. Member of Stakeholders Relationship Committee in JK Agri Genetics Ltd.
6	<b>Terms and conditions of appointment/reappointment along with details of remuneration sought to be paid and the remuneration last drawn by such person</b>	re- appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director for the second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from April 17, 2024 up to April 16, 2029 (both days inclusive), at a current remuneration of US\$ 60,000 per annum, (excluding the sitting fees) to be revised from time to time.  The last remuneration drawn was US\$ 60,000 (excluding sitting fee) for FY24.	Designating as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the Board for a second term of 5 (five) years commencing from May 14, 2024 up to May 13, 2029 (both days inclusive), at the current remuneration of ₹40,00,000 (Rupees Forty Lakhs Only) per annum (excluding the sitting fees), to be revised from time to time.

			The last remuneration drawn was Rs. 40 Lakhs (excluding sitting fee) for FY24.
7	<b>Shareholding in the Company</b>	Nil	Nil
8	<b>Relationship with other Directors, Manager(s), and other Key Managerial Personnel</b>	Nil	Nil
9	<b>Number of meetings of the Board attended during the year</b>	Six	Five

**Brief Profile of Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo:**

Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo is a distinguished scientist, globally recognized for his executive leadership in the pharmaceutical industry. He served as the President of R&D and Senior Vice President of Wyeth Pharmaceuticals (now, Pfizer) from 2002 to 2008. Before Wyeth, he served as Senior Vice President of R&D, at SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals (now, GlaxoSmithKline) for 17 years. He has played a significant role in the discovery and development of several successful products, including Carvedilol, Ropinirole, Dobutamine and Eprosartan.

Dr Ruffolo has won several prestigious awards, including the Discoverer’s Award in 2008 for his pioneering work on the discovery of Carvedilol for the treatment of congestive heart failure. He has published over five hundred full-length publications, edited fifteen books, and was Editor-in-Chief of four international pharmacology journals.

Dr Ruffolo holds a bachelor’s degree in science in Pharmacy and a Doctor of Philosophy in Pharmacology from The Ohio State University, USA. He also received a lifetime achievement award from The Ohio State University, USA in the year 2009.

Other directorships (Body Corporates): Sapience Therapeutics, Inc., Elucida Oncology, Aragen Bioscience, Inc., Elicio Therapeutics, LB Pharmaceuticals, Combined Therapeutics, Vogenx, Ruffolo Consulting LLC.

**Brief Profile of Mr Ajay Srivastava:**

Mr Ajay Srivastava is a PGDM from IIM Bangalore, and has worked with Citibank in the area of Transactional Services and Corporate and Investment Banking for many years. Thereafter, he founded Dimensions Corporate Finance Services (P) Ltd. which is considered to be a pioneer in Corporate and Financial Restructuring and Investment Banking in the country. His innovative and customized structures have been widely used by the client companies and his strength has been in ensuring appropriate implementation of the recommended plans. His expertise in capital markets and economic affairs is widely used by several television channels. He has been on the Board of J.K. Agri Genetics Ltd. among various Companies for different tenures.





## BOARD'S REPORT

DEAR MEMBERS,

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the 23<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report of your Company, **Aragen Life Sciences Limited (“Aragen”/”Company”)**, along with the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's performance during FY 2023-24 compared with the previous year is summarised below.

Details	(INR Million (Mm))			
	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	14798	15,813	16747	17,520
Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)	4411	5,129	4497	5,127
Less: Depreciation	1607	1,410	1918	1,673
Less: Interest	286	370	331	389
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	2517	3,349	2248	3,066
Less: Provision for Tax	676	903	702	948
Less: Deferred Tax	-46	-73	-55	-81
Profit After Tax (PAT)	1888	2,519	1601	2,199
Other Comprehensive Income	135	(241)	136	(167)
Total comprehensive income	2022	2279	1737	2032
Earnings Per Share (Basic)(Rs.)	9.34	12.47	7.83	10.72
Earnings Per Share (Diluted)(Rs.)	9.21	12.31	7.71	10.59

### ABOUT ARAGEN

Aragen is one of India's leading diversified contract research organisations (CROs) (in terms of revenue and number of scientists), providing research, development, and manufacturing services to global pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. The Company has a successful track record of over 20 years in serving clients with a focus on early-stage discovery and development of new molecular entities (NMEs). The Company has a diversified client base across mid to large pharmaceutical companies and innovative biotechnology units. The Company carries out its operations from six modern technology-enabled facilities covering over ~ 1.5 Mn sq ft. in India and the US. Operations are driven by a strong workforce of more than 4000 employees, of which nearly 3700 are scientific personnel with ~400+ PhDs. The Company's scalable platform has enabled it to deliver growth, continuous innovation, and high-quality project execution, which is demonstrated through its strong financial performance over the years.



## PERFORMANCE IN FY24

The Financial Year 2023-24 marked a challenging year for the CRO sector globally. This resulted from a significant slowdown in venture funding for Biotech companies, which has been a mainstay of pharmaceutical innovation for the last few years. Global big pharma companies reduced their R&D spending and reallocated resources to fewer programs. As a result, the sector, as well as Aragen, faced headwinds during the year. In early 2024, signs of recovery in the Biotech industry and restarting of programs by large pharma companies could be observed. The ongoing discussion on the US Biosecurity Act will likely provide a good opportunity for Indian CRO companies as US customers look for alternatives outside China. The Company is taking appropriate actions to capture this growth opportunity during FY25 and beyond.

For the Financial Year 2023–24, the Company recorded a revenue of Rs 14798 million on a standalone basis, a decline of 6.4% compared to the previous year. As a result of lower revenue, PAT declined by 25.1%. During the year, the Company provided services to 6 of the top 10 global pharma companies amongst an overall client base of 400+ customers in various areas across the Pharmaceutical R&D value chain.

At a consolidated level, the Total Income of the Company for FY 2023-24 was Rs 16747 Mm, EBITDA was Rs 4497 Mm, and PAT was Rs 1601 Mm.

The Company continues to invest in infrastructure to capture future growth opportunities. A state-of-the-art GMP Formulations Pilot plant and a technologically advanced 105 KL manufacturing block in Vizag are being commissioned during Q1 FY25. The investment plan of nearly \$30 million for a Biologics manufacturing facility in Bengaluru was put into action through the 100% subsidiary Aragen Biologics Pvt Ltd. The first phase of the facility for small-scale manufacturing was commissioned in March 2024. The Company has also continued to work on its ongoing expansion plan for Discovery services and is midway through the process of constructing nearly 0.5 million SFT of laboratory buildings and facilities.

### Discovery Services

The Discovery services business continued to grow incrementally despite global headwinds in the biotechnology sector. The new business opportunities demanded pricing calibration for sustainable growth. A lot of focus was placed on building new digital and technology platforms to improve productivity. The Discovery Services unit has taken a big leap in the digital transformation journey and built a complete integrated compound and data management platform to provide end-to-end solutions in the discovery value chain, an AI tool for retro-synthesis, and ML/AI tools for designing novel molecules. The chemistry team strengthened their existing offerings in small molecules, peptides, proteolysis targeting chimera (PROTACS), lipids, nucleosides, microchemistry, etc. The new offering in Oligonucleotides is a step towards treating neurodegenerative diseases. The biology business showed a high growth potential in assay development and in-vivo pharmacology with bespoke models in pain, inflammation, infectious diseases, and oncology. GLP-safety assessment capabilities have enabled the IND support for discovery programs to speed up. The integrated discovery portfolio continues to expand and excel in identifying the best-in-class molecules for unmet medical needs.



## Development and Manufacturing services

Development and Manufacturing services faced challenges during the year due to the slowdown in venture and biotech funding and the consequent reduction in the start of new clinical programs. Custom Chemical Synthesis (CCS) operations declined during the year due to a slowdown in customer clinical R&D activity. New investments by the Company in Formulations and Analytical services helped this upcoming segment show a high double-digit growth.

During the year the Formulations GMP pilot plant facility was commissioned in May 2024, which will enable the Company to offer the manufacturing of finished dosage forms for clinical supply and integrated small molecule development packages for clients. Substantial progress was made towards the completion of the new large-scale manufacturing block at Visakhapatnam. This facility is expected to be fully operational in Q1 FY25, thus adding 105 KL of additional reactor capacity.

In the area of Biologics R&D services, the Company posted double-digit revenue growth in FY24 despite muted demand from biotech customers in the US and Europe. The work on the Biologics Cell Culture development and manufacturing facility continued to progress. The first phase of the facility was commissioned, and the initial customer orders were delivered in March 2024. The phase 2 expansion of the unit will be operational at the end of FY25, thus enabling the Company to offer a full range of Biologics drug substance-related services from Antibody Discovery, Cell Line Development, and Bioproduction from its California site and Process Development and cGMP manufacturing from its Bengaluru site.

## Performance of subsidiaries

Aragen has five subsidiaries.

Aragen Bioscience, Inc. is a 100% subsidiary based in California, USA, and provides services in the area of Biologics R&D, including anti-body research, Cell line development, Protein analytics, etc, along with pre-clinical efficacy testing for both small and large molecules through its AAALAC accredited facility. It offers its proprietary DG44 platform for Cell line development in the Biologics space and has a leading position in Fibrosis and Oncology models for clinical testing. During the year, the Unit strengthened its operations and achieved a revenue of US\$ 19.9 million with double-digit growth despite continuing headwinds.

Intox Pvt Ltd was acquired in December 2021, and during 2022-23, the Company increased its holding to 76%. Intox offers services in Safety assessment studies for small and large molecules through its GLP and AAALAC-accredited facility. During the year, Intox took several new or first-time initiatives. It started GLP Carcinogenicity studies, served Agri-chem customers, and reached out to new territories. Intox expects to strengthen and consolidate in these areas.

Aragen Life Sciences B. V. Netherlands is a 100% subsidiary that provides marketing services to the Company.

The Company carries out its CSR activities through Aragen Foundation, a wholly-owned subsidiary company with charitable objectives.



During the year, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary named Aragen Biologics Private Limited (ABPL) to manufacture Biologics, and ABPL commenced its business operations. An amount of Rs. 30 Cr has been invested by way of equity and further investment of ~Rs. 200 Cr is intended to be undertaken by way of preference share capital into ABPL. The Biologics business of the Company is being consolidated into ABPL by selling the Company's holding in Aragen Bioscience Inc., USA, to ABPL.

Following the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), a statement containing the salient features of financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries in Form No. AOC-1 is attached to this Report as Annexure 7.

### Human Resources

Aragen has more than 4000 employees, largely comprising scientific personnel.

The Company has received certification as a 'Great Place to Work' from the GPTW organisation for the fifth consecutive year. It was also recognised and ranked amongst India's top 15 "Best Workplaces in Pharma, Health care and Biotech".

The Company continuously trains and develops its employees through several instructor-led and online learning programs. Over 75000 training hours were delivered during the year. In addition to several flagship programs such as 'Evolwe,' a women's executive development program, and 'Empower,' a first-time manager program, 'LEAP' for group managers, and 'Aspire' for executive-level individual contributors, the Company introduced training programs such as InterACT, an umbrella program for communication skills enhancement and LEAP+ for Vice President Band employees.

Several programs related to employee wellness, sports, team building, children's education, parental wellness, and festival celebrations were rolled out.

The Company has policies in place to prevent discrimination, sexual harassment, corruption, and bribery, ensuring ethical business practices and fair play. The Company has complied with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH Act), including the constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee. Adequate workshops and awareness programs against sexual harassment are conducted across the organisation. There were no sexual harassment complaints made during the year.

### Employee Stock Options ("Options")

During the year, the Company granted 3,62,240 Options to its eligible employees under the Employee Stock Option Plan ("ESOP Scheme 2022"/"Scheme"), which remain unvested as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

Under the ESOP Scheme 2022, the Company granted 7,71,280 Options to its eligible employees. A total of 3,04,743 options were vested, and 3,62,240 options remain unvested as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024. A total of 1,04,297 options were forfeited due to employees' exit and performance. The Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) of the Company, Mr Manmahesh Kantipudi, Whole-time Director & CEO, and Mr Ramakrishna Kasturi, Company Secretary, were granted 75991 and 2185 Options,



respectively, during the year. Under the Scheme, Dr Subodh Deshmukh, President – Development, was granted 44625 Options; Mr Suresh Anubolu, CHRO, was granted 20992 Options, with each amounting to more than five per cent of the total Options granted during the year.

Under the ESOP Scheme 2017, eligible employees were granted 16,51,785 Options (pre-bonus) (49,55,355 - post-bonus). The total Vested Options post-bonus as of 31st March 2024 were 20,81,307 (with 2,44,572 Options vested during the year), and 3,06,900 Options remain unvested. No Options were exercised during the year.

Under the ESOP Scheme 2007, as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, the total Options vested were 11,25,000, with no Options remaining unvested. No Options were exercised during the year.

With this, the total outstanding Options as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 (vested and unvested) under various ESOP schemes are 41,80,190.

For further details concerning the Options, the attention of the members is invited to Note No. 12(f) of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year.

The Company's ESOP Schemes are compliant with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021.

#### Environment, Health, and Safety (“EHS”)

All the facilities of the Company are audited and certified to the standards ISO 14001:2015, ISO 45001:2018 and ISO 50001:2018.

Various actions in the areas of Fire safety augmentation and water capacity addition were undertaken during the year across various facilities.

The Company has set the following ESG goals:

- Zero landfill organisation status for hazardous waste by 2025
- 25% gender diversity by 2026
- 50.4% reduction in absolute Scope 1, 2 & 3 by 2032 (Near term target)
- Water neutrality by 2035
- 90% reduction in absolute Scope 1, 2 & 3 by 2050 (Net zero target)
- 40% of Aragen suppliers from micro, small and medium enterprises (MEME)/minority groups and women entrepreneurs

During the year, Aragen has received the following global ratings/recognitions for its sustainable performance & sustainability initiatives.

- Silver medal in Ecovadis global sustainability assessment 2023 with a score of 68. Aragen is in the 91st percentile among all the companies assessed in the 2023 assessment cycle.
- Scored "B", "B-" & "C" ratings in supplier engagement, climate change, and water security in the CDP 2023 disclosure cycle.
- Aragen is listed as "ESG Warriors of India 2023" in the ESG Champions of India report released by Dun & Bradstreet

During the year, the Company has finished the following sustainability initiatives towards decarbonisation.

- 100% renewable energy in the US Facility
- Agreement with DHL for sustainable aviation fuel for outbound shipments
- Boiler fuel change from diesel to PNG at Bengaluru facility
- Replacement of a diesel vehicle with a new electric vehicle for all internal transfers within campuses in Hyderabad
- Consignments from Hyderabad and Bengaluru airports are being received through CNG vehicles to the respective sites.

Various training sessions were conducted for employees on process safety, industrial hygiene, laboratory safety, sustainability, environment management, and emergency preparedness. The training resulted in 6.0 hours per employee /year.

## **DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors has, after a review of various parameters laid down in the Company's Dividend Distribution Policy and consistent with the previous track record, recommended a final dividend of Rs. 2/- (Rupees Two) per equity share of Rs. 10/- each for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024, subject to the approval of the equity shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company ("AGM"). The Dividend amounts to a pay-out of 25.5% of the consolidated PAT of the Company and involves a cash outflow of ~Rs. 408.82 Mm. The dividend as may be declared by the shareholders, will be paid to the shareholders borne on the register of members as on the date of the AGM being the record date for the purpose.

The Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company is displayed on the Company's website: <https://www.aragen.com/our-company/investors/>.

### **Transfer to Reserves**

The directors do not propose to carry any profits to the General Reserves.

## **NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES AND LISTING**

The Company issued 2000 (two thousand) listed, rated, secured, redeemable, nonconvertible debentures of the face value of Indian Rupees One Million each, aggregating up to Rs. 2000 Mm (Indian Rupees Two thousand million) ("NCDs") and with a maturity period of three years, through private placement in February 2022. The NCDs carry an interest rate of 7.75% p.a., payable annually. The NCDs were rated 'AA minus /Stable' by CRISIL at the time of the Issue. The Company received an improved credit rating of "AA minus/Positive" for its NCDs in April and August 2023. The Company promptly paid the interest on the NCDs due in February 2023 and 2024 to the holders of the NCDs as on the Record Dates fixed for the purpose. The Company complies with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the rules thereunder, and SEBI Regulations with respect to the NCDs. Please refer to Annexure 2 for further information about the NCDs.

As per Chapter XII of the SEBI NCS Master Circular on Fundraising by the issuance of debt securities by large corporates, the Company was a Large Corporate and was to meet over a prescribed period the condition of raising a minimum of 25% of incremental borrowings in a financial year through issuance of debt securities. After the NCD issue, the Company did not raise any portion of its

incremental borrowings through debt securities as the Company's borrowing was not substantial, requiring such issuance. Further, according to the SEBI's circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-RACPOD1/P/CIR/2023/172 issued on October 19, 2023, the Company is no longer a Large Corporate with its outstanding long-term borrowings being less than Rs. 1000 Cr as on 31st March 2024, and the incremental borrowing requirement is no longer applicable.

## **SHARE CAPITAL**

As of the date of this report, the authorised share capital of the Company is Rs.2500 Mm, and the paid-up equity capital stands at Rs.204,41,41,890/- (with 20,44,14,189 shares of Rs. 10/- each), and the Options outstanding and vested are 35,11,050, details of which are given elsewhere in the report. The shares of the Company are in Demat form. M/s Kfin Technologies Limited, Hyderabad, are the Registrars and Transfer Agents of the Company.

## **AUDITORS**

M/s. B S R and Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 128510W), Auditors of the Company appointed during the year hold office until the conclusion of the AGM for the Financial Year 2027-28.

## **AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Auditors' report on the Standalone and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 does not contain any qualifications, reservations, or adverse remarks. The Auditors have not reported any frauds being committed by officers or employees of the Company, reportable or not reportable under Section 143(12) of the Act. The members may please refer to the Financial Statements for the amount of remuneration paid to the Auditors during FY24.

## **INTERNAL AUDITORS**

Protiviti India Member Private Limited, the internal auditors of the Company who were engaged initially for a term of three years till the Financial Year 2023-24, have since been reappointed for another period of three years till the Financial Year 2026-27. The internal auditors report directly to the Audit Committee of Directors. The internal auditors have been carrying out audits of various areas as per the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee of Directors and submitting their reports every quarter for review by the Audit Committee.

## **SECRETARIAL AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS**

The Secretarial Auditors of the Company, M/s. ABR Associates, Hyderabad, have submitted their audit report for the Financial Year 2023-24, which is enclosed and forms part of this report. There are no qualifications, observations, or adverse remarks in the report.

The Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and that systems are adequate and operating effectively.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company consists of three non-executive non-independent directors, three non-executive independent directors (one of whom is a woman director), and a whole-time director.

Based on their integrity, expertise, experience, and contribution being made on the Board of Directors of the Company, Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo was re-appointed as an Independent Director on the Board for the second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from April 17, 2024 and Mr. Ajay Srivastava, the existing director on the board, was designated as an Independent Director on the Board for a second term of 5 (five) years effective from 14<sup>th</sup> May 2024, both subject to the approval by the shareholders at the ensuing AGM. Accordingly, the requisite resolutions form part of the Notice of AGM. The second term of Mr. Gerhard Mayr as an Independent Director of the Company ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

Each Independent Director has confirmed to the Company that he or she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Act.

### Directors retiring by rotation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, Mr Manmahesh Kantipudi, Whole-time Director & CEO (DIN 06593325), retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his reappointment, and a resolution seeking shareholders' approval for his reappointment forms part of the Notice of AGM.

### Board evaluation

As per the provisions of the Act applicable to the Company, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee ( NRC ) / Board of Directors carried out an evaluation of the Board's performance, the board committees (Audit and NRC Committees), and individual directors for the year 2023-24 being the first year of the Company becoming a public company. The evaluation exercise was carried out through a structured questionnaire with rankings to be provided, covering various aspects i.e., size and composition of the Board, governance process, Board/Committee meetings and procedure, overall functioning of the Board, effective participation in meetings, appropriateness and timeliness of information, management independence and interaction with the Board etc. The outcome of the evaluation was noted by the Board. The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board in the absence of Independent Directors. The evaluation criteria included the time spent, the contribution made, and the independent judgments provided by them. The performance evaluation of the Non-Independent directors and the Chairperson was carried out by the Independent Directors.



## KEY GOVERNANCE POLICIES

As part of good governance, the Company adopted various policies that comply with the requirements of the Act and the applicable SEBI Regulations, such as a whistleblower policy, Risk Management Policy, Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, and Nomination and Remuneration Policy. The Company's various policies and codes of conduct are available on its website at <https://www.aragen.com/our-company/investors/>.

### Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Company's Nomination and Remuneration Policy provides a broad framework for determining qualifications, competencies, positive attributes, and independence for the appointment of a director; determining criteria for remunerating the directors, KMPs, Senior management, and other employees; recommending appropriate performance criteria for evaluation of the Board members and the management team; and establishing succession plans.

### Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Policy

The Company's CSR Policy prescribes education, healthcare, and environmental sustainability as the focus areas for its CSR activities. A CSR Committee of Directors, constituted pursuant to Section 135 of the Act and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules 2014, is in place. An annual report on the CSR activities undertaken during FY24 is enclosed in the prescribed form as Annexure 5 to this Report.

### Risk Management Policy

The Company's Risk Management Policy has been developed to better understand the Company's risk profile, help the Senior Management make informed business decisions based on the risk assessment, improve compliance with law and governance, and contribute to safeguarding the Company's value and the interest of stakeholders. Risks associated with the business of the Company, including those that may threaten the existence of the Company, were identified, and necessary steps are constantly being taken to mitigate the risks. Internal auditors conduct their audits using a risk-based approach. The Company has a Risk Management Committee of Directors.

### Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil mechanism

The Company's Whistle Blower Policy, the functioning of which is overseen by the Audit Committee of Directors, provides a secure mechanism for the Directors, employees, and other stakeholders of the Company ("Whistle Blower") to report any illegal or unethical practices and any other genuine concerns or grievances in the Company and provides for adequate safeguards against the victimisation of the Whistle Blower. The Company has not received any complaints during the year under the mechanism. No person has been denied access to the members of the Audit Committee.

Please refer to Annexure 1 for further information regarding the Company's Governance and Policies.

## KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (“KMP”)

Mr Manmahesh Kantipudi is the Whole-time Director & CEO of the Company with a term of five years ending 24<sup>th</sup> January 2028. Mr Sachin Anand Dharap is the chief financial officer, and Mr Ramakrishna Kasturi is the company secretary and compliance officer. None of these Key Managerial Personnel is related to the Promoters or the Promoters Group.

## OTHER DISCLOSURES

### Conservation of energy, technology absorption, and foreign exchange outgo and earnings

Particulars of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange outgo, and earnings required to be disclosed under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are annexed hereto as Annexure 3 and form part of this Report.

### Particulars of employees

A statement of the top ten employees drawing remuneration over the limits prescribed under the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 is annexed hereto as Annexure 4 and forms part of this Report.

### Internal Financial Controls

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, the reviews performed by the management, the periodic testing by the internal, statutory, and secretarial auditors and external consultants, including the audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting by the statutory auditors, and the periodic reviews by the audit committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Company’s internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively.

### Deposits

During the year, the Company did not accept any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.

### Loans and guarantees

The Company has not given any loans, guarantees, or provided securities or acquired securities of any other body corporate exceeding the limits specified in Section 186(2) of the Act. For the particulars of loans given, guarantees provided, and investments made during the year, please refer to Note Nos. 5 & 6 of the Company’s financial statements.

### Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return of the Company is placed on the website at <https://www.aragen.com/our-company/investors/>.

## Cost Records

The Company maintains the cost records specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act. The cost audit does not apply to the Company as its export revenue exceeds 75% of the total revenue.

## Related Party Transactions (“RPTs”)

All the contracts, arrangements, and transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties during the year were on an arms’ length basis, and there were no material RPTs during the year under review that conflicted with the interest of the Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of RPTs as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act in Form AOC-2 does not apply to the Company for FY24. A list of all the related party transactions forms part of the Financial Statements.

The Company has not entered into any transactions with related parties requiring approval of the Board/shareholders under Section 188(1) of the Act other than the lease of Bengaluru premises and sale of certain fixed assets to Aragen Biologics Private Limited (ABPL), a wholly owned subsidiary company of the Company, which were duly approved by the Board based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee of Directors. The said transactions with ABPL were to enable ABPL to set up the project as expeditiously as possible, pending certain permissions. They were on an arms’ length basis but not in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

## Others

- The number of Board meetings held during the year was Six (6).
- During the year, there have been no significant and material orders passed by the regulators, courts, or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company’s operations in the future.
- No material changes and commitments have occurred after the closure of the financial year till the date of this report, which may affect the financial position of the Company.
- No application was made during the year, or no proceedings are pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.
- No one-time settlement was made with any of the Banks or Financial Institutions.
- There were no instances of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, or strictures imposed on the Company by stock exchange(s), the Securities Exchange Board of India, or any statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years.

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

As required under Section 134 (5) of the Act, the Directors state that:

- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) Appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently with judgments and estimates made that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year 2023-24 and of the profit and loss of the Company for FY23-24;
- (c) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- (e) Proper systems are devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The Board of Directors expresses sincere gratitude and thanks all customers, bankers, vendors, and various government and other agencies for their support and cooperation. The Board of Directors also places on record its appreciation of the valued services and dedicated efforts of the Company's employees and its subsidiaries.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Aragen Life Sciences Limited

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> May 2024

Sd/-  
Davinder Singh Brar  
Chairman  
DIN: [00068502](#)

## **Annexure 1 to the Board's Report of Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

### **A BRIEF REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

With the recent changes in the Board composition, the Board of Directors of Aragen consists of three Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors, three Non-Executive Independent Directors, and one Executive Director. Independent Directors include a woman director. No director holds directorships/committee memberships/chairmanships in more than the prescribed number of companies. None of the Directors on the Board has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by SEBI, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, and/or any such authority. Mr Davinder Singh Brar, the Promoter director, is the Chairman of the Board and is non-executive. Profiles of directors on the Board are available on the Company's website: <https://www.aragen.com/our-company/leadership/>.

Through a Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Directors was entrusted with the responsibility of ensuring that the Company's Board of Directors is constituted with the right and appropriate mix of diversity, experience, and expertise and to assess from time to time the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board.

#### **Committees of the Board**

Various Board committees, viz., the Audit Committee, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the ESG and CSR Committee, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, and the Risk Management Committee, were constituted to discuss and recommend various matters to the Board periodically. The terms of reference of each committee are placed on the company's website, [www.aragen.com](http://www.aragen.com).

#### **Code of Conduct**

The Company has a Code of Conduct in place that sets out the values, rules, standards, and principles of conduct expected from the Board of Directors, including the Independent Directors and the senior management of the Company. The members of the Board and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the year ended March 31, 2024. A declaration to this effect, signed by the Whole-time Director & CEO, forms part of this report. The said declaration is enclosed as Annexure 6.

#### **Directors & Officers ("D&O") Liability Insurance**

The Company has a Directors and Officers Liability Insurance policy with a sum assured of Rs. 750 Mm, protecting all its directors, including the Independent Directors, and the officers of the Company and its subsidiary companies from claims against them that may arise due to professional actions in their capacity as directors/officers.

## KEY GOVERNANCE POLICIES

The Company has various policies that comply with the requirements of the Act and the applicable SEBI Regulations as part of good governance. Various policies and codes of conduct adopted by the Company are available on the Company's website at <https://www.aragen.com/our-company/investors/>. The following are some policies that were not highlighted in the Board's report.

### Policy concerning subsidiaries

The Company's policy on subsidiaries seeks to provide a governance framework for such subsidiaries which, *inter alia*, provide for the appointment of one Independent Director of the Company on the Board of material subsidiaries, review by the Audit Committee of Directors of the Company of financial statements of material subsidiaries; review by the Board of minutes of the Board meetings of the unlisted subsidiaries; review by the Board of all significant transactions and arrangements entered by the unlisted subsidiaries; approval by the shareholders of the Company certain matters such as the sale of shares/assets by such subsidiary and a secretarial audit of the material subsidiaries; etc.

The Company does not have any material unlisted subsidiary company with income or net worth exceeding ten per cent of the consolidated income or net worth, respectively, of the Company and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year as defined in the Policy on Subsidiaries of the Company. There were no changes in the subsidiaries during the year except for the incorporation of Aragen Biologics Private Limited as a wholly-owned subsidiary company.

The Boards of the subsidiary companies are constituted of at least one independent director of the Company, external directors, and Officers nominated by the Company. The Board of Aragen Biologics Pvt. Ltd. is comprised of two non-independent directors and is pending reconstitution.

The Audit Committee of the Board members reviewed the financial statements of the subsidiaries and significant transactions and investments made by the subsidiary companies for FY24. The minutes of the Board meetings of the subsidiaries are periodically placed before the Board of Directors of the Company.

### Policy on Related Party Transactions("RPTs")

The Company has historically adopted the practice of undertaking related party transactions only in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length as part of its philosophy of adhering to the highest ethical standards. The Company's Policy on the materiality of and dealing with RPTs lists out the matters that the Audit Committee of Directors could approve, the matters that have to be approved by the Board of Directors, and the matters that require approval of the shareholders; defines the materiality of transactions and provides exceptions for transactions such as at arm's length or in the ordinary course of business.

### Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading

As the Company's NCDs are listed, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for the Prevention of Insider Trading ("the PIT Code") in accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("PIT Regulations"). The Code applies to the promoters, members of the promoter group, all Directors, and designated employees who are expected to have access to

unpublished price-sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company Secretary is designated as the Compliance Officer to monitor adherence to the PIT Regulations. The Company has also formulated a Policy for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)' ("Fair Disclosure Policy") in compliance with the PIT Regulations. The Company complies with the PIT Regulations.

#### Policy on material events for disclosure

The Company has a policy that defines the materiality of events within the Company and its subsidiaries that may need disclosure to the stock exchange(s) where the Securities of the Company are listed. The Policy prescribes various criteria, such as qualitative and quantitative criteria, the nature of the transaction, the amounts involved in the transaction, etc., to be considered for determining the materiality thresholds for disclosure. Disclosure of all events prescribed by the Policy and the Listing Regulations that occurred during the year was made to the Stock exchange-BSE Limited.

#### Policy on the preservation of documents

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Company has a Policy on document preservation. The Policy specifies the documents that are required to be maintained and preserved in the Company, considering their importance to the organisation and stakeholders, including the Government and Regulatory bodies. It sets the standards for their maintenance and preservation.



**Annexure 2 to the Board's Report of Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

**INFORMATION ABOUT THE NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (NCDs) OF THE COMPANY**

Number of NCDs	2,000
Face value of NCD	Rs. One Million
Aggregate value of NCDs	Rs. 2000 Million
Tenor of NCDs	Three years from February 2022
Interest rate for the NCDs	7.75% per annum, payable annually
Listing of the NCDs	Listed on the stock exchange - BSE Limited
Name and full contact details of the Debenture Trustees	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited, Universal Insurance Building, Ground Floor, Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400001 Website: <a href="http://www.idbitrustee.com">http://www.idbitrustee.com</a> Tel: (022) 40807004 Contact Person: Mr Subrat Udgate, Sr. Vice President
Registrars and Transfer Agents	M/s Kfin Technologies Limited, Selenium Building, Tower-B, Plot No 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana, India - 500 032.

### Annexure 3 to the Board's Report of Aragen Life Sciences Limited

#### PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

##### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

Steps taken and impact on the conservation of energy	Overall, Aragen consumed 55 million power units in FY24. Out of these units, 7.04 million units were obtained from renewable sources. This helped the Company to reduce scope 2 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 5778 MTCO <sub>2</sub> e.
Steps taken by the Company to use alternate sources of energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7.04 million units were obtained from renewable sources (Green).</li> <li>• The US facility has operated with 100% renewable energy since February 2024.</li> <li>• An order was placed to install a 25KW rooftop solar plant at Mallapur.</li> <li>• Various initiatives were taken, such as using sustainable fuels and electric vehicles for goods movement.</li> </ul>
Capital investment in energy conservation equipment	Investments were made in installing Variable Frequency Drives, Motion sensors, Solar Streetlights, Electronically Commutated fans in AHUs, dry vacuum pumps, etc., which conserve energy.

##### CONSUMPTION PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION

Aragen provides contract research, development, and manufacturing services to its clients and manufactures various APIs and chemical compounds based on customer orders. Therefore, it is impractical to apportion the consumption and cost of utilities to each production unit.

##### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (R&D) AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

Internal R&D activities are focused on developing chemical processes for the synthesis of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Intermediates for sale in regulated/non-regulated markets. With the focused R&D efforts, the Company witnessed improved production processes and yields with lower manufacturing costs. The Company proposes to commercialise new products in the development stage.

During the year, the Company spent INR 44.54 Mm on recurring R&D, 0.31% of turnover. The Company did not spend any amount on capital items for R&D.

No technology imports were undertaken during the year, except for the proprietary technology provided by clients for their R&D services.



## EXPORTS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS, AND OUTGO

Most of the Company's earnings are in foreign exchange as most contract research, development, and manufacturing services are provided to clients overseas.

INR Million

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2023-24</b>	<b>2022-23</b>
Earnings <sup>^</sup>	13805	14078
Outgo (including for capital items & dividends) <sup>^*</sup>	2333	2982

<sup>^</sup>On receipt basis

<sup>^\*</sup>On receipt basis, investments by the Company are not included

## Annexure 5 to the Board's Report of Aragen Life Sciences Limited

### A REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024.

#### 1. Brief outline of the CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company identified the following thrust areas for CSR activities:

- i) Promoting education
- ii) Providing emergency medical care and preventive health care
- iii) Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, conservation of natural resources, promoting renewable energy sources, building waste management capabilities, and creating awareness about sustainability issues.

#### 2. Composition of the CSR Committee

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of the CSR Committee held during the year *	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year*
1.	Davinder Singh Brar	Non-independent Non-executive Chairman	1	1
2.	Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	Non-independent non-executive director	1	1
3.	Gerhard Mayr <sup>^</sup>	Independent Director	1	0

<sup>^</sup>The second term of Mr Gerhard Mayr as an Independent Director ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, and the Committee has since been reconstituted with Mr Ajay Srivastava, Independent Director, in place of Mr Gerhard Mayr.

3. Provide the web link where the Composition of the CSR committee, CSR Policy, and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company: <https://www.aragen.com/our-responsibility/corporate-social-responsibility/>.
4. Provide the executive summary along with web link (s) of the Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable: Not Applicable.
5. CSR obligation for the financial year

a. Average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: (FY21-FY23)	INR 269,68,16,667
b. Two per cent of the average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	INR 5,39,36,333
c. Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programs or activities of the previous financial years	NIL
d. Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	NIL
e. Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]	INR 5,39,36,333

6. Information on the Amount spent on CSR Projects during the year.

a. Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Projects and other than the Ongoing Projects)	INR 8,34,57,927
b. Amount spent on Administrative Overheads	NIL
c. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable	NIL
d. Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]	INR 8,34,57,927
e. CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year	
(i) Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year	INR 8,34,57,927
(ii) Total Amount Unspent	NIL
(iii) A) Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per sub-section (6) of section 135 B) Date of transfer	NIL
(iv) The amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per the second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135	NIL

f. Excess amount for set-off, if any:

S. No.	Particulars	Amount in Rs.
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two per cent of the average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	INR 5,39,36,333
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year (other than the ongoing projects of previous years)	INR 6,64,57,927
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	INR 1,25,21,594
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs of activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
(v)	The amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	INR 1,25,21,594

g. Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the Project		Amount spent on the project. (in INR).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
				State	District			Name	CSR registration number
1	Medical treatment	Promoting health care	No	New Delhi	New Delhi	5,00,000	No	Aragen Foundation	CSR00031610
2	Maintenance of Developed Green Belt in Road No. 15, IDA, Nacharam	Environmental Sustainability	Yes	Telangana	Hyderabad	27,29,754	No	Aragen Foundation	CSR00031610
3	Maintenance of Community Park, IDA Nacharam/Mallapur (Phase-I)	Environmental Sustainability	Yes	Telangana	Hyderabad	32,25,379	No	Aragen Foundation	CSR00031610
<b>Total</b>						<b>64,55,133</b>			

h. Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year.

S. No.	Particulars	Project I	Project II
1	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Environmental Sustainability	Environmental Sustainability
2	Name of the Project	Development of a minor bridge, road, and Nala in IDA, Mallapur, Road #3	Development & Beautification of Road #15, IDA Nacharam, and Development of Community Park, IDA Nacharam/IDA Mallapur - Phase 1.
3	Local area (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes
4	Location of the Project	Hyderabad, Telangana	Hyderabad, Telangana
5	Project Duration	Two years	Three years
6	The amount allocated for the project	INR 957.62 Lakhs for the entire Project. INR 5,11,85,550 for the Year.	INR 247.80 lakhs for the entire project.
7	Amount spent in the current financial Year	INR 7,28,43,635 (including an amount of INR 1,28,40,840/- of the previous year from the ongoing account of this project).	41,44,235
8	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6)	NIL	NIL
9	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	No	No
10	Implementing Agency	Aragen Foundation (CSR Registration Number CSR00031610)	Aragen Foundation (CSR Registration Number CSR00031610)

**7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years**

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>
Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s).	The amount transferred to the Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in INR)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the Financial Year (in INR).	The amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per the second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135, if any.		The amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in INR)	Deficiency, if any
					Amount (in Rs)	Date of Transfer		
1	2020-21	0	0	6,35,33,626	33,40,523 (PM Cares Fund)	24-Sep-2021	0	
2	2021-22	2,06,29,565	0	63,89,035	0	0	2,06,29,565	
3	2022-23	1,70,00,000	0	4,35,48,290	0	0	1,70,00,000	
4	2023-24	0	0	8,34,57,927	0	0	0	

**8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: **NO****

**9. Specify the reason(s) if the Company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of section 135: Not Applicable.**

**10. The Committee is satisfied, and the Company's Chief Financial Officer confirms and certifies that the funds earmarked for the CSR projects were adequately utilised for the approved projects.**

Sd/-  
(Sachin Anand Dharap)  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-  
(Manmahesh Kantipudi)  
Whole-time Director & CEO

Sd/-  
(Davinder Singh Brar)  
Chairman - ESG & CSR Committee





**Annexure 6**  
To the Board's Report

**Declaration by the CEO confirming compliance by the Board of Directors and Senior Management personnel with the Code of Conduct**

I declare that the Senior Management Team and the Members of the Board of the Company have, in respect of the financial year ended March 31, 2024, affirmed compliance with the "Code of Conduct of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management" laid down by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Sd/-  
(Manmahesh Kantipudi)  
Whole-time Director & CEO  
DIN:05241166

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> May 2024



## Annexure 7 to the Board's Report of Aragen Life Sciences Limited

Form AOC-1 (Pursuant to the first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

### STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES OR JOINT VENTURES (2023-24)

#### Part A: Subsidiaries

(Rs.in Millions)

S. No.	Name of the subsidiary	The date since when the subsidiary was acquired/Incorporated.	The reporting period for the subsidiary concerned	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as of the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Share capital	Reserves and surplus	Total assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	Profit before taxation	Provision for taxation	Profit after taxation	Proposed Dividend	The extent of shareholding (in percentage)
1.	Aragen Bioscience Inc.	19 <sup>th</sup> July 2016	01-Apr-2023 to 31-Mar-2024	USD 83.37	0.02	(154.53)	937.63	1,092.11	-	1,678.94	(307.93)	-	(307.93)	-	100%
2.	Aragen Life Sciences B.V.	28 <sup>th</sup> June 2013		EUR 90.22	26.41	(4.52)	33.63	11.75	-	138.75	8.60	-	8.60	-	100%
3.	Intox Private Limited	13 <sup>th</sup> December 2021		INR	7.60	744.95	867.76	115.21	0.03	570.45	116.99	34.27	82.72	-	76%
4.	Aragen Biologics Private Limited	21 <sup>st</sup> June 2023		INR	200.00	(20.03)	658.08	478.11	-	2.83	(24.69)	(4.38)	(20.32)	-	100%
5.	Aragen Foundation	21 <sup>st</sup> December 2021		INR	0.10	(0.50)	-	0.40	-	79.30	(0.40)	-	(0.40)	-	100%

#### Part B: Associates and Joint Ventures: NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

Sd/-

Davinder Singh Brar  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-

Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-

Manmahesh Kantipudi  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166

Sd/-

Sachin Anand Dharap  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

K Ramakrishna  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: F3865

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> May 2024



**FORM NO. MR-3**

**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

For the Financial Year 2023-24

To,

The Members,

**M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES LIMITED**

Plot 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad-500076. Telangana.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES LIMITED** (hereinafter called "**the Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us with a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the **M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents, and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

1. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by "the Company" for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 according to the provisions of:
  - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
  - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
  - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder.
  - (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment, and External Commercial Borrowings;



- (v) The Industry-specific Acts, Labour and other applicable laws applicable to the Company as provided by the management of the Company in their management representation letter;
- (vi) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 - **Not Applicable.**
  - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
  - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018– **Not Applicable.**
  - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share based employee benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021– **Complied to the extent of ESOP Schemes of the Company.**
  - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue and listing of non-convertible securities) Regulations, 2021.
  - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
  - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with the client; – **Not Applicable.**
  - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 – **Not Applicable.**
  - i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998– **Not Applicable.**
  - j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 – **to the extent applicable.**

2. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards (SS-1 & SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India which were notified and effective from 1<sup>st</sup> July 2015.

(ii) Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited with respect to the listing of its non-convertible debentures.

(iii) Debenture Trust Deed entered into by the Company with the Debenture Trustees of Listed Non-Convertible Debentures of the Company, IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited.



3. During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, and Guidelines made thereunder.
4. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with the proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and a Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. The Board's composition complies with the provisions of the Act.
5. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board/Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decisions of the Board and Committees thereof were carried out with the requisite majority and recorded in the minutes of the respective meetings.

6. We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.
7. We further report that, during the audit period
  - i. During the year under review, due to not receipt of disclosure of independence from Mr. Ajay Srivastava, the Board treated him as a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company at their meeting held on 25th April 2023.
  - ii. During the financial year 2022-23, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to a Public Limited Company, Mr. Gerhard Mayr, Dr. Robert Richard Ruffolo and Ms. Anita Ramachandran, the existing directors on the Board, were designated as Independent Directors and their term and remuneration were determined, subject to the approval by the shareholders, and the shareholders of the Company have provided their approval to these matters at the Annual General Meeting held on 6th July 2023.
  - iii. During the year under review, the second term of Mr Gerhard Mayr as an Independent Director of the Company ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

Post the year under review, Dr Robert Richard Ruffolo was re-appointed as an Independent Director on the Board for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from April 17, 2024 and based on the declaration of independence given for FY-25 by Mr Ajay Srivastava, the existing director, the Board designated him as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the Board for a second term of 5 (five)



# ABR & ASSOCIATES

## Company Secretaries

B-41/ A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor,  
Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38.  
Ph. No: 9291516984.  
E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

years effective from 14<sup>th</sup> May 2024, both subject to the approval by the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

- iv. During the year, the Company altered its Articles of Association (Article 127(a) substituted with new article), at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 6<sup>th</sup> July 2023 and the Company has not altered its Memorandum of Association during the year.

For **ABR & ASSOCIATES**  
**Company Secretaries**

Sd/-

**(A. BHIMESWARA RAO)**

Proprietor

M. No. ACS-35521: C.P No.13380.

**ICSI UDIN: A035521F000409917**

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 21.05.2024

**Note:** This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE-A' and forms an integral part of this report



**'ANNEXURE-A'**

To,  
The Members,  
**M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES LIMITED.**  
Plot 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad-500076. TG.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our Audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on a test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules, and regulations and the happening of events, etc.
5. The compliance with the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, and standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **ABR & ASSOCIATES**  
**Company Secretaries**

Sd/-

**(A. BHIMESWARA RAO)**

Proprietor

M. No. ACS-35521: C.P No.13380.

**ICSI UDIN: A035521F000409917**

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 21.05.2024



## Independent Auditor's Report

**To the Members of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) (the "Company") and its Employee welfare trust which comprise the standalone balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), standalone statement of changes in equity and standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Revenue Recognition - Existence

See Note 2(a) and Note 19 to standalone financial statements

#### The key audit matter

The Company's revenue is derived from contract research, development and manufacturing activities. We have identified

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Evaluated the Company's revenue recognition

Principal Office:

14th Floor, Central B Wing and North C Wing, Nesco IT Park 4, Nesco Center,  
 Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400063

**Independent Auditor’s Report (Continued)**

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**

<p>recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because of the following:</p> <p>Revenue is a key performance indicator for the Company. There could be pressure on Management to meet expectations of investors/ other stakeholders.</p> <p>Accordingly, there is a risk of fraud related to revenue being overstated by recognition in the wrong accounting period or being recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.</p>	<p>accounting policies and compliance with applicable accounting standards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to revenue recognition on selected samples and tested operating effectiveness of such controls.</li> <li>• Performed substantive testing using statistical sampling on revenue transactions recorded during the year by checking the underlying documents such as invoice, sales contracts, shipping documents to test evidence for satisfaction of the criteria for recognition of revenue during the year.</li> <li>• Test checked significant manual journals posted to revenue to identify any unusual items and sought explanations from Management.</li> <li>• Test checked sales transactions near to year-end and post year-end as well as credit notes issued post year-end to determine whether the revenue recognition during the year is appropriate.</li> <li>• Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the standalone financial statements.</li> </ul>
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**Assessment of Recoverability of the Carrying value of Investments in Subsidiaries**

See Note 2(h) and Note 5 to standalone financial statements

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>As at 31 March 2024, the Company is carrying investment in subsidiaries amounting to INR 1,787.58 million.</p> <p>These investments are evaluated at the end of each reporting period by Management to determine any indicators of impairment. Based on factors considered, where such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined by Management and is recognized in accordance with note 2(g) of accounting policies to the standalone financial statements.</p> <p>We identified the assessment of recoverability of the carrying value of investment in subsidiaries as a key audit matter considering the following:</p>	<p>We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to Company’s assessment of impairment analysis. Tested the operating effectiveness of these controls.</li> <li>• Performed a retrospective comparison of prior period cash flow forecasts to actual performance.</li> <li>• Challenged the key assumptions used by Management in the impairment assessment, specifically in relation to forecasted revenue, margins, terminal growth and discount rates with the assistance of our valuation specialists.</li> <li>• Performed a sensitivity analysis on the outcome of</li> </ul>

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The significance of the value of these investments in the standalone financial statements.</li> <li>• The inherent complexity in auditing the forward-looking assumptions applied to determine recoverable value given the significant Management judgements involved. The key assumptions in the cash flow models include the forecasted revenue, forecasted margins, terminal growth and discount rates.</li> </ul>	<p>impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the standalone financial statements, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.</li> </ul>
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#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Directors' report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's and Board of Directors'/Board of Trustees' Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies/Board of Trustees of the Employee welfare trust ("Trust") are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company/ Trust and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors/Board of Trustees are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company/ Trust to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors/Board of Trustees either intends to liquidate the Company/ Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors/Board of Trustees are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company/ Trust.

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of standalone financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2 A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matter stated in the paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - c. The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 01 April 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f. the modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2A(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - a. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 34 to the standalone financial statements.
  - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company..
  - d (i) The management of the Company represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 42(vi) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (ii) The management of the Company represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 42(vii) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding

**Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)**

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**

Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
- e. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year, in respect of the same declared for the previous year, is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

As stated in Note 13 to the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

- f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled (i) at the database level to log any direct data changes and (ii) at the application level for certain fields / tables relating to all significant processes of the Company. Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

- C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Company is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For **B S R and Co**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad

Membership No.: 125710

Date: 23 May 2024

ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNS6769



**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor’s Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024**

**(Referred to in paragraph 1 under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)**

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment, right of use assets, and non-current assets held for sale.
- (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (i) (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all the property, plant and equipment are verified once in three years. In accordance with this programme, property, plant and equipment were verified during the year except for property, plant and equipment located at Hyderabad. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leases agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company, except for the following which are not held in the name of the Company:

<b>Descripti on of property</b>	<b>Gross carrying value (in INR Million)</b>	<b>Held in the name of</b>	<b>Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee</b>	<b>Period held- indicate range, where appropriate</b>	<b>Reason for not being held in the name of the Company. Also indicate if in dispute</b>
Freehold land	47.95	Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation	No	2007	Land allotted pursuant to agreement for sale which is pending registration in the name of the Company.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventory, except stocks lying with third parties, has been physically verified by the management during the year. For stocks lying with third parties at the year-end, written confirmations have been obtained. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not provided any security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has made investments (including deemed investments) and provided guarantee to Companies during the year in respect of which the requisite information is as below. The Company has not made any investments or provided any guarantee to firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- (a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us the Company has provided guarantee as below:

Particulars	Guarantees (in INR million)
Aggregate amount during the year Subsidiaries*	125.06
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date Subsidiaries*	583.62

*\*As per the Companies Act, 2013*

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the guarantees provided during the year and the terms and conditions of the guarantees provided during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) The Company has not given any loans or any advance in the nature of loans. Accordingly, clause 3(iii)(c), (d), (e) and (f) are not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, in respect of investments made and guarantees given by the Company, in our opinion the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") have been complied with.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its manufactured goods and services provided by it and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether these are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination



**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

of the records of the Company, in our opinion amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (In INR million)	Amount paid under protest (In INR million)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	16.44	-	AY 2005-06	High Court of Judicature at Hyderabad for the State of Telangana and the State of Andhra Pradesh
		36.91	-	AY 2006-07	
		85.60	-	AY 2008-09	
		59.80	-	AY 2009-10	
		126.02	-	AY 2010-11	
		101.81	-	AY 2011-12	
		132.55	-	AY 2012-13	
		155.74	-	AY 2013-14	
		220.32	-	AY 2014-15	
		218.28	19.39	AY 2015-16	Commissioner of Income Tax

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (In INR million)	Amount paid under protest (In INR million)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
		28.06	5.61	AY 2016-17	(Appeals)
		48.56	10.09	AY 2017-18	
		0.50	-	AY 2017-18	Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax
Finance Act, 1994	Service tax	1.89	0.19	FY 2016-17	Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal
Central Sales tax, 1956	Sales Tax	1.76	0.82	FY 2016-17	VAT Tribunal
Customs Act 1962	Customs duty	9.27	7.50	FY 2013-14 to FY 2017-18	Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	5.25	0.40	FY 2017-18	Assistant Commissioner of Central Tax
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	118.58	11.73	FY 2017-18 to FY 2019-20	Commissioner of Customs & Indirect Taxes (Appeals)
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	9.63	0.96	FY 2017-18	GST Appellate Authority
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	35.51	-	FY 2018-19	Additional Commissioner
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	GST	3.14	-	FY 2018-19	Assistant Commissioner

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans and borrowing or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Act.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act).
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Company is not part of any group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended). Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For **B S R and Co**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

Membership No.: 125710

ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNS6769

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024**

**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act**

**(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)**

**Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

**Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (Formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **B S R and Co**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

Membership No.: 125710

ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNS6769

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	3	9,368.86	9,383.10
Capital work-in-progress	3	2,956.94	1,647.21
Other intangible assets	4	108.74	28.62
Right-of-use assets	3A	470.88	320.71
Financial assets			
- Investments	5	1,787.58	2,523.52
- Other financial assets	7	124.79	185.00
Deferred tax assets (net)	27	105.76	104.65
Other Income tax assets (net)	27	198.92	181.25
Other non-current assets	11	32.29	85.08
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>15,154.76</b>	<b>14,459.14</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	8	691.10	624.50
Financial assets			
- Trade receivables	9	3,186.66	2,859.91
- Cash and cash equivalents	10A	976.80	356.93
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	10B	556.23	825.08
- Loans	6	-	41.08
- Other financial assets	7	443.39	79.57
Other current assets	11	887.76	984.22
		<b>6,741.94</b>	<b>5,771.29</b>
Assets held for sale	3B	1,139.22	-
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>7,881.16</b>	<b>5,771.29</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>23,035.92</b>	<b>20,230.43</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	12	2,044.14	2,044.14
Other equity	13	11,727.60	10,128.78
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>13,771.74</b>	<b>12,172.92</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	14	1,809.38	3,558.92
- Lease liabilities	3A	247.59	110.79
Provisions	15	247.24	198.23
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>2,304.21</b>	<b>3,867.94</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	14	4,195.10	1,422.27
- Lease liabilities	3A	86.03	73.49
- Trade payables	16		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		219.06	120.91
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		904.63	969.50
- Other financial liabilities	17	853.29	1,086.29
Other current liabilities	18	487.60	289.86
Provisions	15	136.05	109.37
Current tax liabilities (net)	27	78.21	117.88
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>6,959.97</b>	<b>4,189.57</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>9,264.18</b>	<b>8,057.51</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>23,035.92</b>	<b>20,230.43</b>
Company overview & Material accounting policies	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our Report of even date attached  
For **B S R and Co**  
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**  
(formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Davinder Singh Brar**  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-

**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-

**K Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary  
M.No.: F3865

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**  
Partner  
Membership No. 125710

Sd/-

**Sachin Anand Dharap**  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

**Manmahesh Kantipudi**  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024



**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue from operations	19	14,602.08	15,599.65
Other income	20	196.25	213.62
<b>Total income</b>		<b>14,798.33</b>	<b>15,813.27</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Cost of materials consumed	21	1,432.44	1,684.64
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	22	(67.44)	321.52
Employee benefits expense	23	4,034.52	3,711.32
Finance costs	24	286.11	369.76
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25	1,607.32	1,409.88
Other expenses	26	4,988.19	4,967.03
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>12,281.14</b>	<b>12,464.15</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>2,517.19</b>	<b>3,349.12</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>			
(a) Current tax	27	675.90	903.05
(b) Deferred tax	27	(46.37)	(73.12)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>629.53</b>	<b>829.93</b>
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>1,887.66</b>	<b>2,519.19</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income/ (loss)</b>			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans		(13.91)	(33.45)
Income-tax effect on above		3.50	8.29
<i>Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		193.73	(287.96)
Income-tax effect on effective portion of cashflow hedge		(48.76)	72.47
<b>Total other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax</b>		<b>134.56</b>	<b>(240.65)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>2,022.22</b>	<b>2,278.54</b>
<b>Earnings per share (EPS)</b>			
(a) Basic	28	9.34	12.47
(b) Diluted	28	9.21	12.31
Company overview & Material accounting policies	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our Report of even date attached

For **B S R and Co**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

Partner

Membership No. 125710

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

(formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Davinder Singh Brar**

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

Sd/-

**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**

Director

DIN: 06593325

Sd/-

**K Ramakrishna**

Company Secretary

M.No.: F3865

Sd/-

**Sachin Anand Dharap**

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

**Manmahesh Kantipudi**

Whole-time Director &amp; Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**(a) Equity share capital**

	Number	Amount
<b>Balance As at 01 April 2023</b>	204,414,189	2,044.14
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance as at 01 April 2023	204,414,189	2,044
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
<b>Balance As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>
<b>Balance As at 01 April 2022</b>	68,138,063	681.38
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance as at 01 April 2023	68,138,063	681
Issued during the year	136,276,126	1,362.76
<b>Balance As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>

**(b) Other equity (refer note 13)**

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus								Other comprehensive income	Total other equity
	Securities premium	Treasury shares	Capital reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Debt redemption reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Share based payment reserve	Effective portion of cashflow hedge	
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	-	(146.87)	(462.02)	-	10,471.47	200.00	-	173.86	(107.66)	10,128.78
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	1,887.66	-	-	-	-	1,887.66
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(10.41)	-	-	-	144.97	134.56
Employee stock compensation expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.14	-	95.14
Contribution towards employees of Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.80	-	16.80
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(535.34)	-	-	-	-	(535.34)
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2024</b>	-	(146.87)	(462.02)	-	11,813.38	200.00	-	285.80	37.31	11,727.60
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	391.33	(143.80)	(462.02)	211.05	9,319.11	200.00	3.36	121.66	107.83	9,748.52
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,519.19	-	-	-	-	2,519.19
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(25.16)	-	-	-	(215.49)	(240.65)
Employee stock compensation expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49.01	-	49.01
Contribution towards employees of Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.19	-	3.19
On account of consolidation of Aragen Employee Welfare Trust	-	(3.07)	-	-	12.64	-	-	-	-	9.57
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(597.29)	-	-	-	-	(597.29)
Utilised for bonus issue	(391.33)	-	-	(211.05)	(757.02)	-	(3.36)	-	-	(1,362.76)
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	-	(146.87)	(462.02)	-	10,471.47	200.00	-	173.86	(107.66)	10,128.78

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our Report of even date attached

For **B S R and Co**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

Partner

Membership No. 125710

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

(formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Davinder Singh Brar**

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

Sd/-

**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**

Director

DIN: 06593325

Sd/-

**K Ramakrishna**

Company Secretary

M.No.: F3865

Sd/-

**Sachin Anand Dharap**

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

**Manmahesh Kantipudi**

Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
Profit before tax	2,517.19	3,349.12
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,607.32	1,409.88
Interest income	(51.17)	(101.93)
Liabilities no longer required written back	(19.06)	(41.13)
Interest expense	286.11	369.76
Employee stock compensation expense	95.14	49.01
Unrealised foreign exchange fluctuation loss/(gain)	(62.73)	48.22
Loss/(gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(3.99)	0.44
Loss allowance/ reversal on receivables	(7.55)	86.28
Financial guarantee income	(4.78)	(3.12)
<b>Adjustments for working capital</b>		
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(66.60)	334.89
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	(274.25)	(976.38)
Decrease/(Increase) in other financial assets	(380.92)	(10.15)
Decrease/(Increase) in other current assets	130.69	(285.70)
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	51.33	(167.19)
(Decrease)/Increase in other current financial liabilities	100.46	(243.95)
(Decrease)/Increase in provisions	61.78	57.23
(Decrease)/Increase in other current liabilities	197.74	(299.73)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>4,176.71</b>	<b>3,575.55</b>
Income-tax paid	(733.24)	(819.99)
<b>Net cash flow generated from operating activities</b>	<b>3,443.47</b>	<b>2,755.56</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, Capital work in progress and movement in Capital advances and Capital creditors	(3,110.49)	(3,636.18)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	5.35	0.05
Redemption of margin money deposits	-	0.36
(Investment in)/redemption of fixed deposits, net	347.18	787.21
Loans repaid by related parties	41.08	-
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(496.95)
Investment in subsidiaries	(200.00)	-
Finance and interest income received	55.95	101.47
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(2,860.93)</b>	<b>(3,244.04)</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,000.00	-
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(821.39)	(405.89)
Payment of lease liabilities	(92.76)	(100.33)
Payment of dividend	(535.34)	(597.29)
Proceeds/(Repayment) from short-term borrowings, net	872.40	198.43
Finance cost paid	(385.58)	(334.49)
<b>Net cash flow (used in)/generated from financing activities</b>	<b>37.33</b>	<b>(1,239.57)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>619.87</b>	<b>(1,728.05)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	356.93	2,071.94
Cash and cash equivalents on account of consolidation of Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	-	13.04
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>976.80</b>	<b>356.93</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents comprise</b>		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	186.75	356.65
Fixed deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	790.00	0.17
Cash on hand	0.05	0.11
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year</b>	<b>976.80</b>	<b>356.93</b>

Refer note 14 for Reconciliation of Liabilities from Financing Activities.  
The notes referred to above form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our Report of even date attached

For **B S R and Co**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

Partner

Membership No. 125710

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**

(formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Davinder Singh Brar**

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

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Company Secretary

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**Sachin Anand Dharap**

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

**Manmahesh Kantipudi**

Whole-time Director &amp; Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**Company overview**

Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) ("the Company"), is a Company incorporated in the year 2000 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is primarily engaged in providing contract research and development services to global Pharmaceutical and Biotechnology companies. The Company's headquarter is located at 28 A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad, Telangana 500076, India.

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Directors of the Company on 25 January 2023 and approved by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 January 2023, the Company has been converted from a Private Limited Company to a Public Limited Company and the Company ceased to be Private company as per Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has obtained a fresh certificate of incorporation dated 28 March 2023 consequent to conversion of the Company from the Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

**1. Basis of Preparation**

**(a) Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ('the Rules') (as amended).

The standalone financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 23 May 2024.

**(b) Basis of measurement**

The standalone financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for the following items, which are measured on alternate basis on each reporting date:

<b>Item Basis</b>	<b>Measurement</b>
Derivative Financial instruments	Fair Value
Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability	Fair Value
Equity securities at FVTPL	Fair Value

**(c) Current versus non-current classification:**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company's normal operating cycle is twelve months.

**(d) Foreign currencies:**

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the company's functional currency.

All the amounts have been rounded to the nearest millions.

*Initial recognition*

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

#### *Conversion*

Foreign currency monetary items are reported at year-end rates. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

#### *Exchange differences*

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of foreign currency monetary items or on reporting monetary items of the Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

#### **(e) Fair value measurement:**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the revised financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For changes that have occurred between levels in the hierarchy during the year, the Company re-assesses categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

#### **(f) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions:**

##### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements:

##### **Leases**

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

##### **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation of uncertainty as at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are: The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

## **Taxes**

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

## **Fair value measurement of financial instruments**

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements includes consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

## **Share-based payments**

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 12.

## **Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost. Company has a policy of providing loss allowance for trade receivables which are aged for more than 180 days. Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.

## **Impairment of non-financial assets**

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the forecast for future years. These do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. These estimates are most relevant to other intangibles with indefinite useful lives recognized by the Company.

## **Revenue recognition**

The Company's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. The Company assesses the products/services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives.

The Company uses judgement to determine an appropriate standalone selling price for a performance obligation. The company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct product or service promised in the contract. Where standalone selling price is not observable, the company uses the expected cost plus margin approach to allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation.

The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

## **2. Material Accounting policies**

### **(a) Revenue from contracts with customers**

#### **Contract research services and Pharmaceutical Products Sales**

The Company derives revenues primarily from Contract research services and Pharmaceutical Products Sales. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services or compounds to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those services or compounds.

Arrangement with customers for Contract research services and pharmaceutical products sales are either on a time-and-material basis, fixed price or on a sale of compounds.

In respect of contracts involving research services, in case of 'time and materials' contracts, contract research fee are recognised as services are rendered, in accordance with the terms of the contracts.

Revenues relating to fixed price contracts are recognised based on the percentage of completion method determined based on efforts expended as a proportion to total estimated efforts. The Company monitors estimates of total contract revenue and cost on a routine basis throughout the contract period. The cumulative impact of any change in estimates of the contract revenue or costs is reflected in the period in which the changes become known. In the event that a loss is anticipated on a particular contract, provision is made for the estimated loss.

In respect of contracts involving sale of compounds arising out of contract research, revenue is recognised when a promise in a customer contract (performance obligation) has been satisfied by transferring control over the promised goods to the customer. Control over a promised good refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, those goods. Control is usually transferred upon shipment, delivery to, upon receipt of goods by the customer, in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed with the customers. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, excluding amounts collected on behalf of government such as goods and services tax or any other taxes directly linked to sales. If a contract contains more than one performance obligation, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. Revenue from product sales are recorded net of allowances for estimated rebates, cash discounts and estimates of product returns, all of which are established at the time of sale.

The consideration received by the Company in exchange for its goods may be fixed or variable. Variable consideration is only recognised when it is considered highly probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the underlying uncertainty related to variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At contract inception, since for most of the contracts it is expected that the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to a customer and payment for these goods or services by the customer will be one year or less, practical expedient in Ind AS 115 have been applied and accordingly the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of any significant financing component.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Contract liabilities are recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer on receipt of payment.

### **(b) Other Income**

#### **Dividends**

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

#### **Interest Income**

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

### **(c) Taxes**

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

#### **Current income tax**

Income tax expense is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Provision for income tax includes the impact of provisions established for uncertain income tax positions. Tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

**(d) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and specific grant/subsidies, if any. Cost comprise of purchase price, freight, non-refundable taxes and duties, specified foreign exchange gains or losses and any other cost attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalised. Indirect expenditure is capitalised to the extent those relate to the construction activity or is incidental thereto. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

The Company adopted cost model as its accounting policy, in recognition of the property, plant and equipment and recognises transaction value as the cost.

Direct expenditure incurred and other attributable costs on projects under implementation are treated as unallocated capital expenditure pending allocation to the assets and under construction or in the process of installation are termed as Capital work-in-progress and shown at cost in the Balance Sheet.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of a fixed asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

**Transition to Ind AS**

The cost property, plant and equipment at 1 April 2015, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost), as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

**Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

**Depreciation on property, plant and equipment**

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as estimated by the management. Depreciation on additions/(disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from/ (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use/ (disposed off). Management has assessed the useful life of its property, plant and equipment on the basis of technical expert advice and past experience in the industry. The details of useful lives as assessed by the management and as prescribed in the Schedule II of The Companies Act, 2013 is as follows.

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Management estimate (No. of years)</b>	<b>Schedule II (No. of years)</b>
Buildings (Including Roads)	10- 30 Years	10- 30 Years
Laboratory equipment	7 Years	10 Years
Plant and machinery	20 Years	20 Years
Computer and related equipment	3 - 4 Years	3 - 6 Years
Office equipment	5 - 10 Years	5 - 10 Years
Furniture and fixtures	10 Years	10 Years
Vehicles	8 Years	8 Years



Leasehold improvements are depreciated on straight-line method over the balance lease period or the useful lives as determined by management, whichever is lower.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

#### **(e) Intangible assets**

*Software licenses including computer software*

Intangible assets in the nature of software licenses are measured on initial recognition at cost including expenditure incurred towards implementation of such software. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

*Amortization*

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life.

Amortization method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year and adjusted if appropriate.

#### **(f) Leases**

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

##### **As a lessee**

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately in the Balance sheet.

*Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets*

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

### **As a lessor**

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for a major part of the economic life of the asset.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'other income'.

### **(g) Inventories**

Raw material in the nature of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are carried at cost. Cost includes purchase price, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the Company from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the Material cost, Actual cost is used in-case of raw materials for manufacturing activities and moving average cost method is used in all other cases. The carrying cost of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are appropriately written down when there is a decline in replacement cost of such materials and final services in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold below cost.

Cost of work-in-progress includes cost of material consumed, labor and manufacturing overheads.

Finished goods are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale.

The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-Item basis.

### **(h) Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company assesses at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Company extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

### **(i) Contingent liabilities**

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements but disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the company recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

**(j) Retirement and other employee benefits**

*Short-term employee benefits*

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

*Defined contribution plans*

The Company's contribution towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme is considered as a defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered Provident Fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

*Defined benefit plans*

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

*Gratuity*

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The contributions made to the fund are recognised as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognised in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognised in the other comprehensive income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

*Compensated absences*

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets, if any out of which the obligations are expected to be settled. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

**(k) Share based payments**

The Company measures compensation cost relating to share-based payments using the fair valuation method in accordance with Ind AS 102 (Share Based Payment). Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model (Black-Scholes valuation model). That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures materially differ from those estimates.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

## **(I) Financial instruments**

### **A. Financial assets**

#### **Initial recognition and measurement**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liabilities is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### **Subsequent measurement**

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Debt instruments
- Equity instruments

#### **Debt instruments**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met: a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer to Note 9.

#### **Equity instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. The Company has made investment in equity instruments of its subsidiaries, the same has been accounted for at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27.

#### **Derecognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement.

#### **Offsetting**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting**

The Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The Company designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

At inception of designated hedging relationships, the Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

### **Cash flow hedges**

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in other equity under 'effective portion of cash flow hedges'. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is recognized in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains there until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

### **Impairment of financial assets**

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit and loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further, the Company estimates full provision for all the amounts which the management estimates that they are not recoverable.

The ECL loss allowance (or reversal) during the year is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

## **B. Financial liabilities**

### **Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

### **Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

### **Loans and borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some of all the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to borrowings. For more information, refer Note 14.

### **Financial guarantee contracts**

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

As guarantees in relation to loans and other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

### **Derecognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

### **Reclassification of financial assets**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

### **(m) Treasury shares:**

The Company has created a Aragen Employees Welfare Trust (*formerly GVK Bio Employees Welfare Trust*) ("Trust") for providing share-based payment to its employees. The company uses the Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The Trust buys shares of the company from the employees, for future grants to employees in pursuant to the Employee Stock Option Scheme. The company treats the Trust as its extension and shares held by the Trust are treated as treasury shares. Those equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity of the Company. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognized in reserve. Share options exercised during the reporting period are satisfied with treasury shares.

### **(n) Cash and cash equivalents:**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

**(o) Cash dividend and non-cash distribution to equity holders of the company**

The Company recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

**(p) Investments**

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on individual investment basis.

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost (net of impairment, if any) annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

**(q) Earnings per equity share**

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

**(r) Statement of Cash flows**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

**(s) Government grants**

The Company recognises Government grants only at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the grants will be received. Government grants received in relation to assets are recognised as deferred income and amortised over the useful life of such asset. Grants related to income are recognised in statement of profit and loss as other operating revenues or deducted in reporting the related expense based on the terms of the grant, as applicable.

**(t) Assets held for Sale**

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as 'held for sale' when all the following criteria are met: (i) decision has been made to sell, (ii) the assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, (iii) the assets are being actively marketed and (iv) sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the Balance Sheet date.

**(u) Changes in Material accounting policies**

**Material accounting policy information**

The Company adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to Ind AS 1) from 01 April 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes in the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

**(v) Recent pronouncements**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress**

**Reconciliation of Carrying amount**

	Land (refer note (i))	Buildings*	Plant & Machinery	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computer and related equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
<b>Gross block</b>										
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>151.22</b>	<b>2,504.24</b>	<b>1,449.93</b>	<b>6,315.02</b>	<b>584.54</b>	<b>6.39</b>	<b>1,212.08</b>	<b>244.07</b>	<b>24.06</b>	<b>12,491.55</b>
Additions during the year	-	141.19	184.28	1,723.28	86.76	1.45	191.92	89.98	-	2,418.86
Adjustments/Disposals	-	-	(7.95)	(2.82)	-	-	-	-	-	(10.77)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>151.22</b>	<b>2,645.43</b>	<b>1,626.26</b>	<b>8,035.48</b>	<b>671.30</b>	<b>7.84</b>	<b>1,404.00</b>	<b>334.05</b>	<b>24.06</b>	<b>14,899.64</b>
Additions during the year	60.78	191.28	281.97	647.75	73.95	1.43	165.52	77.97	-	1,500.65
Adjustments/Disposals	-	-	(24.19)	(2.41)	(0.23)	-	(6.48)	(3.77)	-	(37.08)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>212.00</b>	<b>2,836.71</b>	<b>1,884.04</b>	<b>8,680.82</b>	<b>745.02</b>	<b>9.27</b>	<b>1,563.03</b>	<b>408.25</b>	<b>24.06</b>	<b>16,363.21</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>										
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	-	<b>363.74</b>	<b>367.91</b>	<b>2,619.14</b>	<b>212.17</b>	<b>2.29</b>	<b>483.01</b>	<b>145.28</b>	<b>17.96</b>	<b>4,211.50</b>
Charge for the year	-	92.50	82.41	878.32	59.61	0.69	139.60	56.53	2.81	1,312.47
Adjustments or disposals	-	-	(5.69)	(1.74)	-	-	-	-	-	(7.43)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	-	<b>456.24</b>	<b>444.63</b>	<b>3,495.72</b>	<b>271.78</b>	<b>2.98</b>	<b>622.61</b>	<b>201.81</b>	<b>20.77</b>	<b>5,516.54</b>
Charge for the year	-	104.38	117.27	996.66	63.83	0.81	158.01	70.99	1.58	1,513.53
Adjustments or disposals	-	-	(24.19)	(1.36)	(0.23)	-	(6.21)	(3.74)	-	(35.72)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	-	<b>560.62</b>	<b>537.71</b>	<b>4,491.02</b>	<b>335.38</b>	<b>3.79</b>	<b>774.41</b>	<b>269.06</b>	<b>22.35</b>	<b>6,994.35</b>
<b>Net block as at</b>										
<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>212.00</b>	<b>2,276.09</b>	<b>1,346.33</b>	<b>4,189.80</b>	<b>409.64</b>	<b>5.48</b>	<b>788.62</b>	<b>139.19</b>	<b>1.71</b>	<b>9,368.86</b>
31 March 2023	151.22	2,189.19	1,181.63	4,539.76	399.52	4.86	781.39	132.24	3.29	9,383.10

**Note (i):**

^ Includes Land amounting to ₹ 47.95 (31 March 2023: ₹ 47.95) allotted to the Company pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited (formerly Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited), which is pending registration as at 31 March 2024.

Further Land amounting to ₹ 47.64 which was pending for registration in the name of the Company as at 31 March 2023, is transferred in the name of the Company by Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board during the year.

\* Includes an amount of ₹ 61.72 (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil) which are subjected to operating lease given by the Company.



**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress**

**Title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Company**

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Property, Plant and Equipment	
Description of item of property	Land	
Gross carrying value	47.95	95.59
Title deeds held in the name of	Refer Note (i) above	
Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	No	
Reason for not being held in the name of the Company	Refer Note (i) above	

**Capital work-in-progress:**

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) comprises expenditure for the building, plant and machinery, laboratory and electrical equipment in the course of construction. The balance of CWIP as at 31 March 2024 is ₹2,956.94 (31 March 2023: ₹1,647.21). The balance of expenditure during construction period pending capitalisation as at 31 March 2024 is ₹ 202.09 (31 March 2023: ₹14.79).

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,647.21	281.63
Less: Capitalised during the year	(1,633.90)	(2,437.48)
Add: Additions to CWIP during the year	3,435.05	3,803.06
Less: Transferred to subsidiary	(299.15)	-
Less: Transferred to Asset held for sale	(192.27)	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,956.94</b>	<b>1,647.21</b>

**Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:**

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,740.79	1,127.99	44.20	43.96	2,956.94
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,740.79</b>	<b>1,127.99</b>	<b>44.20</b>	<b>43.96</b>	<b>2,956.94</b>

**CWIP Completion schedule for Overdue projects**

	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project 1	1.40	-	-	-	1.40
Project 2	254.40	-	-	-	254.40

**Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2023 is as follows:**

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,535.02	64.36	4.34	43.49	1,647.21
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,535.02</b>	<b>64.36</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>43.49</b>	<b>1,647.21</b>

Project execution plans are modulated basis capacity requirement assessment on an annual basis and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual/ revised plan.

**Details of expenditure capitalised during the year**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	14.79	3.84
Interest	134.35	-
Legal and professional charges	9.85	-
Salaries and contract services	26.54	14.75
Lease rentals	0.24	-
Power	10.40	3.24
Others	16.58	-
Less: Capitalised /transferred during the year	(10.67)	(7.04)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>202.09</b>	<b>14.79</b>

Refer note 14 for the details of assets pledged against borrowings.

**Araçen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Araçen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**3A Right-of-use assets ("ROU Assets")**

The Company leases land, buildings, equipments and vehicles. The leases pertain to land run for total period of 66 years, buildings run for a total period of 5 years (with an option to renew the lease after that date), equipments run for a period of 5 to 10 years and vehicles run for a period of 3 to 5 years.

Following are the changes in the carrying values of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024.

	Category of ROU Assets				Total
	Land	Buildings	Laboratory equipment	Vehicles	
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>138.74</b>	<b>101.21</b>	<b>32.48</b>	<b>475.84</b>
Additions during the year	-	10.98	-	18.90	29.88
Less: Adjustments/Disposals	-	(11.72)	-	-	(11.72)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>138.00</b>	<b>101.21</b>	<b>51.38</b>	<b>494.00</b>
Additions during the year	-	-	219.27	16.19	235.45
Less: Adjustments/Disposals	-	-	(71.98)	-	(71.98)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>138.00</b>	<b>248.50</b>	<b>67.57</b>	<b>657.47</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>9.50</b>	<b>51.09</b>	<b>34.28</b>	<b>4.97</b>	<b>99.84</b>
Depreciation	3.22	50.64	20.58	10.73	85.17
Less: Adjustments/Disposals	-	(11.72)	-	-	(11.72)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>90.01</b>	<b>54.86</b>	<b>15.70</b>	<b>173.29</b>
Depreciation	3.22	16.54	36.11	15.63	71.50
Less: Adjustments/Disposals	-	-	(58.20)	-	(58.20)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>15.94</b>	<b>106.55</b>	<b>32.77</b>	<b>31.33</b>	<b>186.59</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>187.47</b>	<b>31.45</b>	<b>215.73</b>	<b>36.24</b>	<b>470.88</b>
Balance as at 31 March 2023	190.69	47.99	46.35	35.68	320.71

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The following is the movement in lease liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	184.28	235.90
Additions	235.45	29.88
Deletions from Lease liability	(13.78)	-
Finance cost accrued during the year	20.43	18.83
Payment of lease liabilities	(92.76)	(100.33)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>333.62</b>	<b>184.28</b>

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current lease liabilities	86.03	73.49
Non-current lease liabilities	247.59	110.79
<b>Total</b>	<b>333.62</b>	<b>184.28</b>

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than one year	110.01	86.48
One to five years	214.27	89.71
More than five years	360.94	317.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>685.21</b>	<b>493.65</b>

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

**Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest on lease liabilities	20.43	18.83
Expenses relating to short-term leases	25.71	3.62
Depreciation expense for the year	71.50	85.17
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short term leases of low value assets	-	-
	<b>117.64</b>	<b>107.62</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
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**3B Assets held for Sale**

i. During the current year, Management committed to a plan to sell its Investments in Aragen Bioscience, Inc, USA to its wholly owned subsidiary of the Company i.e. Aragen Biologics Private Limited. Accordingly, The Investmens in Aragen Bioscience, Inc, USA is classified as a asset held for sale. This transaction is expected to be completed in FY 2024-25.

ii. During the current year, Management committed to a plan to sell part of its assets which are under Capital work in progress to its wholly owned subsidiary of the Company i.e. Aragen Biologics Private Limited. Accordingly, part of these assets are classified as a Asset held for sale. This transaction is expected to be completed in FY 2024-25.

iii. During the current year, Management committed to a plan to sell part of its assets which are under Capital work in progress. Accordingly, part of these assets are classified as a Asset held for sale. Efforts to sell this assets have started and is expected to be completed in FY 2024-25. The Company has already received the advance for sale of these assets as at Balance sheet date.

The Company has not recognised any impairment losses to these assets held for sale since the carrying amounts are not more than the fair value less costs to disposal.

Details of Assets held for sale	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investment in Aragen Bioscience, Inc., (Carreid at cost) (Refer Note 5)	952.74	-
Capital work in progress I (Carreid at cost)	103.39	-
Capital work in progress II (Carreid at cost)	83.09	-
	<b>1,139.22</b>	<b>-</b>

**4 Other intangible assets**

	Computer Software	Total
<b>Gross block</b>		
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>68.33</b>	<b>68.33</b>
Additions during the year	18.62	18.62
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>86.95</b>	<b>86.95</b>
Additions during the year	102.41	102.41
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>189.36</b>	<b>189.36</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>		
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>46.09</b>	<b>46.09</b>
Charge for the year	12.24	12.24
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>58.33</b>	<b>58.33</b>
Charge for the year	22.29	22.29
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>80.62</b>	<b>80.62</b>
<b>Net block</b>		
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>108.74</b>	<b>108.74</b>
As at 31 March 2023	28.62	28.62

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**5 Investments**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Unquoted</b>		
<b>Non-current Investments carried at cost</b>		
<b>Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries</b>		
391,141 (31 March 2023: 391,141) equity shares of €1 each fully paid-up of Aragen Life Sciences B.V., (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.), Netherlands	35.99	33.97
Less: Provision for impairment in value of investment	(33.34)	(33.34)
796,000 (31 March 2023: 796,000) Series A common stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience Inc., United States of America. (refer note a)	340.60	327.41
176,056 (31 March 2023: 176,056) Series B common stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience Inc., United States of America.	258.36	258.36
577,600 (31 March 2023: 577,600) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Intox Private Limited	1,582.51	1,581.21
10,000 (31 March 2023: 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Foundation	0.10	0.10
2,00,00,000 (31 March 2023: Nil) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Biologics Private Limited	200.29	-
<b>Investments in preference shares of subsidiaries</b>		
725,000 (31 March 2023: 725,000) Series A preferred stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience Inc., United States of America.	282.59	282.59
169,000 (31 March 2023: 169,000) Series B preferred stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience, Inc., United States of America.	71.19	71.19
<b>Investments designated at Fair value through profit &amp; loss (FVTPL)</b>		
<b>Investments in equity instruments of other entities</b>		
1,510 (31 March 2023: 1,510) equity shares of ₹1,000 each fully paid-up of Mana Effluent Treatment Private Limited, India	1.51	1.51
51,430 (31 March 2023: 51,430) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Pattancheru Envirotech Limited (held in the name of Dai-Ichi Karkaria Ltd., pending transfer), India.	0.51	0.51
<b>Investments in government securities carried at FVTPL</b>		
National savings certificate	0.01	0.01
	<b>2,740.32</b>	<b>2,523.52</b>
<b>Less: Investments classified as held for sale (Refer note 3B)</b>		
Investments in Aragen Bioscience, Inc., United states of America (Equity and Preference shares)	952.74	-
	<b>1,787.58</b>	<b>2,523.52</b>
<b>Aggregate carrying value of investments</b>		
Quoted investments	-	-
Unquoted investments	1,820.92	2,556.86
Aggregate amount of provision for impairment in value of investments	33.34	33.34

**Note :**

a. Includes an amount of ₹16.80 (31 March 2023: ₹16.80) in Aragen Bioscience, Inc. which is recognised as investment towards financial guarantee provided by the Company for no consideration as at 31 March 2024.

b. Information about the company's exposure to credit risk, market risk and fair value measurement is included in note 29 and note 30.

c. Reconciliation of provision for impairment in value of investment:

Particulars	Amount
<b>Provision for Impairment as on 31 March 2022</b>	<b>33.34</b>
Changes in impairment	-
<b>Provision for Impairment as on 31 March 2023</b>	<b>33.34</b>
Changes in impairment	-
<b>Provision for Impairment as on 31 March 2024</b>	<b>33.34</b>

d. The share of Employee stock compensation expense relating to the employees of subsidiaries are considered as investment in subsidiaries and accordingly included in the carrying value of investments above

The details of the same are as below:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	13.18	2.33
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	2.02	0.63
Intox Private Limited	1.30	0.23
Aragen Biologics Private Ltd	0.30	-
	<b>16.80</b>	<b>3.19</b>

e. Details of the country of incorporation, nature of business and % of equity interest have been disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
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**6 Loans**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Current</b>		
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)		
Loans to related parties-subidiaries	-	41.08
Less: Provision for loss allowance	-	-
-Loan to employees (unsecured, considered good)	-	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>41.08</b>
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Loans considered good - secured	-	41.08
Loans considered good - unsecured	-	-
Loans which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Loans - credit impaired	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>41.08</b>
Less: Loss Allowance	-	-
<b>Total Loans</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>41.08</b>

- (i) Loans are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Company. The carrying value may be effected by changes in the credit risk of the counter parties.
- (ii) Information about the company's exposure to credit risk, foreign currency risk and fair value measurement is included in note 29 and note 30.
- (iii) No loans are due by directors or other officer of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or amounts due by firms or private limited Companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

(iv) **Reconciliation of loss allowance**

Particulars	Amount
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2022</b>	<b>30.69</b>
Changes in loss allowance	(30.69)
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2023</b>	<b>-</b>
Changes in loss allowance	-
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2024</b>	<b>-</b>

Type of Borrower	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Amount of loan	% to the total loans	Amount of loan	% to the total loans
Promoter	-	-	-	-
Directors	-	-	-	-
KMPs	-	-	-	-
Related Parties	-	-	41.08	100.00%

**7 Other financial assets**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	101.57	83.45
Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date	23.22	101.55
	<b>124.79</b>	<b>185.00</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Production linked incentive receivable	-	33.20
Derivative instruments: (refer note (ii) below)		
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging	49.87	-
Contract Assets	30.72	46.37
Other receivables - Related parties	362.80	-
	<b>443.39</b>	<b>79.57</b>
<b>Total other financial assets</b>	<b>568.18</b>	<b>264.57</b>

- (i) Information about the company's exposure to credit risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and fair value measurement is included in note 29 and note 30.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**7 Other financial assets (continued)****(ii) Derivative instruments:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Total derivative instruments at fair value through profit and loss	(56.67)	(63.39)
Total derivative instruments at fair value through OCI	49.87	(143.86)

The Company is exposed to exchange rate risk which arises from its foreign exchange revenues and expenses, primarily in U.S. dollars, Great British pound sterling, and Euros, and foreign currency debt in U.S. dollars. The Company uses forward contracts and swap contracts (derivatives) to mitigate its risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

In respect of the aforesaid foreign exchange derivative contracts, the Company has recorded, as part of foreign exchange gains and losses, a net gain of ₹193.73 for the year ended 31 March 2024 and net loss of (₹ 287.96) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

**Hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions**

Foreign exchange forward contracts that are designated as cash flow hedges and qualify for hedge accounting are fair valued at each reporting date and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income under 'Cash flow hedge' in Equity to the extent considered highly effective and are reclassified into the statement of profit & loss upon occurrence of the hedged transactions. Gain or loss on derivative instruments that are either not designated as cash flow hedges or designated as cash flow hedges to the extent considered ineffective is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of the aforesaid hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions, the Company has recorded, in reserves and surplus, a net profit of ₹144.97 for the year ended 31 March 2024 and a net loss of (₹ 215.49) for the year ended 31 March 2023. The Company has also recorded, as part of revenue, a net gain/(loss) of (₹87.61) and (₹373.23) during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively.

The net carrying amount of the Company's "hedging reserve" was a gain/(loss) of ₹ 37.31 as at 31 March 2024, as compared to (₹ 107.66) as at 31 March 2023 respectively.

The table below summarises the periods when the forecasted cash flows associated with hedging instruments that are classified as cash flow hedges, are expected to occur:

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Cash flows in U.S. Dollars millions (figures in equivalent rupee millions)</b>		
Not later than one month	12.92	(62.36)
Later than one month and not later than three months	12.68	(38.04)
Later than three months and not later than six months	10.80	(55.52)
Later than six months and not later than one year	13.47	14.85
Later than one year	-	(2.79)
<b>Total</b>	<b>49.87</b>	<b>(143.86)</b>

**8 Inventories**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value</b>		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	227.21	303.96
Work-in-progress	300.37	188.44
Finished goods	14.77	20.59
Stores and spares	148.75	111.51
	<b>691.10</b>	<b>624.50</b>
The above includes stock in transit:		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	-	1.16
	<b>-</b>	<b>1.16</b>

**Note:**

The write down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ 43.17 (31 March 2023: ₹ 28.76). The write down are included in cost of materials consumed and changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods.

Refer Note 14 for details of Inventories hypothecated or pledged.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**9 Trade receivables**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured considered good		
- related parties (refer note 36(c))	81.72	31.91
- other parties	3,104.94	2,828.00
	<b>3,186.66</b>	<b>2,859.91</b>
Unsecured considered doubtful		
- related parties (refer note 36(c))	-	15.75
- other parties	74.24	153.14
	<b>74.24</b>	<b>168.89</b>
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(74.24)	(168.89)
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>3,186.66</b>	<b>2,859.91</b>
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Trade receivables considered good - secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	3,186.66	2,859.91
Trade receivables which have significant credit risk	-	12.39
Trade receivables - credit impaired	74.24	156.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,260.90</b>	<b>3,028.80</b>
Loss allowance	(74.24)	(168.89)
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>3,186.66</b>	<b>2,859.91</b>

- (i) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables from related parties represent dues from private companies in which a director is director or a member.
- (ii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.
- (iii) The company exposure to credit and foreign currency risk and loss allowances related to Trade receivables are disclosed in note 30.
- (iv) Reconciliation of loss allowance:

Particulars	Amount
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 01 April 2022</b>	<b>82.61</b>
Adjustment against bad debts written-off	-
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	86.28
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2023</b>	<b>168.89</b>
Adjustment against bad debts written-off	(87.10)
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	(7.55)
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2024</b>	<b>74.24</b>

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024:**

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,818.98	1,164.23	16.60	-	-	-	2,999.81
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	19.85	47.42	1.56	5.41	74.24
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unbilled Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	186.85
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,818.98</b>	<b>1,164.23</b>	<b>36.45</b>	<b>47.42</b>	<b>1.56</b>	<b>5.41</b>	<b>3,260.90</b>
Expected Loss Rate	0.05%	0.18%	53.06%	94.60%	100.00%	100.00%	
<b>Loss Allowance</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>2.15</b>	<b>19.34</b>	<b>44.86</b>	<b>1.56</b>	<b>5.41</b>	<b>74.24</b>

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023:**

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,960.41	703.44	-	-	-	-	2,663.85
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	12.39	-	-	-	-	12.39
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	63.27	15.90	4.95	21.56	105.68
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	2.43	8.77	-	39.62	50.82
Unbilled Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	196.06
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,960.41</b>	<b>715.83</b>	<b>65.70</b>	<b>24.67</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>61.18</b>	<b>3,028.80</b>
Expected Loss Rate	0.03%	2.20%	94.67%	98.18%	100%	100%	
<b>Loss Allowance</b>	<b>0.58</b>	<b>15.76</b>	<b>62.20</b>	<b>24.22</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>61.18</b>	<b>168.89</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**10 Cash and bank balances**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>A Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Balances with banks		
-In current accounts	186.75	356.65
-Fixed deposits (Maturity period less than 3 months)	790.00	0.17
Cash on hand	0.05	0.11
	<b>976.80</b>	<b>356.93</b>
<b>B Bank balances other than (A) above</b>		
Deposits with remaining maturity for less than 12 months	549.89	818.74
Margin money deposits with banks (refer note below)	6.34	6.34
	<b>556.23</b>	<b>825.08</b>

As at 31 March 2024, the Company had ₹ 6.34 (31 March 2023: ₹6.34) margin money deposits which are subject to first charge to secure the Company's letter of credit and bank guarantee arrangements.

Cash and cash equivalents for the current year includes cash and bank balances of ₹0.02 (31 March 2023: ₹1.27) held by Aragen Employees Welfare Trust.

**11 Other assets**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>		
<b>Non-current</b>		
Capital advances	22.88	74.64
Prepaid expenses	9.41	10.44
	<b>32.29</b>	<b>85.08</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Advance for expenses	48.08	47.69
Balances with government authorities*	604.48	748.08
Prepaid expenses	126.66	106.21
Prepaid Expenses - CSR	12.52	-
Employee advances	1.79	3.56
Share issue expenses (refer note below)	94.23	78.68
	<b>887.76</b>	<b>984.22</b>

\*includes deposits paid under protest of ₹ 19.10 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6.22)

Note: The Company is in the process of filing Draft Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI in connection with the proposed Initial Public Offer ('IPO') of equity shares by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. Accordingly, expenses incurred by the Company aggregating to ₹ 94.23 in connection with filing of Draft Red Herring Prospectus have been shown under "other current assets" as it shall be partly recovered from the existing shareholders (as per the offer agreement) and partly to be adjusted towards the securities premium.

No other assets are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person.



**Araaen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Araaen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**12 Equity share capital**

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
<b>Authorized</b>				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	250,000,000	2,500.00	142,000,000	1,420.00
Increase during the year	-	-	108,000,000	1,080.00
	<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>2,500.00</b>	<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>2,500.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up</b>				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	204,414,189	2,044.14	68,138,063	681.38
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year (refer note (e) below)	-	-	136,276,126	1,362.76
	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>

**(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year**

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	204,414,189	2,044.14	68,138,063	681.38
Bonus shares issued during the year (refer note (e) below)	-	-	136,276,126	1,362.76
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>

**(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
<b>Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid</b>				
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	68,895,609	33.70%	68,895,609	33.70%
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	49,664,913	24.30%	49,664,913	24.30%
WSCP VIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	47,605,242	23.29%	47,605,242	23.29%
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	19,230,696	9.41%	19,230,696	9.41%
WSCP VIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	8,569,308	4.19%	8,569,308	4.19%
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	6,615,072	3.24%	6,615,072	3.24%

**(d) Shareholding of promoters/promoters group**

	As at 31 March 2024		% Change during the year	As at 31 March 2023		% Change during the previous year
	No. of Shares	% of total shares		No. of Shares	% of total shares	
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	49,664,913	24.30%	0.00%	49,664,913	24.30%	0.24%
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	68,895,609	33.70%	0.00%	68,895,609	33.70%	1.33%
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	19,230,696	9.41%	0.00%	19,230,696	9.41%	0.00%

**(e) Issue of bonus shares**

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on the 25 January 2023 and at the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 January 2023, the members of the Company have approved issue of bonus shares to the existing shareholders of the Company in the ratio of two bonus equity shares of ₹10 each credited as fully paid-up for every equity share of ₹10 each held by the members by capitalising such sums standing to the credit of securities premium and free reserves such as capital redemption reserve, general reserve and retained earnings of the Company. Accordingly, 136,276,126 equity shares of ₹10 each were allotted on 29 January 2023 pursuant to the above plan vide adjustment to the balance of securities premium and free reserves as at the date of issue.

The Company has not issued any bonus shares during the past five years other than those disclosed above.

**12 Equity Share capital** (continued)

**(f) Shares reserved for issue under employee stock option scheme (ESOP)**

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 21 April 2006, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2007' with a pool of 450,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each. The options so granted are subject to progressive vesting over a period of four years from the date of grant on an annual basis in the proportion of 20%, 20%, 30% and 30%, respectively, and can be exercised within a period of 5 years from the date of vesting in the event of Company being listed or the same can be exercised within 5 years from the date of listing or such other early period and such number as determined by Board of Directors of the Company from time to time. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 16 March 2017, agreed to issue 3 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 25 January 2023, agreed to issue 2 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

The Company has accounted for employee deferred compensation expense using fair value method for options granted at a price lower than the market values.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding at beginning of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at end of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67
Exercisable at the end of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2017:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 24 May 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2017' with a pool of 2,000,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the company or transfer through the trust. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year are 20%, 25%, 25% and 30%. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 25 January 2023, agreed to issue 2 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding at beginning of the year	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	19,125	-	132 to 234.00	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at end of the year	2,388,207	122.98	78.47 to 234.00	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	2,081,307	141.00	78.47 to 234.00	1,836,735	161.18	78.47 to 234.00

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2022:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 02 December 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2022' with a pool of 3,600,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Board/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the Company or transfer through the Employees Welfare Trust of the Company. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year is one year from the date of grant.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding at beginning of the year	355,585	10.00	10.00	-	-	-
Granted during the year	362,240	10.00	10.00	409,040	10.00	10.00
Forfeited during the year	50,842	10.00	10.00	53,455	10.00	10.00
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at end of the year	666,983	10.00	10.00	355,585	10.00	10.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	304,743	10.00	10.00	-	-	-

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Risk free interest rate	7.16%	6.76%
Remaining contractual life	0.32	0.32
Expected life of share options (years)	1 year	1 year
Expected volatility (%)	23.06%	28.38%
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00%	0.00%

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome. The Management has considered the benchmark with listed Company with similar industry to determine the volatility %.

(g) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Nil), the company has not bought back any shares.

(h) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Nil) no shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash other than reported above.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**13 Other equity**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Securities premium</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	391.33
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(391.33)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Treasury shares</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(146.87)	(143.80)
Add: On account of consolidation of Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	-	(3.07)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>
<b>Capital reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	(462.02)	(462.02)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(462.02)</b>	<b>(462.02)</b>
<b>General reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	211.05
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(211.05)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,471.47	9,319.11
Add: On account of consolidation of Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	-	12.64
Add: Net profit for the year	1,887.66	2,519.19
Add/(Less): Other comprehensive income net of tax	(10.41)	(25.16)
Less: Transfer to Debenture redemption reserve	-	-
Less: Dividends paid	(535.34)	(597.29)
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(757.02)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>11,813.38</b>	<b>10,471.47</b>
<b>Effective portion of cash flow hedge</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(107.66)	107.83
Add/(Less): Other comprehensive income net of tax	144.97	(215.49)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>37.31</b>	<b>(107.66)</b>
<b>Share based payment reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	173.86	121.66
Add: Gross compensation for stock options granted during the year	95.14	49.01
Less: Transfer to share premium on account of exercise of options	-	-
Add: Contribution towards employees of Subsidiary	16.80	3.19
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>285.80</b>	<b>173.86</b>
<b>Capital redemption reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	3.36
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(3.36)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Debenture redemption reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	200.00	200.00
Add: Appropriations during the year	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>200.00</b>	<b>200.00</b>
<b>Total other equity</b>	<b>11,727.60</b>	<b>10,128.78</b>

**Nature and purpose of reserves****Securities premium**

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies act 2013.

**Treasury shares**

Represents equity shares of the Company held by the controlled trusts.

**Capital reserve**

Represents reserve created on merger of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) and Inogent Laboratories Private Limited and on merger of GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited.

**General reserve**

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

**Retained earnings**

Retained earnings represents the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

**Effective portion of cash flow hedge**

This reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of change in fair value of derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges. It will be reclassified to Profit and Loss account in accordance with the company's accounting policy.

**Share based payment reserve**

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share based payments provided to employees, including key management personnel, as part of their remuneration. The amounts recorded in this account are transferred to share premium upon exercise of stock options by employees. In case of lapse of options, the balance is transferred to general reserve.

**Capital redemption reserve**

Represents the nominal value of shares bought back by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited, the erstwhile Parent Company.

**Debenture redemption reserve**

The Company has issued redeemable non-convertible debentures. Accordingly, the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended), require the company to create DRR out of profits of the company available for payment of dividend. DRR is required to be created for an amount which is equal to 10% of the value of debentures issued.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**13 Other equity (Continued)**

**(a) Distribution made and proposed**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Dividend on equity shares declared and paid:</b>		
Final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023: ₹ 2.65 per share (31 March 2022: ₹ 8.64 per share)*	535.34	597.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>535.34</b>	<b>597.29</b>
<b>Proposed dividends on equity shares#:</b>		
Proposed final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024: ₹ 2 per share (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.65 per share)	408.83	541.70
	<b>408.83</b>	<b>541.70</b>

# Proposed dividends on equity shares are subject to approval at the annual general meeting and are not recognised as a liability as at 31 March.

\* The amount excludes the dividend relating to shares held by Aragen Employees Welfare Trust ₹ 6.36 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6.91). Further, Previous year amount includes ₹ 15.49 declared and paid by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited the erstwhile Holding Company which was merged pursuant to the scheme of arrangement.

**(b) Treasury Shares**

	No. of shares	Amount
	<b>As at 01 April 2022</b>	<b>(799,452)</b>
Add: On account of consolidation of Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	-	(3.07)
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year	(1,598,904)	-
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>(2,398,356)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>(2,398,356)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>

**14 Borrowings**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current borrowings</b>		
Secured term loans from Banks		
- Foreign currency (refer note (i))	-	131.80
- Indian rupee (refer note (i))	2,571.88	2,296.88
7.75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures (refer note (i))	1,993.77	1,987.05
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	(2,756.27)	(856.81)
	<b>1,809.38</b>	<b>3,558.92</b>
<b>Current borrowings</b>		
Secured loans from banks		
Working capital loans (refer note (ii))	500.00	-
Foreign currency packing credit and buyers credit (refer Note (iii))	938.83	565.46
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	2,756.27	856.81
	<b>4,195.10</b>	<b>1,422.27</b>
	<b>6,004.48</b>	<b>4,981.19</b>

**Total Borrowings**

**Note (i)**

**a) Details of security of long term borrowings:**

Nature of Loan	Name of the Bank	Amount as at		Year of Maturity	Security
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Foreign Currency Term loan	CITI Bank	-	131.80	FY 2023-24	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	384.38	478.13	FY 2026-27	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	CITI Bank	343.75	468.75	FY 2026-27	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Federal Bank	-	300.00	FY 2023-24	First charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	412.50	562.50	FY 2025-26	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Nacharam facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	431.25	487.50	FY 2027-28	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	CITI Bank	500.00	-	FY 2025-26	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Federal Bank	500.00	-	FY 2025-26	First charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Mallapur with minimum asset cover of 1.1x
Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures	Issued on Private Placement	1,993.77	1,987.05	FY 2024-25	First charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP including immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.

**b) Terms of repayment of long-term borrowings:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within 1 year	2,756.27	856.81
1 - 2 years	1,350.00	2,499.54
2 - 5 years	459.38	1,059.38
> 5 years	-	-
	<b>4,565.65</b>	<b>4,415.73</b>

c) The foreign currency loans carries an annual interest rate of 1.90% - 5.85% (31 March 2023: 2.46% - 6.31%) and is repayable in quarterly instalments as agreed. Indian Rupee loans carry an annual rate of interest of 7.00% - 7.95% (31 March 2023: 7.00% - 7.75%) and is repayable in quarterly/half yearly/tri-annually instalments as agreed.

**Note (ii)**

Working capital loans from banks, are secured by: Pari-passu first charge on the current assets of the Company. These loans carry annual interest rate in the range of 7.65% to 7.85% (31 March 2023: 7.05%) per annum.

**Note (iii)**

Foreign currency packing credit and buyers' credit are repayable over a period of three to six months and are secured against first charge on current assets. These loans carry an annual interest rate in the range of 0.74% to 6.86% (31 March 2023: 0.74% to 6.18%) per annum.

**Loan covenants**

Bank loans contain certain debt covenants relating to limitation on indebtedness, debt equity ratio, net borrowings to Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization (EBITDA) ratio, interest service coverage ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The Company has satisfied all debt covenants prescribed in the terms of bank loan.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**14 Borrowings (Continued)**

**Note (iv)**

**Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities**

	Liabilities from financing activities				Total
	Non-current borrowings	Current borrowings	Interest accrued*	Leases	
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>4,838.53</b>	<b>366.01</b>	<b>58.77</b>	<b>235.90</b>	<b>5,499.21</b>
Cash flows	(405.89)	198.43	-	(100.33)	(307.79)
Non-cash flows	(16.91)	1.02	-	-	(15.89)
Additions to leases	-	-	-	29.88	29.88
Interest expense	-	-	350.93	18.83	369.76
Interest paid	-	-	(334.49)	-	(334.49)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>4,415.73</b>	<b>565.46</b>	<b>75.21</b>	<b>184.28</b>	<b>5,240.68</b>
Cash flows	178.61	872.40	-	(92.76)	958.25
Non-cash flows	(28.69)	0.97	-	(13.78)	(41.50)
Additions to leases	-	-	-	235.45	235.45
Interest expense	-	-	400.03	20.43	420.46
Interest paid	-	-	(385.58)	-	(385.58)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>4,565.65</b>	<b>1,438.83</b>	<b>89.66</b>	<b>333.62</b>	<b>6,427.76</b>

\* Includes Interest accrued on MSME dues ₹ 4.48 (31 March 2023: ₹4.45).

**Note (iv) Sensitivity:**

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates

	Change in Rate	Impact on profit after tax	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Foreign currency loans			
	Increase by 1%	(7.03)	(5.22)
	Decrease by 1%	7.03	5.22
Indian Rupee Loans			
	Increase by 1%	(37.91)	(32.06)
	Decrease by 1%	37.91	32.06

**15 Provisions**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (refer note 23)	247.24	198.23
	<b>247.24</b>	<b>198.23</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (refer note 23)	39.58	34.00
-Compensated absences	96.47	75.37
	<b>136.05</b>	<b>109.37</b>

**16 Trade payables**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade payables		
- related parties (refer note 36(c))	44.34	54.77
-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	219.06	120.91
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	860.29	914.73
	<b>1,123.69</b>	<b>1,090.41</b>

(a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 0-90 day terms.

(b) Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30.

**Disclosure required under Clause 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006('MSMED Act')**

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2024 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(i) The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of each accounting year		
- Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise	219.06	120.91
- Interest due on above	0.61	0.41
(ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	807.9	999.12
(iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
(iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	4.48	4.45
(v) Interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years, in terms of Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	39.45	34.97

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024:**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	100.85	108.39	3.41	0.70	5.71	219.06
(ii) Others	268.92	422.09	3.91	3.03	12.54	710.49
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Accrued for expenses	-	-	-	-	-	194.14
	<b>369.77</b>	<b>530.48</b>	<b>7.32</b>	<b>3.73</b>	<b>18.25</b>	<b>1,123.69</b>

**Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023:**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Due- Trade Payables	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	67.13	47.10	0.97	0.95	4.76	120.91
(ii) Others	334.08	285.87	16.62	16.03	8.69	661.29
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Accrued for expenses	-	-	-	-	-	308.21
	<b>401.21</b>	<b>332.97</b>	<b>17.59</b>	<b>16.98</b>	<b>13.45</b>	<b>1,090.41</b>

**17 Other financial liabilities**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>(Unsecured, considered good)</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
<b>At amortised cost</b>		
Creditors for capital expenditure (refer note a below)	349.32	546.65
Creditors for expenses (refer note a below)	0.05	4.93
Dues to employees	355.21	250.69
Refundable deposits	1.56	1.56
Derivative instruments: (Refer note 7)		
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging	-	143.86
-Other Foreign exchange forward contracts	56.67	63.39
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	89.66	75.21
Payable to related parties	0.82	-
	<b>853.29</b>	<b>1,086.29</b>

(a) Information about company's exposure to liquidity and currency risk is included in note 30.

**18 Other current liabilities**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract liabilities (Advance from Customers)	322.31	201.39
Liability towards Corporate Social Responsibility	-	21.51
Statutory liabilities	76.20	66.96
Other payables	89.09	-
	<b>487.60</b>	<b>289.86</b>

**19 Revenue from operations**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Sale of goods:</b>		
- Pharmaceutical Products Sales	3,232.90	4,735.28
	<b>3,232.90</b>	<b>4,735.28</b>
<b>Revenue from services:</b>		
- Contract research services	11,352.47	10,767.10
Other operating revenues	16.71	97.27
	<b>14,602.08</b>	<b>15,599.65</b>

Revenues from Contracts with Customers establishes a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, and recognising revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied.

In relation to information about the Company's performance obligations in contracts with customers refer note 2(a). The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is ₹ 75.43 (31 March 2023: ₹52.22) out of which 100% is expected to be recognised as revenue in the next year. No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from the amount mentioned above.

**(a) Information about products and services**

The Company deals in different types of products and services

	Timing of recognition (Over the period / Point in time)	For the year ended	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sale of goods	Point in time	3,232.90	4,735.28
Sale of services	Over the period	11,352.47	10,767.10
<b>Total</b>		<b>14,585.37</b>	<b>15,502.38</b>

**(b) Contract balances:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade receivables	3,186.66	2,859.91
Contract Assets	30.72	46.37
Contract liabilities - Customer advances	322.31	201.39

**Disaggregated Revenue Information**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Revenues from Contract research and sale of goods by geography</b>		
North America	7,848.40	9,255.25
Europe	4,312.13	3,990.28
India	695.38	393.69
Others	1,729.46	1,863.16
	<b>14,585.37</b>	<b>15,502.38</b>
<b>Revenue from other sources</b>		
Other operating revenues	16.71	97.27
<b>Total Revenue from operations</b>	<b>14,602.08</b>	<b>15,599.65</b>

Geographical revenue is allocated based on the location of the customers.

**Reconciliation of revenue with contract price**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract price	14,585.37	15,508.78
Less : Discounts	-	6.40
<b>Revenue from operations</b>	<b>14,585.37</b>	<b>15,502.38</b>

**Changes in Contract liabilities - advances from customers**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	201.39	517.58
Movement during the year on account of transactions in Revenue	120.92	(316.19)
Balance at the end of the year	<b>322.31</b>	<b>201.39</b>

**20 Other income**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	47.86	99.19
Liabilities no longer required written back	19.06	41.13
Gain on sale of fixed assets	3.99	-
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net	-	15.11
Other non-operating income	117.25	52.33
Income from financial guarantee	4.78	3.12
Interest income on deposits and loans	3.31	2.74
	<b>196.25</b>	<b>213.62</b>

**21 Cost of materials consumed**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	283.75	329.41
Add: Purchases of raw materials	1,394.35	1,638.98
	<b>1,678.10</b>	<b>1,968.39</b>
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	245.66	283.75
	<b>1,432.44</b>	<b>1,684.64</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**22 Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening Stock		
Finished goods	20.59	81.97
Work-in-progress	182.62	442.76
Closing Stock		
Finished goods	14.77	20.59
Work-in-progress	255.88	182.62
	<b>(67.44)</b>	<b>321.52</b>

**23 Employee benefits expense**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	3,559.55	3,305.89
Employee stock compensation expenses (refer note 12)	95.14	49.01
Contribution to provident and other funds (note a)	127.63	126.86
Gratuity and compensated absences (note b)	101.35	95.09
Staff welfare expenses	150.85	134.47
	<b>4,034.52</b>	<b>3,711.32</b>

**a. Defined contribution plan**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has contributed ₹ 106.69 (31 March 2023: ₹101.86) to provident fund, ₹2.39 (31 March 2023: ₹8.38) towards employee state insurance fund and ₹ 18.55 (31 March 2023: ₹16.62) towards National Pension Scheme.

**b. Defined benefit plan**

The Company has a defined benefit plan, viz. gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age.

**Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	232.33	169.09
Current service cost	42.05	35.44
Interest cost	15.72	11.49
Benefits paid and Transfer out	(17.09)	(17.09)
Actuarial (Gain)/loss on obligation	13.89	33.40
<b>Defined benefit obligation at end of the year</b>	<b>286.90</b>	<b>232.33</b>

**The fair value of defined benefit plan assets are as follows:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	0.10	0.57
Add: Interest Income on Plan assets	0.01	0.05
Add: Return on plan assets (excl. interest income)	(0.02)	(0.05)
Less: Benefits paid from the plan during the year	-	(0.47)
<b>Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.10</b>

**Reconciliation of present value of obligation and fair value of plan assets**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of defined benefit obligation	286.90	232.33
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	(0.08)	(0.10)
<b>Net liability recognised in the balance sheet</b>	<b>286.82</b>	<b>232.23</b>

**Current & Non-current bifurcation of net liability**

Current	39.58	34.00
Non-current	247.24	198.23
	<b>286.82</b>	<b>232.23</b>

**The amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>In Statement of Profit and Loss under "Employee benefits expense"</b>		
Current service cost	42.05	35.44
Interest cost	15.72	11.49
Return on plan assets	(0.01)	(0.05)
	<b>57.76</b>	<b>46.88</b>
<b>In Statement of Other Comprehensive Income</b>		
Actuarial (gain)/loss	13.89	33.40
Return on Plan Assets(excluding Interest Income)	0.02	0.05
<b>Total</b>	<b>71.67</b>	<b>80.33</b>



**23 Employee benefits expense** (continued)

**The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out as below:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.17%	7.30%
Retirement age	60 years	60 years
Salary escalation	8.00%	8.00%
Attrition rate	15% to 20%	15% to 20%
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ult.	IALM (2012-14) Ult.

The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market. Further, the Company has invested a part of the accrued liability as of 31 March 2024. The Company evaluates these assumptions annually based on its long-term plans of growth and industry standards.

The best estimate contribution for the company during the next year would be ₹39.66 (31 March 2023: ₹34.10).

**Discount rate:**

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

**Salary escalation rate:**

The estimates of future salary increases considered taking into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

**Plan assets:**

The plan assets comprise of debt and equity securities through a scheme of cash contribution for a scheme of insurance taken with Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Ltd. ('Insurer'), which is a qualified insurer. The details of individual category of investments that comprise of the total plan

**Impact on defined benefit obligation**

Assumptions	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sensitivity level		
- Attrition rate : increase by 1 %	285.18	230.92
- Attrition rate : decrease by 1 %	(288.69)	(233.78)
- Salary escalation : increase by 1 %	301.75	244.46
- Salary escalation : decrease by 1 %	(272.88)	(220.89)
- Discount rate : increase by 1 %	(273.14)	(221.20)
- Discount rate : decrease by 1 %	302.06	244.59
- Mortality rate : increase by 1 %	(286.90)	(232.34)
- Mortality rate : decrease by 1 %	286.90	232.33

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 5.19 years (31 March 2023: 5.17 years)

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within 1 year	39.66	34.10
2 - 5 years	157.45	126.86
6 - 10 years	124.76	101.17
Above 10 years	119.83	98.93

The Company provides compensated absences benefits to the employees of the Company which can be carried forward to future years. Since the compensated absences do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as a long-term employee benefit. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has incurred an expense on compensated absences amounting to ₹44.92 (31 March 2023 ₹48.30). The Company determines the expense for compensated absences basis the actuarial valuation based on the Projected Unit Credit Method.

**Code on Social Security, 2020:**

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

**24 Finance costs**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	256.00	333.12
Interest expense on lease liabilities	20.43	18.83
Other borrowing cost*	9.68	17.81
	<b>286.11</b>	<b>369.76</b>

\* Exchange difference to the extent considered as an adjustment to borrowing cost.

Note: Interest Capitalised of ₹ 134.35 (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil) at the average Interest rate of 7.10%.

**25 Depreciation and amortisation expense**

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment (note 3)	1,513.53	1312.47
Depreciation on Right of use assets (note 3A)	71.50	85.17
Amortisation of Intangible assets (note 4)	22.29	12.24
	<b>1,607.32</b>	<b>1,409.88</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**26 Other expenses**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Direct expenses:</b>		
Consumption of chemicals and spares	2,207.72	2,343.61
Job work charges	121.22	102.11
Other direct expenses	58.53	80.19
<b>Indirect expenses:</b>		
Power and fuel	556.52	573.47
Rent	25.71	3.62
Repairs and maintenance		
- Buildings	52.14	43.47
- Machinery	191.94	198.92
- Others	66.37	63.28
Insurance	45.47	44.30
Bank charges	19.24	15.65
Rates and taxes	45.28	39.27
Water charges	36.04	38.46
Communication expenses	9.09	6.22
Office maintenance expenses	167.92	144.54
Travelling and conveyance	90.82	69.43
Consultancy and professional charges	61.77	103.85
Payment to Auditors (refer note a)	6.79	6.49
Corporate social responsibility expenditure (refer note 39)	53.94	39.90
Printing and stationery	5.18	3.40
Freight outwards	84.86	61.56
Effluent treatment charges	50.26	50.81
Contract services	118.68	118.85
Loss allowance/ reversal on Trade receivables	(7.55)	86.28
Trade receivables written off	87.10	-
Less: Reversal of loss allowance	(87.10)	-
Subscription fees	145.01	89.95
Business development expenses	713.22	600.94
Loss on sale of assets	-	0.44
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net	31.16	-
Miscellaneous expenses	30.86	38.02
	<b>4,988.19</b>	<b>4,967.03</b>

**(a) Payments to the auditor**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
-As Auditor		
- statutory audit fee (including fees for undertaking limited reviews)	5.42	5.28
- certification	1.27	1.07
-For reimbursement of expenses	0.10	0.14
	<b>6.79</b>	<b>6.49</b>

Note: The above amounts excludes an amount of ₹18.89 for year ended 31 March 2023 pertaining to the share issue related expenses (refer note 11).

**27 Tax expense**

**A. Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current tax	681.91	887.84
Current tax relating to prior years	(6.01)	15.21
Deferred tax	(46.37)	(73.12)
<b>Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss</b>	<b>629.53</b>	<b>829.93</b>

Note: Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets.

**Tax expense charged to OCI**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Tax related to items in OCI during the year:</b>		
Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts	48.76	(72.47)
Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(3.50)	(8.29)
Tax expense reported in OCI	<b>45.26</b>	<b>(80.76)</b>

Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.

**Reconciliation of effective tax rate**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Tax expense for the year</b>	<b>629.53</b>	<b>829.93</b>
Profit before tax for the year ended as per statement of profit and loss	2,517.19	3,349.12
Tax at statutory income tax rate 25.17% (31 March 2023 - 25.17%)	633.58	842.97
<b>Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible / (taxable) in calculating taxable income</b>		
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	14.73	11.26
Tax incentive and other deductions	(12.73)	(33.53)
Others	(0.04)	(5.98)
Current tax relating to prior years	(6.01)	15.21
<b>Tax expense for the year</b>	<b>629.53</b>	<b>829.93</b>

**B. Non-current tax assets, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Tax assets, (net of provision for tax ₹2,227.66) (31 March 2023 ₹1,555.30) (refer note below)	198.92	181.25
	<b>198.92</b>	<b>181.25</b>

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**27 Income taxes (Continued)**

**C. Current tax liabilities, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for tax, (net of advance tax ₹ 2,366.63) (31 March 2023 ₹2,331.91)	78.21	117.88
	<b>78.21</b>	<b>117.88</b>

**Note:** Includes an amount paid under protest of ₹ 38.51 (31 March 2023: ₹ 38.51)

**D. Deferred tax assets, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
The tax effects of significant temporary differences that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:		
<b>Deferred income tax liabilities</b>		
Property, plant and equipment	69.09	95.81
Derivative instruments	12.56	-
Others	3.54	3.54
	<b>85.19</b>	<b>99.35</b>
<b>Deferred income tax assets</b>		
Accrued compensation to employees	96.46	74.36
Derivative instruments	8.03	65.37
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	18.68	42.51
Statutory bonus and Incentives	25.99	0.02
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	17.49	18.28
Leases	12.65	2.78
Others	11.65	0.68
	<b>190.95</b>	<b>204.00</b>
<b>Total Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets, net</b>	<b>105.76</b>	<b>104.65</b>

**E. Movement in deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2024**

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	95.81	(26.72)		69.09
Derivative instruments	(36.20)	-	48.76	12.56
Others	3.54	-		3.54
	<b>63.15</b>	<b>(26.72)</b>	<b>48.76</b>	<b>85.19</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>				
Accrued compensation to employees	74.36	18.60	3.50	96.46
Derivative instruments	29.85	(21.82)		8.03
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	42.51	(23.83)		18.68
Statutory bonus and Incentives	0.02	25.97		25.99
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	18.28	(0.79)		17.49
Leases	2.78	9.87		12.65
Others	-	11.65		11.65
	<b>167.80</b>	<b>19.65</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>190.95</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>	<b>104.65</b>	<b>46.37</b>	<b>(45.26)</b>	<b>105.76</b>

**Movement in deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2023**

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	96.70	(0.89)		95.81
Derivative instruments	36.27	-	(72.47)	(36.20)
Others	3.53	0.01		3.54
	<b>136.50</b>	<b>(0.88)</b>	<b>(72.47)</b>	<b>63.15</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>				
Accrued compensation to employees	52.16	22.20		74.36
Derivative instruments	20.28	9.57		29.85
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	19.65	22.86		42.51
Statutory bonus and Incentives	-	0.02		0.02
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	-	18.28		18.28
Leases	3.47	(0.69)		2.78
	<b>95.56</b>	<b>72.24</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>167.80</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>	<b>(40.94)</b>	<b>73.12</b>	<b>72.47</b>	<b>104.65</b>

**28 Earnings per Share (EPS)**

Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit attributable to equity holders	1,887.66	2,519.19
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS*	202,015,833	202,015,833
Nominal value per equity share	₹10	₹10
<b>Effect of dilution:</b>		
- Stock options granted under ESOP	2,949,725	2,606,194
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted EPS*	<b>204,965,558</b>	<b>204,622,027</b>

\*The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in treasury share transactions during the year. There have been no other transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Earnings per Share (EPS)</b>		
Basic	9.34	12.47
Diluted	9.21	12.31

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(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**29 Fair value measurements**

**(i) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial assets</b>		
- Investments	1,785.55	2,521.49
- Loans	-	41.08
- Other financial assets	518.31	264.57
- Trade receivables	3,186.66	2,859.91
- Cash and cash equivalents	976.80	356.93
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	556.23	825.08
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,023.55</b>	<b>6,869.06</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
- Non-Current Borrowings	1,809.38	3,558.92
- Lease Liability	333.62	184.28
- Current borrowings	4,195.10	1,422.27
- Trade payables	1,123.69	1,090.41
- Other financial liabilities	796.62	879.04
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,258.41</b>	<b>7,134.92</b>

**(ii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial Asset</b>		
Investments (other than investment in subsidiaries)	2.03	2.03
<b>Financial Liability</b>		
Derivative Instruments (refer note 17)	56.67	63.39

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, lease liabilities, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes loans, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds FVTPL (Fair value through profit and loss) investments and investments in its subsidiaries.

**(iii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through Other comprehensive income**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial Asset</b>		
Derivative Instruments (refer note 7)	49.87	-
<b>Financial Liability</b>		
Derivative Instruments (refer note 7)	-	143.86

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

### 30 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations and also enters into derivative operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management provides assurance to the Company's Board that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes should be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

#### (i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Company comprises primarily of foreign currency and interest risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade and other receivables and derivatives. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of trade and other receivables in foreign currencies and trade payables, borrowings and investments are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2024.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

(1) The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Company and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to the floating interest rate borrowings. The Company's investment in deposits with banks are for short durations and therefore do not expose the Company to significant interest rate risk. Further, the loans extended by the Company carries a fixed interest rate and therefore not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying value nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of the change in market interest rates.

The Company's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's outstanding floating rate debt. A major portion of foreign currency debt is linked to international interest rate benchmarks like SOFR and LIBOR. The Company also hedges a major portion of these risks by entering into derivative instruments like interest rate swaps and currency swaps and hence is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. Refer note 14(iv) for interest rate sensitivity analysis.

#### (b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Company manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 12 month period for hedges of forecasted sales and purchases.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Company negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

The following are the outstanding forward exchange contracts entered into by the Company in foreign currency:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Currency forwards</b> (Amount in Foreign currency)		
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (USD in Million)	196.66	185.98
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	49.87	(145.11)
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (Euro in Million)	-	3.00
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	-	1.25
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (USD in Million)	-	2.00
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	-	0.54
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (USD in Million)	10.03	10.07
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	(56.67)	(63.93)

The currency wise exposure is disclosed in note 39 of the standalone financial statements.

**30 Financial risk management objectives and policies** (Continued)

**Foreign currency sensitivity**

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP, Euro as mentioned below, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax (PBT) is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Change in USD rate - 5% increase		
- Effect on PBT and equity	109.54	92.96
Change in USD rate - 5% decrease		
- Effect on PBT and equity	(109.54)	(92.96)
Change in GBP rate - 5% increase		
- Effect on PBT and equity	(0.29)	0.43
Change in GBP rate - 5% decrease		
- Effect on PBT and equity	0.29	(0.43)
Change in Euro rate - 5% increase		
- Effect on PBT and equity	(5.06)	(4.74)
Change in Euro rate - 5% decrease		
- Effect on PBT and equity	5.06	4.74

The movement in the pre-tax effect is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in USD, GBP and Euro, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than those currencies. Although the derivatives have not been designated in a hedge relationship, they act as an economic hedge and will offset the underlying transactions when they occur.

**(ii) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of the Financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

**Trade receivables**

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit period for customers generally ranges between 30 to 90 days. The Company has a policy of providing for all aged receivables basis the Expected Credit Loss method and specific provision on a case to case basis. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

**Financial instruments and cash deposits**

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's finance team in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved and reputed banks and within credit limits assigned to each bank. The amounts invested and details of relevant banks are reviewed by the Company's Board of directors on annual basis.

**(iii) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company has an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company's treasury department is responsible for managing the short-term and long term liquidity requirements of the Company. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily by treasury. Long term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

Typically the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

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**30 Financial risk management objectives and policies** (Continued)

The carrying value of the Company's financial liabilities are disclosed in note 3A and note 14, 16 and 17 of the standalone financial statements. The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>On demand</b>		
- Financial guarantee	583.62	452.19
<b>Less than 1 year</b>		
- Borrowings	4,195.10	1,422.27
- Other financial liabilities	853.29	1,086.29
- Trade payables	1,123.69	1,090.41
- Lease liabilities	110.01	86.48
<b>1 to 2 years</b>		
- Borrowings	1,350.00	2,499.54
- Lease liabilities	139.17	64.33
<b>2 to 5 years</b>		
- Borrowings	459.38	1,059.38
- Lease liabilities	75.10	25.38
<b>&gt; 5 years</b>		
- Borrowings	-	-
- Lease liabilities	360.94	317.46

**Excessive risk concentration**

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry. In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Company to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

**Collateral**

The Company has pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil the collateral requirements for the borrowings availed. At 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 the fair values of the short-term deposits pledged were ₹ 6.34 and ₹6.34 respectively. The counterparties have an obligation to return the securities to the Company. The Company has an obligation to repay the deposit to the counterparties upon settlement of the contracts. There are no other significant terms and conditions associated with the use of collateral.

**31 Capital management**

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, issue bonus shares to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio in an optimal structure which balances growth and shareholder value. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances.

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Borrowings (Note 14)	6,004.48	4,981.19
Trade payables (Note 16)	1,123.69	1,090.41
Other financial liabilities (Note 17)	853.29	1,086.29
Lease liabilities (Note 3A)	333.62	184.28
Less: Cash and bank balances (Note 10 and 7)*	(1,556.25)	(1,283.56)
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>6,758.83</b>	<b>6,058.61</b>
Total equity	13,771.74	12,172.92
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>13,771.74</b>	<b>12,172.92</b>
<b>Gearing ratio</b>	<b>0.49</b>	<b>0.50</b>

\* Includes Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no material breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

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**32 Fair value hierarchy**

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

	Fair value measurement using				Total
	Date of Valuation	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
<b>Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2024:</b>					
<b>Measured at fair value</b>					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 7 and note 17)	31 March 2024	-	(6.80)	-	(6.80)
Investments other than investment in subsidiaries (refer note 5)	31 March 2024	0.01	-	2.02	2.03
<b>Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2023:</b>					
<b>Measured at fair value</b>					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 7 and note 17)	31 March 2023	-	(207.25)	-	(207.25)
Investments other than investment in subsidiaries (refer note 5)	31 March 2023	0.01	-	2.02	2.03



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**33 Commitments**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Estimated amount of contracts amounting to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	866.01	1,761.69
Corporate guarantee extended to subsidiaries	583.62	452.19

**34 Contingent liabilities**

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims before various tax authorities, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The uncertainties and possible reimbursements are dependent on the outcome of the different legal processes which have been invoked by the claimants or the Company, as the case may be and therefore timing of cash flows cannot be predicted. The Company engages reputed professional advisors wherever required to protect its interests and has been advised that it has strong legal positions against such disputes. The Management believes that it has a reasonable case in its defense of the proceedings and accordingly no further provision is required.

**Other matters**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(a) Income tax matter under dispute	1,230.58	1,232.33
(b) Service tax matter under dispute	1.89	1.89
(c) Central Sales tax matter under dispute	1.76	2.22
(d) Customs matter under dispute	4.27	4.27
(e) Goods and Service tax matter under dispute	172.11	5.25

In addition to the above, the Company has below mentioned claims/contingent liabilities against the Company:

The Company has received a show cause notice challenging classification of R&D services as export of services for the period from 1 April 2006 to 30 Jun 2017 (tax liability computed by department is ₹2,409.70). The company has submitted its reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim and favourable judgements company has not made any provision in the books.

The Company has an ongoing litigation of certain portion of land in Mallapur which the Company has bought from APIIC. The matter is stayed by the High Court until disposal of appeal at the lower court.

**35 Operating segments**

In accordance with Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, segment information is disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and accordingly no separate segment disclosures have been furnished in these standalone financial statements of the Company.

**36 Related party disclosures**

**(a) Name of related parties and nature of relationship**

Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Araçen Bioscience, Inc.	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Araçen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Araçen Biologics Private Limited	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company( w.e.f 21/06/2023)
Araçen Foundation	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Araçen Employees Welfare Trust (formerly GVK Bio Sciences Employees Welfare Trust)	Controlled Trust
Intox Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
WSCPVIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Enterprise having significant influence
WSCPVIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Enterprise having significant influence
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	Enterprise having significant influence
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	Director and Chairman
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy (till 31.01.2023)	Director and Vice-chairman
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	Whole time Director and Chief executive officer
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar (till 10.06.2022)	Director
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy (till 01.06.2022)	Director
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	Director
Mr. Adam Richard Dawson (till 30.01.2023)	Director
Mr. Rajat Sood	Director
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	Director
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffolo	Independent Director
Mr. Gerhard Mayr (till 31.03.2024)	Independent Director
Ms. Anita Ramachandran (w.e.f. 07.11.2022)	Independent Director
Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	Company Secretary
Excelra Inc., (formerly GVK Biosciences Inc.,)	} Key management personnel (KMP)
Infinity Identity Technologies Private Limited	
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (formerly GVK Davix Research Private Limited )	
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	
Reddy Investment Trust	
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	
GVK Foundation	
Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited	
Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (till 26.12.2022)	

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**36 Related party disclosures** (continued)

**(b) Transactions with related parties**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Remuneration of KMPs*</b>		
<b>Short-term employee benefits</b>		
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	46.28	68.87
Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap	24.97	29.55
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	6.11	5.48
<b>Directors remuneration/commission</b>		
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	4.74	4.93
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffolo	5.32	4.93
Mr. Ajay Srivastava #	14.00	4.00
Ms. Anitha Ramachandran	3.60	1.44
# The above amount includes an amount of ₹ 10 million related to remuneration towards professional advisory services.		
<b>Directors sitting fee</b>		
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	-	0.05
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	-	0.20
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	0.25	0.35
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	-	0.15
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	0.28	0.40
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	0.35	0.25
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	0.25	0.33
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	0.28	0.35
Ms. Anitha Ramachandran	0.38	0.18

**(b) Transactions with related parties**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Dividend paid during the year</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	131.61	147.69
Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	6.36	6.91
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	182.57	198.32
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Family Trust)	-	7.85
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	50.96	58.48
WSCPVIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	126.15	96.26
WSCPVIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	22.71	40.60
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	17.53	44.58
<b>Unsecured Loans taken during the year</b>		
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	7.75
Reddy Investment Trust	-	7.75
<b>Unsecured Loans repaid during the year</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.93)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	(23.00)
Reddy Investment Trust	-	(23.93)
<b>Interest on Loans taken</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.03)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	(0.73)
Reddy Investment Trust	-	(0.75)
<b>Transactions with subsidiary - Aragen Bioscience, Inc.</b>		
Business Development expenses	(495.55)	(402.40)
Revenue from Contract research services	220.83	3.30
Management Services Provided	27.43	30.64
Reimbursement of expenses	(5.32)	(26.15)
Purchase of Equipment	(17.40)	(27.24)
Purchases of chemicals	(22.59)	(15.00)
Corporate guarantee income	4.78	3.12
Other Non Operating Income	0.80	-
<b>Transactions with subsidiary - Intox Private Limited</b>		
Revenue from contract research services	-	2.29
Reimbursement of expenses	3.07	6.18
Management Services Provided	10.81	-
Testing charges paid	(1.75)	-
<b>Transactions with subsidiary - Aragen Biologics Private Limited</b>		
Sale of Fixed Asset	299.15	-
Rental Income	1.00	-
Reimbursement of expenses	7.33	-
<b>Transactions with subsidiary - Aragen Lifesciences B.V.</b>		
Revenue from contract research services	23.92	32.73
Business development expenses	(113.39)	(104.70)
Loan repaid by subsidiary	41.08	-

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**36 Related party disclosures** (continued)

<b>Transactions with fellow subsidiary – Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited</b>		
Shared services provided	1.73	1.37
Rental Income	0.06	0.02
Reimbursement of expenses	0.02	-
<b>Transactions with fellow subsidiary – Excelra, Inc.</b>		
Receivable written off	(15.75)	-
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited</b>		
Job work Charges	-	(14.25)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited</b>		
Consultancy services	(3.00)	(2.60)
Reimbursement exp	(0.11)	(0.23)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited</b>		
Hotel expenses	(3.43)	(4.94)
<b>Transactions with subsidiary – Araçen Foundation</b>		
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	(79.30)	(22.92)
Rental Income	0.35	-
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Infinity Identity Technologies Pvt Ltd</b>		
Consultancy Services	-	(0.48)

\* The managerial personnel are covered by the Company's gratuity policy and are eligible for leave encashment along with other employees of the Company. The proportionate amount of gratuity and leave encashment pertaining to the managerial personnel has not been included in the aforementioned disclosures as these are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

**(c) Balances receivable/(payable)**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Trade Receivables</b>		
Excelra Inc., (formerly GVK Biosciences Inc.,)	-	15.75
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	0.03	1.40
Araçen Lifesciences B.V.	6.70	4.04
Araçen Bioscience, Inc.	70.62	26.47
Intox Private Limited	4.03	-
Araçen Foundation	0.35	-
<b>Trade Payables</b>		
Araçen Lifesciences B.V.	(6.74)	(8.57)
Araçen Bioscience, Inc.	(36.99)	(43.08)
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	(0.61)	(3.12)
Araçen Foundation	-	(2.12)
<b>Other Financial assets</b>		
Araçen Biologics Private limited	362.80	-
<b>Loans</b>		
Araçen Lifesciences B.V.	-	41.08
<b>Other financial Liabilities</b>		
Araçen Biologics Private limited	(0.81)	-
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.05)
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	(3.70)	(4.96)
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	-	(0.94)
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	-	(0.03)
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	-	-
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	-	(0.05)
Ms. Anita Ramachandran	-	(0.86)
<b>Outstanding corporate guarantees (Refer note 33)</b>		
Araçen Bioscience, Inc. (US\$ 7,000,000 (31 March 2023: US\$5,500,000))	583.62	452.19
Further, The Company has provided support letter to Araçen Bioscience, Inc. to meet its operational requirements.		

**Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties**

The sale and receipt of services from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances are settled in cash. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

**(d) Directors' interests in the employee stock option plan**

Share options held by the Board of Directors under the employee stock option plan to purchase Equity shares have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

Grant date	Vesting date	Exercise price	Number outstanding	
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
7 July 2007	6 July 2011	3.33	765,000	765,000
1 November 2011	31 October 2015	16.67	216,000	216,000
1 July 2017	30 June 2021	78.47	656,957	656,957
1 July 2021	30 June 2022	78.47	196,542	196,542
30 January 2023	30 January 2024	10.00	85,894	88,878
30 January 2024	30 January 2025	10.00	75,991	-
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,996,384</b>	<b>1,923,377</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**37 Details of expenditure incurred, Capital and Revenue, in Research and Development is as under:**

**(a) Capital expenditure**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Additions to laboratory equipment	-	-
	-	-

**(b) Revenue expenditure (Included under appropriate heads in Statement of Profit and Loss)**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cost of material consumed	28.46	78.85
Salaries and wages	15.92	16.17
Chemicals and spares	0.16	0.09
	<b>44.54</b>	<b>95.11</b>

**38 Unhedged foreign currency exposure**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Receivables</b>		
United States Dollar	3,221.04	2,995.58
Euro	1.29	9.59
Canadian Dollar	3.92	-
<b>Payables</b>		
United States Dollar	1,030.19	1,136.36
Great Britain Pound	5.71	0.98
Euro	102.43	94.75
Swiss Franc	5.55	1.28
Japanese Yen	1.29	0.55

**39 Corporate social responsibility expenditure (CSR)**

The Company has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to undertake the mandatory corporate social responsibility activities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The details of the amounts spent during the current year are as follows:

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Expenditure on CSR activities:		
Balance unspent CSR amount at the beginning of the year	16.98	-
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	53.94	39.90
(b) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	53.94	39.90
(c) Amount spent by the Company during the year (in cash)		
(i) For Construction/acquisition of asset *	83.44	22.92
(ii) For Contribution to Covid related measures	-	-
(iii) Other than (i) & (ii) above	-	-
<b>Balance unspent / (Excess spent**) CSR amount in cash at the end of the year</b>	<b>(12.52)</b>	<b>16.98</b>
(d) Reason for unspent amount at the end of year	NA	On-going projects
(e) Amount subsequently transferred to Unspent CSR designated bank account towards ongoing projects	-	17.00
(f) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately	-	17.00
<b>Movement in Provision during the year</b>		
Opening Liability towards CSR	21.51	20.63
Amount spent by the Company during the year (in cash)	(21.51)	(16.12)
Provision created during the year for Unspent amount (in cash)	-	17.00
<b>Closing Liability towards CSR</b>	<b>(0.00)</b>	<b>21.51</b>

\* includes an amount of ₹ 79.30 (31 March 2023: 22.92) contributed to a related party, Aragen Foundation in relation to CSR expenditure.

\*\* Company has carry forwarded excess spent CSR expenditure under CSR Rules, 2022 and the same will be set off within the next three financial years.

**Nature of CSR activities:**

Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance and conservation of natural resources.

**40 Transfer pricing**

The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under Sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Company is in the process of updating the documentation for the domestic and international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence before the regulatory timelines, as required by law. The Management is of the opinion that its domestic and international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expenses and that of provision for taxation.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**41 Ratio Analysis**

**a) Current Ratio = Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Current Assets	7,881.16	5,771.29
Current Liabilities	6,959.97	4,189.57
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>1.13</b>	<b>1.38</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-17.80%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**b) Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by Total Equity where total debt refers to sum of current & non current borrowings**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Total debt	6,004.48	4,981.19
Total Equity	13,771.74	12,172.92
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>0.44</b>	<b>0.41</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>6.55%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt service divided by interest, lease payments and principal repayments of borrowings**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net Profit after tax	1,887.66	2,519.19
<b>Add: Non cash operating expenses and finance cost</b>		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,607.32	1,409.88
Finance cost	420.46	369.76
<b>Earnings available for debt service</b>	<b>3,915.44</b>	<b>4,298.83</b>
Interest Payments	385.58	334.49
Current lease liabilities	86.03	73.49
Current maturities of long term borrowings	2,756.27	856.81
<b>Total Interest and principal repayments</b>	<b>3,227.88</b>	<b>1,264.79</b>
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>1.21</b>	<b>3.40</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-64.31%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%:

This is on account of Non convertible debentures are falling due in next year.

**d) Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net profit after taxes divided by average total equity**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net profit after taxes	1,887.66	2,519.19
Average Total Equity	12,972.33	11,301.41
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.22</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-34.72%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%:

This is on account of reduction in profits for the year

**e) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Revenue from operations divided by average inventory**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Revenue from operations	14,602.08	15,599.65
Average Inventory	657.80	791.95
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>22.20</b>	<b>19.70</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>12.69%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Net Credit Sales divided by Average Trade Receivables**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net Credit Sales	14,602.08	15,599.65
Average Trade Receivables	3,023.29	2,448.17
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>4.83</b>	<b>6.37</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-24.20%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**g) Trade payables turnover ratio = Net Credit Purchases divided by Average Trade Payables**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net Credit Purchases	3,481.55	3,900.07
Trade Payables excluding accrual for expenses	929.55	782.20
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>3.75</b>	<b>4.99</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-24.88%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**41 Ratio Analysis (Continued)**

**h) Net capital Turnover Ratio = Net Sales divided by Working Capital where Working Capital= Current Assets - Current Liabilities**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net sales	14,602.08	15,599.65
Working Capital	921.19	1,581.72
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>15.85</b>	<b>9.86</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>60.72%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%:

This is on account of Non convertible debentures are falling due in next year and increase in Working capital loans.

**i) Net profit ratio = Net profit after taxes divided by Net Sales**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Net profit after taxes	1,887.66	2,519.19
Net Sales	14,602.08	15,599.65
<b>Ratio</b>	<b>0.13</b>	<b>0.16</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-19.95%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**j) Return on Capital employed (pre cash)=Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) divided by Capital Employed (pre cash)**

	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Profit before tax (A)	2,517.19	3,349.12
Finance Costs (B)	286.11	369.76
Other Income (C)	196.25	213.62
<b>EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)-(C)</b>	<b>2,607.05</b>	<b>3,505.26</b>
<b>Capital Employed (Pre Cash) (J)=( E)-(F)-(G)-(H)-(I)</b>	<b>14,542.92</b>	<b>14,858.85</b>
Total Assets (E)	23,035.92	20,230.43
Current Liabilities (F)	6,959.97	4,189.57
Current Investments (G)	-	-
Cash and Cash equivalents (H)	976.80	356.93
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents (I)	556.23	825.08
<b>Ratio (D)/(J)</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>0.24</b>
<b>% variance from previous year</b>	<b>-24.01%</b>	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Araagen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**42 Additional regulatory information**

(i) **Charge registration and satisfaction:**

The Company does not have any charges which are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period. The Company does not have any satisfaction of charges which are yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the statutory period except for:

a. The Charge ID 90124333 in favour of Canara Bank (Bank) for an amount of ₹205.80 million is a duplicate entry erroneously filed by the Company and the Company is pursuing with the Bank for No-objection certificate to file satisfaction of the Charge with the Registrar of Companies.

b. Charge ID 100490209 for an amount of ₹607.50 million is pertaining to Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (Excelra). Pursuant to Composite Scheme of Arrangement, this charge has been transferred to the Company due to technical issues while approving the Scheme by ROC. The Company is pursuing with Excelra and the concerned Bank for transfer of this Charge to Excelra.

(ii) **Struck-off Companies:**

The Company has not entered into any transactions with the companies struck-off as per Section 248 or Section 560 of the companies act 2013.

(iii) **Benami Property:**

There are no proceeding initiated or pending against the Company as at 31 March 2024, under Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016).

(iv) **Wilful Defaulter:**

The Company is not declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

(v) **Undisclosed incomes:**

The Company has recorded all transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered. There are no previously unrecorded incomes and related assets that were considered during the year, no unrecorded incomes were identified as income for tax assessments.

(vi) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or  
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(vii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or  
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(viii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

(ix) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(x) The Company has borrowings from banks on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in agreement with the books of accounts.

(xi) The Company has used the borrowings from banks for the specific purpose for which it was obtained.

(xii) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use-assets) and intangible assets during the year.

(xiii) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our Report of even date attached  
For **B S R and Co**  
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**  
Partner  
Membership No. 125710

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**  
(formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Davinder Singh Brar**  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-

**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-

**K Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary  
M.No.: F3865

Sd/-

**Sachin Anand Dharap**  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

**Manmahesh Kantipudi**  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

## Independent Auditor's Report

**To the Members of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company"), its employee welfare trust and its subsidiaries (Holding Company, its employee welfare trust and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2024, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph (a) of the "Other Matter" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of components audited by them, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Revenue Recognition - Existence

See Note 2(d) and Note 20 to consolidated financial statements



## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>The Group's revenue is derived from contract research, development and manufacturing activities.</p> <p>We have identified recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because of the following:</p> <p>Revenue is a key performance indicator for the Group. There could be pressure on Management to meet expectations of investors/ other stakeholders.</p> <p>Accordingly, there is a risk of fraud related to revenue being overstated by recognition in the wrong accounting period or being recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.</p>	<p>We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evaluated the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies and compliance with applicable accounting standards.</li> <li>• Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to revenue recognition and testing operating effectiveness of such controls.</li> <li>• Performed substantive testing using statistical sampling on revenue transactions recorded during the year by checking the underlying documents such as invoice, sales contracts, shipping documents to test evidence for satisfaction of the criteria for recognition of revenue during the year.</li> <li>• Test checked significant manual journals posted to revenue to identify any unusual items and sought explanations from Management.</li> <li>• Test checked sales transactions near to year-end and post year-end as well as credit notes issued post year-end to determine whether the revenue recognition during the year is appropriate.</li> <li>• Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.</li> </ul>

#### Impairment assessment of goodwill

See Note 2(k) and Note 4 to consolidated financial statements

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>As at 31 March 2024, the Group has goodwill of INR 1,618.13 million arose on acquisition of subsidiaries. Management performs the impairment assessment of goodwill under Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets" on an annual basis and whenever there is an indication of impairment.</p> <p>The carrying value of goodwill will be recovered through future cash flows and accordingly there is an inherent risk that these assets may be impaired if these cash flows do not meet the</p>	<p>We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to Group's assessment of impairment analysis. Tested the operating effectiveness of these controls.</li> <li>• Performed a retrospective comparison of prior period cash flow forecasts to actual performance.</li> <li>• Challenged the key assumptions used by the Management in its impairment assessment,</li> </ul>

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

<p>Group's expectations.</p> <p>We identified impairment assessment of goodwill as a key audit matter considering the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The significance of the value of goodwill in the consolidated financial statements.</li> <li>• The inherent complexity in auditing the forward-looking assumptions applied to determine recoverable value given the significant Management judgements involved. The key assumptions in the cash flow models include the forecasted revenue, projected margins, terminal growth and discount rates.</li> </ul>	<p>specifically in relation to forecasted revenue, projected margins, terminal growth and discount rates with the assistance of our valuation specialists.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Performed a sensitivity analysis on the outcome of impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions.</li> <li>• Evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.</li> </ul>
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#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's directors' report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's and Board of Directors/Board of Trustees Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies and trust included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and trust and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

/Board of Trustees of the companies and trust included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company and trust to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors /Board of Trustees of the companies and trust included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company and trust.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in paragraph (a) of the section titled "Other Matter" in this audit report.

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matter

- a. We did not audit the financial statements of four subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflects total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs. 1,557.58 million as at 31 March 2024, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs. 791.33 million and net cash out flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to Rs. 53.83 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2 A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries, as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the "Other Matter" paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors except for the matter stated in the paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - c. The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 01 April 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f. the modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2A(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2B(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, as noted in the "Other Matter" paragraph:
- a. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - b. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended 31 March 2024.
  - c. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies during the year ended 31 March 2024.
  - d (i) The management of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary companies respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 44(vi) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (ii) The management of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary companies respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 44(vii) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiary companies incorporated

**Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)**

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**

in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act nothing has come to our or other auditors notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.

- e. The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year, in respect of the same declared for the previous year, is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

As stated in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

- f. Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the auditors of the companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies have used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software except that (i) The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes; and (ii) The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the application layer for certain fields/tables relating to all significant processes of the Holding Company. Further, for the periods where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the accounting software, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

- C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary companies incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For **B S R and Co**

*Chartered Accountants*

Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**

*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23 May 2024

Membership No.: 125710

ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNT6427

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024**

**(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)**

(xxi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, following company incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, have unfavourable remarks given by the respective auditor in their report under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO):

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Name of the entities</b>	<b>CIN</b>	<b>Holding Company/Subsidiary/ JV/ Associate</b>	<b>Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavourable or qualified or adverse</b>
1	Aragen Life Sciences Limited	U74999TG2000PTC035826	Holding Company	Clause (i)(b) and (i)(c)

For **B S R and Co**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-  
**Arpan Jain**  
*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Membership No.: 125710  
ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNT6427



**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024**

**Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act**

**(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)**

**Opinion**

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and such company incorporated in India under the Act which is its subsidiary company, as of that date.

In our opinion and based on the consideration of report of the other auditor on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of subsidiary company, as was audited by the other auditor the Holding Company and such company incorporated in India which is its subsidiary company, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by such company considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

**Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls**

The respective Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)**

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor of the relevant subsidiary company in terms of their report referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Other Matter**

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding report of the auditor of such company incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For **B S R and Co**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
Firm's Registration No.:128510W

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**  
*Partner*

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Membership No.: 125710  
ICAI UDIN:24125710BKFZNT6427

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	3	10,439.82	10,012.32
Capital work-in-progress	3	3,117.49	1,695.75
Goodwill	4	1,618.13	1,618.13
Other Intangible assets	5	252.75	229.25
Right-of-use assets	3A	707.62	537.32
Financial assets			
- Investments	6	2.05	2.05
- Other financial assets	7	130.71	237.66
Deferred tax assets (net)	28	79.73	70.37
Other Income tax assets (net)	28	235.12	204.83
Other non-current assets	11	166.15	85.27
<b>Total Non-current assets</b>		<b>16,749.57</b>	<b>14,692.95</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	8	721.46	659.20
Financial assets			
- Trade receivables	9	3,503.59	3,290.14
- Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,059.90	503.76
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	10	798.06	1,061.93
- Other financial assets	7	81.78	83.13
Other current assets	11	980.38	1,108.36
		<b>7,145.17</b>	<b>6,706.52</b>
Assets held for sale	3B	83.09	-
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>7,228.26</b>	<b>6,706.52</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>23,977.83</b>	<b>21,399.47</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	12	2,044.14	2,044.14
Other equity	13	11,001.31	9,707.37
<b>Equity attributable to the owners of the Company</b>		<b>13,045.45</b>	<b>11,751.51</b>
Non-controlling interest	14	567.58	547.66
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>13,613.03</b>	<b>12,299.17</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
-Borrowings	15	1,809.38	3,558.92
-Lease Liabilities	3A	424.37	295.63
-Other financial liabilities	18	4.00	4.00
Provisions	16	261.82	210.17
<b>Total Non-current liabilities</b>		<b>2,499.57</b>	<b>4,068.72</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
-Borrowings	15	4,645.32	1,726.47
-Lease Liabilities	3A	173.73	130.19
-Trade payables	17		
-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		229.40	122.42
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		961.89	1,025.50
-Other financial liabilities	18	952.78	1,160.38
Other current liabilities	19	629.78	584.40
Provisions	16	194.12	164.34
Current income tax liabilities, net	28	78.21	117.88
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>7,865.23</b>	<b>5,031.58</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>10,364.80</b>	<b>9,100.30</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>23,977.83</b>	<b>21,399.47</b>
Group overview and Material accounting policies	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
As per our report on consolidated financial statements of even date attached

for **B S R and Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**  
(formerly Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-  
**Arpan Jain**  
Partner  
Membership No. 125710

Sd/-  
**Davinder Singh Brar**  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-  
**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-  
**K Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary  
M.No.: F3865

Sd/-  
**Sachin Anand Dharap**  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-  
**Manmahesh Kantipudi**  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024





**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	<b>For the year ended</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>2,248.33</b>	<b>3,065.50</b>
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,917.90	1,672.89
- Interest income	(71.99)	(111.98)
- Liabilities no longer required written-back	(21.02)	(10.48)
- (gain)/ loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(4.07)	0.44
- Interest expense	330.86	389.06
- Employee stock compensation expense	114.76	29.85
- (Reversal)/provision for doubtful debts, net	(0.94)	106.66
- Bad debts write off	55.04	-
- Unrealised foreign exchange fluctuation (gain)/loss	(59.25)	49.00
<b>Adjustments for working capital changes:</b>		
(Increase)/ Decrease in inventories	(61.80)	330.75
Increase in trade receivables	(145.17)	(1,026.56)
Increase in short term loans given	-	(2.32)
Increase in other financial assets	(18.17)	(10.61)
Decrease/(Increase)in other current assets	47.79	(308.42)
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	70.34	(154.54)
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	134.08	(255.29)
Increase in provisions	66.02	37.61
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities	54.79	(195.07)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>4,657.50</b>	<b>3,606.49</b>
Income-tax paid	(771.77)	(850.05)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>3,885.73</b>	<b>2,756.44</b>
<b>Cash flow used in investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment incl. CWIP and Capital advances	(3,875.10)	(3,762.58)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	22.18	0.08
Redemption of/(Investment in) fixed deposits, net	392.23	624.63
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents	-	(496.95)
Finance and interest income received	71.99	108.47
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(3,388.70)</b>	<b>(3,526.35)</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Payment of dividends	(535.34)	(597.29)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,000.00	-
Repayment of Long-term borrowings	(821.60)	(405.89)
Proceeds from/(repayment of) short-term borrowings, net	1,013.15	495.88
Principal payment of lease liabilities	(148.37)	(129.40)
Interest expense paid	(449.06)	(377.48)
<b>Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities</b>	<b>58.78</b>	<b>(1,014.18)</b>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	555.81	(1,784.09)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	503.76	2,281.29
Effect of exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currency	0.33	6.56
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>1,059.90</b>	<b>503.76</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 10)</b>		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	269.79	453.45
Fixed deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	790.00	50.17
Cash on hand	0.11	0.14
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year</b>	<b>1,059.90</b>	<b>503.76</b>

The above consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard - 7 on Statement of Cash Flows.

Refer note 15 for Reconciliation of Liabilities from Financing Activities

As per our report on consolidated financial statements of even date attached

for **B S R and Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Limited**  
(formerly Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-

**Arpan Jain**  
Partner  
Membership No. 125710

Sd/-  
**Davinder Singh Brar**  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-  
**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-  
**K Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary  
M.No.: F3865

Sd/-  
**Sachin Anand Dharap**  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-  
**Manmahesh Kantipudi**  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as *Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited*)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
 (All amounts in ₹ except otherwise stated)

**Group overview**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as *Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited*) ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Group was incorporated in the year 2000 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Group is primarily engaged in providing contract research and development services to global Pharmaceutical and Biotechnology companies. The Company's headquarter is located at 28 A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad, Telangana 500076, India.

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Directors of the Company on 25 January 2023 and approved by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 January 2023, the Company has been converted from a Private Limited Company to a Public Limited Company and the Company ceased to be Private company as per Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has obtained a fresh certificate of incorporation dated 28 March 2023 consequent to conversion of the Company from the Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

**List of subsidiaries with percentage holding**

Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	% of holding	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	United States of America	100.00%	100.00%
Aragen Life Sciences BV (formerly GVK Biosciences BV)	Netherlands	100.00%	100.00%
Intox Private Limited	India	76.00%	76.00%
Aragen Foundation	India	100.00%	100.00%
Aragen Biologics Private Limited	India	100.00%	-

Holding Company for all the above subsidiaries is Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as *Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited*). The principal activities of the above subsidiaries include providing contract research and development services.

Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as *Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited*) is the sponsoring entity of Employee Stock Option Plan ('ESOP') trust. Management of the Company can appoint and remove the trustees and provide funding to the trust for buying the shares. Basis assessment by the management, it believes that the ESOP trusts are designed to be controlled by the Company and therefore it needs to be consolidated under Ind AS 110.

**List of trusts that are consolidated**

- Aragen Employees Welfare Trust (formerly *GVK Bio Employees Welfare Trust*)

**1. Basis of Preparation**

**(a) Statement of compliance**

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ("the Rules") (as amended).

These consolidated financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 23 May 2024.

**(b) Basis of measurement**

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for the following items, which are measured on alternate basis on each reporting date:

Item Basis	Measurement
Derivative Financial instruments	Fair Value
Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability	Fair Value
Equity securities at FVTPL	Fair Value

**(c) Current versus non-current classification**

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other assets as non-current.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ except otherwise stated)

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

**(d) Foreign currencies:**

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is the functional currency of the Company.

The financial statements are rounded off to the nearest millions.

*Initial recognition*

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

*Conversion*

Foreign currency monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

*Exchange differences*

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of foreign currency monetary items or on reporting monetary items of the Group at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

*Group companies*

Assets and liabilities of entities with functional currency other than presentation currency have been translated to the presentation currency using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Statement of profit and loss have been translated using weighted average exchange rates. Translation adjustments have been reported as foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of changes in equity.

**(e) Fair value measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For changes that have occurred between levels in the hierarchy during the year, the Company re-assesses categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

**(f) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions:**

**Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

**Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

**Leases**

The Group evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Group uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Group revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

**Taxes**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

**Fair value measurement of financial instruments**

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

**Share-based payments**

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 13.

**Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost. Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the forecast for future years. These do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. These estimates are most relevant to other intangibles with indefinite useful lives recognized by the Group.



## Revenue recognition

The Group's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. The Group assesses the products/services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives.

The Group uses judgement to determine an appropriate standalone selling price for a performance obligation. The Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct product or service promised in the contract. Where standalone selling price is not observable, the Group uses the expected cost plus margin approach to allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation.

The Group exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Group considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

The Group uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of completion method requires the Group to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Revenue from milestone based research activities is recognized when earned, as evidenced by written acknowledgment from the collaborator or other persuasive evidence that the milestone has been achieved, provided that the milestone event is substantive. A milestone event is considered to be substantive if its achievability was not reasonably assured at the inception of the arrangement and the Group's efforts led to the achievement of the milestone (or if the milestone was due upon the occurrence of a specific outcome resulting from the Group's performance). Events for which the occurrence is either contingent solely upon the passage of time or the result of counterparty's performance are not considered to be milestone events. If both of these criteria are not met, the milestone payment is recognized over the remaining minimum period of the Group's performance obligations under the arrangement. The Group assesses whether a milestone is substantive at the inception of each arrangement.

## 2. Material Accounting policies

### (a) Basis of consolidation:

#### *Subsidiaries including trust:*

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company, its controlled trusts and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2024. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights; and
- The size of the group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that

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group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent Group, i.e., year ended on 31 March.

**Consolidation procedure:**

(a) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the Holding company with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.

(b) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the Holding Company's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.

Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Holding company of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

**(b) Business combinations and goodwill**

The Group accounts for its business combinations under acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the condition for recognition are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Purchase consideration paid in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after reassessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognized as capital reserve. Goodwill is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

**(c) Business combination under common control transactions**

Business combinations involving entities that are controlled by the group are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustment is made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are only made to harmonize accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of combination. However, where the business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.
- The balance of retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee or is adjusted against general reserve.
- The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee.

The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

**(d) Revenue recognition**

The Group recognises revenue in accordance with Ind-AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.

**Contract research services and Pharmaceutical Products Sales.**

The Group derives revenues primarily from Contract research services and Pharmaceutical Products Sales. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services or compounds to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those services or compounds.

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Arrangement with customers for Contract research services and Pharmaceutical Products Sales are either on a time-and-material basis, fixed price or on a sale of compounds.

In respect of contracts involving research services, in case of 'time and materials' contracts, contract research fee is recognised as services are rendered, in accordance with the terms of the contracts.

Revenues relating to fixed price contracts are recognised based on the percentage of completion method determined based on efforts expended as a proportion to total estimated efforts. The Group monitors estimates of total contract revenue and cost on a routine basis throughout the contract period. The cumulative impact of any change in estimates of the contract revenue or costs is reflected in the period in which the changes become known. In the event that a loss is anticipated on a particular contract, provision is made for the estimated loss.

In respect of contracts involving sale of compounds arising out of contract research, revenue is recognised when a promise in a customer contract (performance obligation) has been satisfied by transferring control over the promised goods to the customer. Control over a promised good refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, those goods. Control is usually transferred upon shipment, delivery to, upon receipt of goods by the customer, in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed with the customers. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, excluding amounts collected on behalf of government such as goods and services tax or any other taxes directly linked to sales. If a contract contains more than one performance obligation, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. Revenue from product sales are recorded net of allowances for estimated rebates, cash discounts and estimates of product returns, all of which are established at the time of sale.

The consideration received by the Group in exchange for its goods may be fixed or variable. Variable consideration is only recognised when it is considered highly probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the underlying uncertainty related to variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At contract inception, since for most of the contracts it is expected that the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to a customer and payment for these goods or services by the customer will be one year or less, practical expedient in Ind AS 115 have been applied and accordingly the Group does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of any significant financing component.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Contract liabilities are recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer on receipt of payment.

## **(e) Other Income**

### **Dividends**

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend by the reporting date.

### **Interest Income**

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

## **(f) Taxes**

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

### *Current income tax*

Income tax expense is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current year and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Provision for income tax includes the impact of provisions established for uncertain income tax positions. Tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

### *Deferred tax*

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

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The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

**(g) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and specific grant/subsidies, if any. Cost comprise of purchase price, freight, non-refundable taxes and duties, specified foreign exchange gains or losses and any other cost attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalised. Indirect expenditure is capitalised to the extent those relate to the construction activity or is incidental thereto. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

The Group adopted cost model as its accounting policy, in recognition of property, plant and equipment and recognizes transaction value as the cost.

Direct expenditure incurred and other attributable costs on projects under implementation are treated as unallocated capital expenditure pending allocation to the assets and under construction or in the process of installation are termed as capital work-in-progress and shown at cost in the Balance Sheet.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

*Transition to Ind AS*

The cost property, plant and equipment at 1 April 2015, the Group's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost), as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

*Borrowing costs*

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

*Depreciation on property, plant and equipment*

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as estimated by the management. Depreciation on additions/(disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from/ (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use/ (disposed off). Management has assessed the useful life of its property, plant and equipment on the basis of technical expert advice and past experience in the industry. The details of useful lives as assessed by the management and as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act is as follows.

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Management estimate (No. of years)</b>	<b>Schedule II (No. of years)</b>
Buildings (Including Roads)	10- 30 years	10- 30 years
Laboratory equipment	3-7 years	10 years
Plant and machinery	20 years	20 years
Computer and related equipment	3 - 4 years	3 - 6 years
Office equipment	5 - 10 years	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated on straight-line method over the lease period or the useful lives as determined by management, whichever is lower.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

## (h) Intangible assets

### *Software licenses including computer software*

Intangible assets in the nature of software licenses are measured on initial recognition at cost including expenditure incurred towards implementation of such software. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

### *Amortization*

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life. If the persuasive evidence exists to the effect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Group amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life.

### *Technology related intangibles acquired*

Intangible assets purchased or acquired in business combination, are measured at cost or fair value as of the date of acquisition, as applicable, less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

### *Amortization of technology*

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life which in this case estimated to be five years. Further, the amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least once at each financial year end.

### *Customer relationships intangible assets acquired*

Intangible assets purchased or acquired in business combination, are measured at cost or fair value as of the date of acquisition, as applicable, less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

### *Amortization of Customer relationships intangible assets*

The intangible assets are amortised over a period of five years as per management's estimate of its useful life, based on the life over which economic benefits are expected to be realised.

## (i) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

### **As a lessee**

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately in the Balance sheet.

**Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets:**

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

**(j) Inventories**

Raw material in the nature of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are carried at cost. Cost includes purchase price, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the Group from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the Material cost, Actual cost is used in-case of raw materials for manufacturing activities and moving average cost method is used in all other cases. The carrying cost of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are appropriately written down when there is a decline in replacement cost of such materials and final services in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold below cost.

Cost of work in progress includes cost of material consumed, labour and manufacturing overheads.

Finished goods are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale.

The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-Item basis.

**(k) Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Group assesses at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not subsequently reversed. In respect of other assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Group reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or Group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill is not reversed in future periods. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually as at 31 March at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

**(l) Contingent liabilities**

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements but disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

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A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Group from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

**(m) Retirement and other employee benefits**

*Short-term employee benefits*

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

*Defined contribution plans*

The Group's contribution towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme is considered as a defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered Provident Fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

*Defined benefit plans*

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

*Gratuity*

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The contributions made to the fund are recognised as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognised in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognised in the other comprehensive income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

*Compensated absences*

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets, if any out of which the obligations are expected to be settled. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur

**(n) Share based payments**

The Group measures compensation cost relating to share-based payments using the fair valuation method in accordance with Ind AS 102 (Share Based Payment). Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model (Black-Scholes valuation model). That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled

transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures materially differ from those estimates.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

Employees (including senior executives) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

## **(o) Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### **Financial assets**

#### **Initial recognition and measurement:**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liabilities is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

**Subsequent measurement:** For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Debt instruments
- Equity instruments

### **Debt instruments**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met: a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This category is the most relevant to the Group. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer note 9.

### **Equity instruments**

All equity instruments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Group makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

### **Derecognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.



When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement.

### **Offsetting**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting**

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

At inception of designated hedging relationships, the Group documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Group also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

### **Cash flow hedges**

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in other equity under 'effective portion of cash flow hedges'. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is recognized in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains there until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

### **Impairment of financial assets**

The Group recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit and loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. As a practical expedient, the Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further, the Company estimates full provision for all the amounts which the management estimates that they are not recoverable.

The ECL loss allowance (or reversal) during the year is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

### **Financial liabilities**

#### **Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of

directly attributable transaction costs. The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

### **Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

#### **Loans and borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some of all the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. The fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to borrowings. For more information, refer Note 15.

#### **Financial guarantee contract**

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

As guarantees in relation to loans and other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

#### **Derecognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### **Reclassification of financial assets**

The Group determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Group's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Group's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Group either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Group reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Group does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

**(p) Treasury shares:**

The Group has created a Aragen Employees Welfare Trust (formerly GVK Bio Employees Welfare Trust) for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Group uses the Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The Trust buys shares of the Group from the employees, for future grants to employees in pursuant to the Employee Stock Option Scheme. The Group treats the Trust as its extension and shares held by the Trust are treated as treasury shares. Those equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity of the Group. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognised in reserve. Share options exercised during the reporting period are satisfied with treasury shares.

**(q) Cash and cash equivalents:**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

**(r) Cash dividend and non-cash distribution to equity holders of the Holding company**

The Group recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

**(s) Investments**

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on individual investment basis.

The Group reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost (net of impairment, if any) annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

**(t) Earnings per equity share**

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

**(u) Statement of Cash flows**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

**(v) Government grants**

The Company recognises Government grants only at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the grants will be received. Government grants received in relation to assets are recognised as deferred income and amortised over the useful life of such asset. Grants related to income are recognised in statement of profit and loss as other operating revenues or deducted in reporting the related expense based on the terms of the grant, as applicable.

**(w) Assets held for sale**

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as 'held for sale' when all the following criteria are met: (i) decision has been made to sell, (ii) the assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition, (iii) the assets are being actively marketed and (iv) sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the Balance Sheet date.

**(x) Segment reporting**

Segments are identified taking into consideration the internal organization and management structure as well as the differential risk and returns of the segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 'Operating Segment'.

- Based on Group's business model, providing contract research and development services has been considered as the only reportable business segment and hence no separate financial disclosures are provided in respect of its single business segment.
- Geographical-wise details of the Group's revenues from external customers and its non-current assets (other than financial instruments, investments accounted for using the equity method, deferred tax assets and post-employment benefit assets) are specified in note 36.

**(y) Changes in Material accounting policies**

**Material accounting policy information**

The Group adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to Ind AS 1) from 01 April 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes in the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

**(z) Recent pronouncements**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

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**3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress**

	Land <sup>^</sup>	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computer and related equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>										
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>289.99</b>	<b>2,562.02</b>	<b>1,536.45</b>	<b>6,813.44</b>	<b>590.84</b>	<b>6.68</b>	<b>1,235.81</b>	<b>245.50</b>	<b>342.04</b>	<b>13,622.77</b>
Additions during the year	-	144.63	209.64	1,767.55	86.93	1.45	193.72	98.74	7.69	2,510.35
Disposals during the year	-	-	(7.95)	(2.82)	-	-	(0.01)	-	-	(10.78)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	43.15	-	-	1.98	-	27.06	72.19
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>289.99</b>	<b>2,706.65</b>	<b>1,738.14</b>	<b>8,621.32</b>	<b>677.77</b>	<b>8.13</b>	<b>1,431.50</b>	<b>344.24</b>	<b>376.79</b>	<b>16,194.53</b>
Additions during the year	67.41	219.80	418.41	943.19	172.54	1.43	208.46	81.32	9.68	2,122.24
Disposals during the year	-	-	(24.19)	(24.91)	(0.23)	-	(6.62)	(3.77)	-	(59.72)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	8.24	-	-	0.36	-	4.96	13.56
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>357.40</b>	<b>2,926.45</b>	<b>2,132.36</b>	<b>9,547.84</b>	<b>850.08</b>	<b>9.56</b>	<b>1,633.69</b>	<b>421.79</b>	<b>391.43</b>	<b>18,270.61</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>										
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	-	<b>364.72</b>	<b>383.27</b>	<b>2,907.54</b>	<b>213.69</b>	<b>2.38</b>	<b>498.57</b>	<b>146.09</b>	<b>185.91</b>	<b>4,702.17</b>
Charge for the year	-	93.83	88.42	954.91	59.96	0.72	143.47	57.37	46.47	1,445.15
Disposals during the year	-	-	(5.69)	(1.74)	-	-	-	-	-	(7.43)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	25.75	-	-	1.38	-	15.19	42.32
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	-	<b>458.55</b>	<b>466.00</b>	<b>3,886.46</b>	<b>273.65</b>	<b>3.10</b>	<b>643.42</b>	<b>203.46</b>	<b>247.57</b>	<b>6,182.21</b>
Charge for the year	-	106.03	134.15	1,088.47	66.46	0.84	163.07	74.10	47.76	1,680.88
Disposals during the year	-	-	(24.19)	(1.36)	(0.23)	-	(6.21)	(9.63)	-	(41.61)
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	-	-	6.12	-	-	0.31	-	2.88	9.31
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	-	<b>564.58</b>	<b>575.96</b>	<b>4,979.69</b>	<b>339.88</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>800.59</b>	<b>267.93</b>	<b>298.21</b>	<b>7,830.78</b>
Net carrying amount as at										
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>357.40</b>	<b>2,361.87</b>	<b>1,556.40</b>	<b>4,568.15</b>	<b>510.20</b>	<b>5.62</b>	<b>833.10</b>	<b>153.86</b>	<b>93.22</b>	<b>10,439.82</b>
As at 31 March 2023	289.99	2,248.10	1,272.14	4,734.86	404.12	5.03	788.08	140.78	129.22	10,012.32

**Note (i):**

<sup>^</sup> Includes Land amounting to ₹ 47.95 (31 March 2023: ₹ 47.95) allotted to the Group pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited (formerly Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited), which is pending registration as at 31 March 2024.

Further Land amounting to ₹ 47.64 which is pending for registration in the name of the Group as at 31 March 2023, has been transferred in the name of the Group by Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board during the current year.

Refer note 15 for the details of assets pledged against borrowings.

Refer note 38 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisitions of property, plant and equipment.

**Title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Group**

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Property, Plant and Equipment	
Description of item of property	Land	
Gross carrying value	47.95	95.59
Title deeds held in the name of	Refer Note (i) above	
Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	No	
Reason for not being held in the name of the Company	Refer Note (i) above	

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**3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress** (continued)

**Capital work-in-progress:**

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) comprises expenditure for the building, plant and machinery, laboratory and electrical equipment in the course of construction. The balance of CWIP as at 31 March 2024 is ₹3,117.49 (31 March 2023: ₹1,695.75). The balance of expenditure during construction period pending allocation as at 31 March 2024 is ₹212.46 (31 March 2023: ₹14.79).

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,695.75	321.74
Less: Capitalised during the year	(2,243.44)	(2,554.38)
Add: Additions to CWIP during the year	3,665.18	3,928.39
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>3,117.49</b>	<b>1,695.75</b>

**Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at 31 March 2024 is as follows:**

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,882.25	1,147.08	44.20	43.96	3,117.49
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,882.25</b>	<b>1,147.08</b>	<b>44.20</b>	<b>43.96</b>	<b>3,117.49</b>

**CWIP Completion schedule for Overdue projects**

	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project 1	1.40	-	-	-	1.40
Project 2	254.40	-	-	-	254.40
<b>Total</b>	<b>255.80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>255.80</b>

**Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at 31 March 2023 is as follows:**

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,583.03	64.89	4.34	43.49	1,695.75
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,583.03</b>	<b>64.89</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>43.49</b>	<b>1,695.75</b>

Project execution plans are modulated basis capacity requirement assessment on an annual basis and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual/ revised plan.

**Details of expenditure capitalised during the year**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	14.79	3.84
Interest	134.35	-
Legal and professional charges	9.85	-
Salaries and contract services	32.74	14.75
Lease rentals	0.24	-
Power and fuel	10.40	3.24
Others	20.76	-
Less: Capitalised during the year	(10.67)	(7.04)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>212.46</b>	<b>14.79</b>

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**3A Right-of-use assets ("ROU Assets") and Lease Liabilities**

Following are the changes in the carrying values of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024:

	Category of ROU Assets				Total
	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipments	
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>475.43</b>	<b>32.48</b>	<b>167.93</b>	<b>879.25</b>
Additions during the year	-	57.23	18.90	-	76.13
Disposals during the year	-	(11.72)	-	-	(11.72)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	29.52	-	5.64	35.16
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>550.46</b>	<b>51.38</b>	<b>173.57</b>	<b>978.82</b>
Additions during the year	-	-	17.78	313.72	331.49
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	(71.98)	(71.98)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	5.80	-	1.02	6.82
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>203.41</b>	<b>556.26</b>	<b>69.16</b>	<b>416.32</b>	<b>1,245.15</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>9.50</b>	<b>181.60</b>	<b>4.97</b>	<b>91.90</b>	<b>287.97</b>
Charge for the year	3.22	96.37	10.73	28.80	139.12
Other adjustments	-	8.81	-	-	8.81
Disposals during the year	-	(11.72)	-	-	(11.72)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	11.17	-	6.15	17.32
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>286.23</b>	<b>15.70</b>	<b>126.85</b>	<b>441.50</b>
Charge for the year	3.22	63.78	16.21	57.31	140.52
Other adjustments	-	9.40	-	-	9.40
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	(58.20)	(58.20)
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	3.15	-	1.16	4.31
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>15.94</b>	<b>362.56</b>	<b>31.91</b>	<b>127.12</b>	<b>537.53</b>
<b>Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>187.47</b>	<b>193.70</b>	<b>37.25</b>	<b>289.20</b>	<b>707.62</b>
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2023	190.69	264.23	35.68	46.72	537.32

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The following is the movement in lease liabilities (including accrued interest)

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>425.82</b>	<b>466.31</b>
Additions	331.49	76.13
Deletions from Lease liability	(13.78)	-
Finance cost accrued during the year	31.13	25.36
Payment of lease liabilities (including Interest)	(179.50)	(154.76)
Foreign currency translation reserve	2.93	12.78
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>598.10</b>	<b>425.82</b>

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current lease liabilities	173.73	130.19
Non-current lease liabilities	424.37	295.63
<b>Total</b>	<b>598.10</b>	<b>425.82</b>

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Less than one year	209.65	151.06
One to five years	399.50	287.25
More than five years	360.94	317.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>970.09</b>	<b>755.77</b>

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

**Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest on lease liabilities	31.13	25.36
Expenses relating to short-term leases	25.83	3.62
Depreciation expense for the year	140.52	139.12
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short term leases of low value assets	-	-
	<b>197.49</b>	<b>168.10</b>

**3B Assets held for sale**

During the current year, Management committed to a plan to sell part of its assets which are classified under Capital work in progress. Accordingly, these assets are classified as a Asset held for sale. Efforts to sell this assets have started and is expected to be completed in next financial year (2024-25). The Group has already received the advance for sale of these assets as at Balance sheet date.

The Group has not recognised any impairment losses to the assets held for sale since the carrying amounts are not more than the fair value less costs to disposal.

Details of Assets held for sale	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Capital work in progress (carried at cost)	83.09	-
	<b>83.09</b>	<b>-</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**4 Goodwill**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,618.13	1,618.13
Balance at the end of the year	<b>1,618.13</b>	<b>1,618.13</b>

**Goodwill impairment testing**

At subsidiary level (cash generating unit ("CGUs")), the goodwill is tested for impairment annually at the year-end or more frequently if there are indicators that goodwill might be impaired. The goodwill is allocated to CGU's.

The Group made an assessment of recoverable amount of the CGUs based on value-in-use calculations which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by Management. Cash flow projections were developed covering upto a five-year period as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively which reflects a more appropriate indication/trend of future track of business. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using estimate rates stated below.

**Allocation of goodwill to cash-generating units**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Aragen Bioscience Inc., USA	264.73	264.73
Intox Private Limited, India	1,353.40	1,353.40
	<b>1,618.13</b>	<b>1,618.13</b>

The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations are those regarding the discount rates and terminal growth rates. Management estimates discount rates using post-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The terminal growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts.

Key assumptions used for value in use calculations of Aragen Bioscience Inc., are as follows:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Growth rate	16.43%-19.85%	15.05%-36.33%
Operating margins	8.00%-24.00%	8.00%-24.00%
Discount rate *	19.52%	18.78%

The management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions used in the value in use calculations would cause the carrying value of the CGU to materially exceed its value in use.

Key assumptions used for value in use calculations of Intox Private Limited are as follows:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Growth rate	21.00%-37.19%	25.00%-37.00%
Operating margins	36.52%-47.17%	37.68%-44.18%
Discount rate *	16.15%	17.18%

The management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions used in the value in use calculations would cause the carrying value of the CGU to materially exceed its value in use.

\* The above discount rate is based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) which represents the weighted average return attributable to all the assets. These estimates are likely to differ from future actual results of operations and cash flows. Based on the above assessment, there has been no impairment of goodwill. Management believes that any reasonable possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

The estimated recoverable amount of the CGU's exceeded its carrying amount. Accordingly, no impairment is provided.

**5 Other Intangible assets**

	Computer Software	Customer Relationshi	Intellectual property rights	Others	Total
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>96.98</b>	<b>228.00</b>	<b>186.59</b>	-	<b>511.57</b>
Additions during the year	44.03	-	-	-	44.03
Foreign currency translation reserve	2.62	-	15.46	-	18.08
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>143.63</b>	<b>228.00</b>	<b>202.05</b>	-	<b>573.68</b>
Additions during the year	103.61	-	-	17.59	121.20
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.70	-	2.83	-	3.53
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>247.94</b>	<b>228.00</b>	<b>204.88</b>	<b>17.59</b>	<b>698.41</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>66.40</b>	<b>27.15</b>	<b>147.58</b>	-	<b>241.13</b>
Charge for the year	27.10	38.91	22.61	-	88.62
Foreign currency translation reserve	1.54	-	13.14	-	14.68
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>95.04</b>	<b>66.06</b>	<b>183.33</b>	-	<b>344.43</b>
Charge for the year	30.78	48.22	17.34	0.16	96.51
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.51	-	4.21	-	4.72
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>126.33</b>	<b>114.28</b>	<b>204.88</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>445.66</b>
<b>Net carrying amount</b>					
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>121.61</b>	<b>113.72</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>17.43</b>	<b>252.75</b>
As at 31 March 2023	48.59	161.94	18.72	-	229.25



## 6 Investments

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Unquoted</b>		
<b>Investments designated at fair value through profit &amp; loss (FVTPL)</b>		
<b>Investments in equity instruments of other entities</b>		
1,510 (31 March 2023: 1,310) equity shares of ₹1,000 each fully paid-up of Mana Effluent Treatment Private Limited, India	1.51	1.51
51,430 (31 March 2023: 51,430) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Pattancheru Envirotech Limited (held in the name of Dai-Ichi Karkaria Ltd., pending transfer), India.	0.51	0.51
2,500 (31 March 2023: 2,500) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Saraswat Co-op Bank Ltd., India	0.02	0.02
<b>Investments in other securities</b>		
Investment in government securities – National Savings Certificate	0.01	0.01
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>2.05</b>	<b>2.05</b>
-Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof;	-	-
-Aggregate amount of unquoted investments; and	2.05	2.05
-Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

### Note:

Information about the Group's exposure to credit and market risks and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 31.

## 7 Other financial assets

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	107.49	86.08
Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date	23.22	151.58
	<b>130.71</b>	<b>237.66</b>
<b>Current</b>		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	1.19	3.20
Production linked incentive receivable	-	33.20
Derivative instruments: (refer note (ii) below)		
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging	49.87	-
Contract assets	30.72	46.37
Other assets	-	0.36
	<b>81.78</b>	<b>83.13</b>

(i) Information about the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 31.

### (ii) Derivative instruments:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Total derivative instruments at fair value through profit and loss	(56.67)	(63.39)
Total derivative instruments through OCI	49.77	(145.11)

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk which arises from its foreign exchange revenues and expenses, primarily in U.S. dollar and Euro, and foreign currency debt in U.S. dollars. The Group uses forward contracts and swap contracts (derivatives) to mitigate its risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

### Hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions

Foreign exchange forward contracts that are designated as cash flow hedges and qualify for hedge accounting are fair valued at each reporting date and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income under 'Cash Flow Hedge' in Equity to the extent considered highly effective and are reclassified into the statement of profit & loss upon occurrence of the hedged transactions. Gain or loss on derivative instruments that are either not designated as cash flow hedges or designated as cash flow hedges to the extent considered ineffective is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of the aforesaid hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions, the Company has recorded, in reserves and surplus, a net gain of ₹ 145.83 for the year ended 31 March 2024 and a net loss of (₹ 216.43) for the year ended 31 March 2023. The Company has also recorded, as part of revenue, a net gain/(loss) of (₹87.61) and ₹(373.23) during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively.

The net carrying amount of the Company's "hedging reserve" was a gain/(loss) of ₹ 37.23 as at 31 March 2024, as compared to ₹ (₹ 108.60) as at 31 March 2023 respectively.

The table below summarises the periods when the forecasted cash flows associated with hedging instruments that are classified as cash flow hedges, are expected to occur:

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Cash flows in U.S. Dollars and Euros (figures in equivalent ₹ millions)</b>		
Not later than one month	12.92	(62.36)
Later than one month and not later than three months	12.58	(38.04)
Later than three months and not later than six months	10.80	(57.18)
Later than six months and not later than one year	13.47	15.26
Later than one year	-	(2.79)
<b>Total</b>	<b>49.77</b>	<b>(145.11)</b>

## 8 Inventories

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value</b>		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	257.57	338.66
Work-in-progress	300.37	191.21
Finished goods	14.77	20.93
Stores and spares	148.75	108.40
	<b>721.46</b>	<b>659.20</b>
The above includes stock in transit:		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	-	1.16
	<b>-</b>	<b>1.16</b>

### Note:

The write down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ 43.17 (31 March 2023: ₹ 28.76). The write down are included in cost of materials consumed and changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods.

Refer Note 15 for details of inventories hypothecated or pledged.

## 9 Trade receivables

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured considered good		
- related parties (refer note 40)	0.03	1.40
- other parties	3,503.56	3,288.74
	<b>3,503.59</b>	<b>3,290.14</b>
Unsecured considered doubtful		
- related parties (refer note 40)	-	15.75
- other parties	116.69	193.30
	<b>116.69</b>	<b>209.05</b>
Less : Provision for loss allowance	(116.69)	(209.05)
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>3,503.59</b>	<b>3,290.14</b>
<b>Break-up of security details</b>		
Trade receivables considered good - secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	3,506.09	3,294.99
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	15.94	47.66
Trade receivables - credit impaired	98.25	156.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,620.28</b>	<b>3,499.19</b>
Less : Provision for loss allowance	(116.69)	(209.05)
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>3,503.59</b>	<b>3,290.14</b>

(i) There are no Trade receivables due by directors or other officer of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or amounts due by firms or private limited companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member except as disclosed above.

(ii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.

(iii) The Group exposure to credit risk and foreign currency risk and loss allowances related to Trade receivables are disclosed in note 31.

### (iv) Reconciliation of loss allowance

<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 01 April 2022</b>	<b>100.52</b>
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	106.66
Impact of foreign exchange translations	1.87
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2023</b>	<b>209.05</b>
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	(0.94)
Adjustment against Bad debts written-off	(91.94)
Impact of foreign exchange translations	0.52
<b>Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2024</b>	<b>116.69</b>

### Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	1,877.81	1,248.53	18.59	0.44	-	-	3,145.37
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	25.10	61.57	3.73	7.85	98.25
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	13.62	2.32	15.94
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unbilled Receivables							360.72
Loss allowance							(116.69)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,877.81</b>	<b>1,248.53</b>	<b>43.69</b>	<b>62.01</b>	<b>17.35</b>	<b>10.17</b>	<b>3,503.59</b>

**9 Trade receivables (continued)**

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023:**

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	2,181.39	826.26	16.84	1.57	-	-	3,026.06
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	12.36	3.81	19.46	-	-	35.63
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	63.27	15.90	4.95	21.56	105.68
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	5.92	1.43	2.24	2.44	12.03
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	2.43	8.77	-	39.66	50.86
Unbilled Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	268.93
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	(209.05)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,181.39</b>	<b>838.62</b>	<b>92.27</b>	<b>47.13</b>	<b>7.19</b>	<b>63.66</b>	<b>3,290.14</b>

**10 Cash and bank balances**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>(A) Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Balances with banks		
-In current accounts	269.79	453.45
-Fixed deposits (Original maturity period less than 3 months)	790.00	50.17
Cash on hand	0.11	0.14
	<b>1,059.90</b>	<b>503.76</b>
<b>(B) Bank balances other than (A) above</b>		
Deposits with original maturity for less than 12 months	791.72	1,055.59
Margin money deposits with banks (refer note below)	6.34	6.34
	<b>798.06</b>	<b>1,061.93</b>

Note:

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had ₹6.34 (31 March 2023 : ₹6.34) margin money deposits which are subject to first charge to secure the Group's letter of credit and bank guarantee arrangements.

**11 Other assets**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(Unsecured, considered good)		
<b>Non-current</b>		
Capital advances	156.65	74.64
Prepaid expenses	9.50	10.63
	<b>166.15</b>	<b>85.27</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Advance for expenses	68.04	87.89
Balances lying with government authorities*	655.37	759.48
Prepaid expenses	147.64	178.75
Prepaid Expenses - CSR	12.52	-
Employee advances	2.58	3.56
Share issue expenses (refer note below)	94.23	78.68
	<b>980.38</b>	<b>1,108.36</b>

\*includes deposits paid under protest of ₹ 19.10 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6.22)

Note: The Company is in the process of filing Draft Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI in connection with the proposed Initial Public Offer ('IPO') of equity shares by way of fresh issue and an offer for sale by the existing shareholders. Accordingly, expenses incurred by the Company aggregating to Rs. 94.23 in connection with filing of Draft Red Herring Prospectus have been shown under "other current assets" as it shall be partly recovered from the existing shareholders (as per the offer agreement) and partly to be adjusted towards the securities premium

There are no other assets due by directors or other officer of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or amounts due by firms or private limited companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member except as disclosed above.

**12 Equity share capital**

	As at			
	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
<b>Authorized</b>				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	250,000,000	2,500.00	142,000,000	1,420.00
Increased during the year	-	-	108,000,000	1,080.00
	<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>2,500.00</b>	<b>250,000,000</b>	<b>2,500.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up</b>				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	204,414,189	2,044.14	68,138,063	681.38
Add: Bonus shares issued (refer note (e) below)	-	-	136,276,126	1,362.76
	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>

**(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year**

	As at			
	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	204,414,189	2,044.14	68,138,063	681.38
Shares issued during the year	-	-	136,276,126	1,362.76
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>	<b>204,414,189</b>	<b>2,044.14</b>

**(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company**

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
<b>Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid</b>				
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	68,895,609	33.70%	68,895,609	33.70%
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	49,664,913	24.30%	49,664,913	24.30%
WSCP VIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	47,605,242	23.29%	47,605,242	23.29%
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	19,230,696	9.41%	19,230,696	9.41%
WSCP VIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	8,569,308	4.19%	8,569,308	4.19%
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	6,615,072	3.24%	6,615,072	3.24%

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

**(d) Shareholding of promoters/promoters group**

	As at 31 March 2024		% Change during the year	As at 31 March 2023		% Change during the previous year
	No. of Shares	% of total shares		No. of Shares	% of total shares	
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	68,895,609	33.70%	0.00%	68,895,609	33.70%	1.33%
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	49,664,913	24.30%	0.00%	49,664,913	24.30%	0.24%
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	19,230,696	9.41%	0.00%	19,230,696	9.41%	0.00%

**(e) Issue of bonus shares**

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on the 25 January 2023 and at the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 January 2023, the members of the Company have approved issue of bonus shares to the existing shareholders of the Company in the ratio of two bonus equity shares of ₹10 each credited as fully paid-up for every equity share of ₹10 each held by the members by capitalising such sums standing to the credit of securities premium and free reserves such as capital redemption reserve, general reserve and retained earnings of the Group. Accordingly, 13,62,76,126 equity shares of ₹10 each were allotted on 29 January 2023 pursuant to the above plan vide adjustment to the balance of securities premium and free reserves as at the date of issue.

The Company has not issued any bonus shares during the past five years other than those disclosed above.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**12 Equity Share capital** (continued)

**(f) Shares reserved for issue under employee stock option scheme(ESOP):**

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 21 April 2006, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2007' with a pool of 450,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each. The options so granted are subject to progressive vesting over a period of four years from the date of grant on an annual basis in the proportion of 20%, 20%, 30% and 30%, respectively, and can be exercised within a period of 5 years from the date of vesting in the event of Company being listed or the same can be exercised within 5 years from the date of listing or such other early period and such number as determined by Board of Directors of the Company from time to time. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 16 March 2017, agreed to issue 3 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 25 January 2023, agreed to issue 2 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

The Group has accounted for employee deferred compensation expense using fair value method for options granted at a price lower than the market values.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding, beginning of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 66.67
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67
Exercisable at the end of the year	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67	1,125,000	12.72	3.33 to 56.67

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2017:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 24 May 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2017' with a pool of 2,000,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the company or transfer through the trust. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year are 20%, 25%, 25% and 30%. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 25 January 2023, agreed to issue 2 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding, beginning of the year	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	19,125	-	132.00 to 234.00	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of the year	2,388,207	122.98	78.47 to 234.00	2,407,332	122.98	78.47 to 234.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	2,081,307	141.00	78.47 to 234.00	1,836,735	161.18	78.47 to 234.00

**12 Equity Share capital** (continued)

**Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2022:**

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 02 December 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2022' with a pool of 3,600,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Board/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the Company or transfer through the Employees Welfare Trust of the Company. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year is one year from the date of grant.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹
Outstanding, beginning of the year	355,585	10.00	10.00	-	-	-
Granted during the year	362,240	10.00	10.00	409,040	10.00	10.00
Forfeited during the year	50,842	10.00	10.00	53,455	10.00	10.00
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of the year	666,983	10.00	10.00	355,585	10.00	10.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	304,743	10.00	-	-	-	-

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Risk free interest rate	7.16%	6.76%
Remaining contractual life	0.32	0.32
Expected life of share options (years)	1 year	1 year
Expected volatility (%)	23.06%	28.38%
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00%	0.00%

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome. The Management has considered the benchmark with listed Company with similar industry to determine the volatility %.

**Aragen Bioscience Inc. ("Aragen")**

On 9 January 2009, Aragen's board of directors adopted, the Aragen's 2008 Equity Incentive Plan (the plan).

Under the plan, the option exercise price per share would be \$1.00 per share. The option granted under the plan would vest over 4 years. The fair value of the option on the grant date is \$1.00 per share. The Aragen has granted 396,000 shares under the plan in January 2009. Under the Aragen's Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the plan), the option exercise price per share would be \$7.42 per share. The Option granted under the plan would vest over 4 years. the fair value of the option on the grant date is \$7.42 per share. The Aragen has approved 168,000 shares under the plan in Jul'18. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has issued fresh options of 16,794 with an option exercise price of \$9.18 per share.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

	31 March 2024			31 March 2023		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Range of exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Range of exercise price \$
Outstanding, beginning of the year	8,640	7.42	7.42	52,575	12.47	7.42 to 18.08
Granted during the year	16,794	9.18	0.00	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	7.42	43,935	13.26	7.42 to 18.08
Outstanding, end of the year	25,434	8.58	7.42	8,640	7.42	7.42
Exercisable at the end of the year	8,640	7.42	7.42	8,640	7.42	7.42

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Risk free interest rate	5.43%	
Expected life of share options (years)	1.00	Not Applicable
Expected volatility (%)	26.50%	
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00%	

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

(g) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Nil) the Holding Company has not bought back any shares.

(h) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Nil) no shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash other than reported above.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
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**13 Other equity**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Securities premium</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	391.33
Add: Received during the year	-	-
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(391.33)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Treasury shares</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(146.87)	(146.87)
Add: Share purchases during the year	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>
<b>Capital reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(528.34)	(528.34)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(528.34)</b>	<b>(528.34)</b>
<b>General reserves</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	211.05
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(211.05)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,064.93	9,271.37
Add: Net profit for the year	1,581.19	2,166.04
Add: Other comprehensive income net of tax	(11.07)	(18.17)
Less: Dividends paid	(535.34)	(597.29)
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(757.02)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>11,099.71</b>	<b>10,064.93</b>
<b>Effective portion of cash flow hedge</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(108.60)	107.83
Add: Other comprehensive income net of tax	145.83	(216.43)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>37.23</b>	<b>(108.60)</b>
<b>Foreign currency translation reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	57.19	(8.40)
Add: Reserve for the year	1.06	65.59
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>58.25</b>	<b>57.19</b>
<b>Capital redemption reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	3.36
Less: Utilised for bonus issue	-	(3.36)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Debenture redemption reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	200.00	200.00
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>200.00</b>	<b>200.00</b>
<b>Share based payment reserve</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	173.06	143.21
Add: Gross compensation for stock options granted during the year	112.27	29.85
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>285.33</b>	<b>173.06</b>
<b>Gross obligation to non-controlling interest under put options</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(4.00)	(4.00)
Add: On account of Business combination	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(4.00)</b>	<b>(4.00)</b>
<b>Total other equity</b>	<b>11,001.31</b>	<b>9,707.37</b>

**Nature and purpose of reserves**

**Securities premium**

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies act 2013.

**Treasury shares**

Represents equity shares of the Company held by the controlled trusts.

**Capital reserve**

Represents reserve created on merger of Aragen Life Sciences Limited and Inogen Laboratories Private Limited, merger of GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited into Aragen Life Sciences Limited and on consolidation of Aragen Bioscience, Inc.

**General reserve**

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

**Retained earnings**

The amount represents surplus in statement of profit and loss not transferred to any reserve and can be distributed by the Group as dividends / issue of bonus shares to its equity shareholders.

**Effective portion of cash flow hedge**

This reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of change in fair value of derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges. It will be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

**Capital redemption reserve**

Represents the nominal value of shares bought back by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited, the erstwhile Parent Company.

**Debenture redemption reserve**

The Holding Company has issued redeemable non-convertible debentures. Accordingly, the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended), require the Holding Company to create DRR out of profits of the Holding Company available for payment of dividend. DRR is required to be created for an amount which is equal to 10% of the value of debentures issued.

**Share based payment reserve**

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share based payments provided to employees, including key management personnel, as part of their remuneration. The amounts recorded in this account are transferred to share premium upon exercise of stock options by employees. In case of lapse, corresponding balance is transferred to general reserve.

**Gross obligation to non-controlling interest under put options**

Represents the fair value of the put option obligation towards the acquisition of balance stake in Intox Private Limited.

**13 Other equity (continued)**

**(a) Distribution made and proposed**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Dividends on equity shares declared and paid:</b>		
Final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023: ₹ 2.65 per share (31 March 2022: ₹ 8.64 per share)*	535.34	597.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>535.34</b>	<b>597.29</b>
<b>Proposed dividends on equity shares#:</b>		
Proposed final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024: ₹ 2 per share (31 March 2023: ₹ 2.65 per share)	408.83	541.70
	<b>408.83</b>	<b>541.70</b>

# Proposed dividends on equity shares are subject to approval at the annual general meeting and are not recognised as a liability as at 31 March.

\* The amount excludes the dividend relating to shares held by Aragen Employees Welfare Trust ₹ 6.36 (31 March 2023: ₹ 6.91). Further, Previous year amount includes ₹ 15.49 declared and paid by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited the erstwhile Holding Company which was merged pursuant to the scheme of arrangement.

**(b) Treasury Shares**

	Number of shares	Amount
<b>As at 01 April 2022</b>	<b>(799,452)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year	(1,598,904)	-
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>(2,398,356)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>(2,398,356)</b>	<b>(146.87)</b>

**14 Non-controlling interest (NCI)**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	547.66	513.07
Share of profit during the year	19.85	32.67
Share of other comprehensive income during the year	0.07	1.92
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>567.58</b>	<b>547.66</b>

**15 Borrowings**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured bank loans</b>		
-Foreign currency loans (Note (i))	-	131.80
-Indian Rupee term loans (Note (i))	2,571.88	2,296.88
7.75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures	1,993.77	1,987.05
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	(2,756.27)	(856.81)
	<b>1,809.38</b>	<b>3,558.92</b>
<b>Current borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured bank loans</b>		
Working capital loans from bank (Note (iii))	950.22	304.20
Foreign currency packing credit and buyers credit loan (Note (ii))	938.83	565.46
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	2,756.27	856.81
	<b>4,645.32</b>	<b>1,726.47</b>
<b>Total Borrowings</b>	<b>6,454.70</b>	<b>5,285.39</b>

**Note (i)**

**a) Details of security of long term borrowings:**

Nature of Loan	Name of the Bank	Amount as at		Year of Maturity	Security
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Foreign Currency Term loan	CITI Bank	-	131.80	FY 2023-24	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	384.38	478.13	FY 2026-27	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	CITI Bank	343.75	468.75	FY 2026-27	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Federal Bank	-	300.00	FY 2023-24	First charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	412.50	562.50	FY 2025-26	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Nacharam facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Kotak Mahindra Bank	431.25	487.50	FY 2027-28	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	CITI Bank	500.00	-	FY 2025-26	Exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam with minimum asset cover of 1.25x
Indian Rupee Term Loan	Federal Bank	500.00	-	FY 2025-26	First charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Mallapur with minimum asset cover of 1.1x
Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures	Issued on Private Placement	1,993.77	1,987.05	FY 2024-25	First charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP including immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.



**15 Borrowings** (continued)

**b) Terms of repayment of long term borrowings:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within 1 year	2,756.27	856.81
1 - 2 years	1,350.00	2,499.54
2 - 5 years	459.38	1,059.38
> 5 years	-	-
	<b>4,565.65</b>	<b>4,415.73</b>

c) The foreign currency loans carries an annual interest rate in the range of 1.90% - 5.85% (31 March 2023: 2.46% - 6.31%) and is repayable in quarterly instalments as agreed. Indian Rupee loans carry an annual fixed rate of interest in the range of 7.00% - 7.95% (31 March 2023: 7.00% - 7.75%) and is repayable in quarterly/half yearly/tri-annually instalments as agreed.

**Note (ii)**

Foreign currency packing credit and buyers' credit are repayable over a period of three to six months and are secured against first charge on current assets including, receivables. These loans carry an annual interest rate in the range of 1.90% to 5.85% (31 March 2023: 2.46% to 6.31%) per annum.

**Note (iii)**

Working capital loans from banks, are secured by: Pari-passu first charge on the current assets of the Company. These loans carry annual interest rate in the range of 7.65% to 7.85% (31 March 2023: 6.31%) per annum.

**Loan covenants**

Bank loans contain certain debt covenants relating to limitation on indebtedness, debt equity ratio, net borrowings to Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The Group has satisfied all debt covenants prescribed in the terms of bank loan.

**Note (iv) - Reconciliation of Liabilities from Financing Activities**

	Liabilities from financing activities				Total
	Leases	Non-Current borrowings (incl., current maturities)	Current borrowings	Interest accrued*	
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>466.31</b>	<b>4,838.53</b>	<b>366.01</b>	<b>59.44</b>	<b>5,730.29</b>
Cash flows	(129.40)	(405.89)	495.88	-	(39.41)
Additions to leases	76.13	-	-	-	76.13
Foreign exchange adjustments	12.78	(16.91)	7.77	-	3.64
Interest expense	25.36	-	-	344.97	370.33
Interest paid	(25.36)	-	-	(326.76)	(352.12)
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>425.82</b>	<b>4,415.73</b>	<b>869.66</b>	<b>77.65</b>	<b>5,788.86</b>
Cash flows	(148.36)	178.40	1,013.15	-	1,043.19
Additions to leases	331.49	-	-	-	331.49
Deletions to leases	(13.78)	-	-	-	(13.78)
Foreign exchange adjustments	2.93	(28.48)	6.24	-	(19.31)
Interest expense	31.14	-	-	434.07	465.21
Interest paid	(31.14)	-	-	(418.05)	(449.19)
<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>598.11</b>	<b>4,565.65</b>	<b>1,889.05</b>	<b>93.67</b>	<b>7,146.47</b>

\* Includes Interest accrued on MSME dues ₹4.48 (31 March 2023: ₹4.45) and Interest capitalised of ₹134.35 (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil)

**Note (v) Sensitivity:**

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates

	Change in rate	Impact on profit after tax	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Foreign currency loans	Increase by 1%	(7.03)	(5.22)
	Decrease by 1%	7.03	5.22
INR Loans	Increase by 1%	(23.78)	(19.46)
	Decrease by 1%	23.78	19.46

**16 Provisions**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (refer note 24)	261.82	210.17
	<b>261.82</b>	<b>210.17</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (refer note 24)	40.97	35.15
-Compensated absences	153.15	129.19
	<b>194.12</b>	<b>164.34</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**17 Trade payables**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Trade payables</b>		
- related parties (note 40)	0.61	3.12
-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	229.40	122.42
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	961.28	1,022.38
	<b>1,191.29</b>	<b>1,147.92</b>

(a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 0-90 day terms

(b) Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 31.

**Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	100.85	118.73	3.41	0.70	5.71	229.40
(ii) Others	321.49	413.90	5.37	2.09	10.52	753.37
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Accrued for expenses						208.52
	<b>422.34</b>	<b>532.63</b>	<b>8.78</b>	<b>2.79</b>	<b>16.23</b>	<b>1,191.29</b>

**Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	76.17	59.61	0.92	0.62	7.89	145.21
(ii) Others	359.60	296.99	2.35	15.14	7.91	681.99
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Accrued for expenses						320.72
	<b>435.77</b>	<b>356.60</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>15.76</b>	<b>15.80</b>	<b>1,147.92</b>

**18 Other financial liabilities**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Non-current</b>		
Put option liability (refer note below)	4.00	4.00
	<b>4.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>
<b>Current</b>		
<b>At amortised cost</b>		
Creditors for capital expenditure	356.54	578.40
Creditors for expenses	4.44	4.93
Refundable deposits	1.56	1.56
Dues to employees	439.80	289.34
Derivative instruments: (Refer note 7)		
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging	0.10	145.11
-Other Foreign exchange forward contracts	56.67	63.39
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	93.67	77.65
	<b>952.78</b>	<b>1,160.38</b>

**Note:** The Company has entered into a put option agreement for the balance 24 % equity stake of Intox Private Limited. This has been accounted for as a derivative instrument and the fair value of put option as at 31 March 2024 is ₹ 4.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 4.00).

Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 31.

**19 Other current liabilities**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advances received from customers	353.13	248.24
Liability towards Corporate Social Responsibility		21.51
Statutory liabilities	87.08	82.95
Unearned revenue	100.48	206.80
Other liabilities	89.09	24.90
	<b>629.78</b>	<b>584.40</b>

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**20 Revenue from operations**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Sale of goods:</b>		
- Pharmaceutical products sales	3,232.90	4,735.28
<b>Revenue from services:</b>		
- Contract research services	13,326.16	12,533.46
Other operating revenues	16.71	97.27
	<b>16,575.77</b>	<b>17,366.01</b>

Revenues from Contracts with Customers establishes a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, and recognising revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied.

In relation to information about the Group's performance obligations in contracts with customers refer note 2(i). The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is ₹138.38 (31 March 2023: ₹123.16) out of which 100% is expected to be recognised as revenue in the next year. No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from the amount mentioned above.

**Information about products and services**

The Group deals in different types of products and services

Timing of recognition	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sale of goods	3,232.90	4,735.28
Sales of services Over the period	13,326.16	12,533.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,559.06</b>	<b>17,268.74</b>

**Contract balances:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Trade receivables	3,503.59	3,290.14
Contract assets	30.72	46.37
Contract liabilities - Customer advances	353.13	248.24

Refer note 37 for disaggregated revenue details by geography.

**Reconciliation of revenue with contract price**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract price	16,559.06	17,285.12
Less : Discounts	-	16.38
<b>Revenue from operations</b>	<b>16,559.06</b>	<b>17,268.74</b>

The amount of ₹248.24 included in the contract liabilities as at 31 March 2023 has been recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: ₹562.64).

**21 Other income**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	68.68	109.79
Gain on Sale of assets	4.07	-
Liabilities no longer required written back	21.02	10.48
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net		13.32
Other non-operating income	73.90	18.53
Interest income on loans and advances	3.31	2.19
	<b>170.98</b>	<b>154.31</b>

**22 Cost of material consumed**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	283.75	329.41
Add: Purchases of raw materials	1,503.07	1,741.13
	<b>1,786.82</b>	<b>2,070.54</b>
Less: Inventory at the end of the period	245.66	283.75
	<b>1,541.16</b>	<b>1,786.79</b>

**23 Changes in inventories of Work-in-progress and finished goods**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening Stock		
Finished goods	20.59	81.97
Work-in-progress	182.62	442.76
Closing stock		
Finished goods	14.77	20.59
Work-in-progress	255.88	182.62
	<b>(67.44)</b>	<b>321.52</b>

**24 Employee benefits expense**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries and wages	5,044.09	4,532.99
Employee stock compensation expenses	114.76	29.85
Contribution to provident and other funds (note a)	156.26	152.64
Gratuity and compensated absences (note b)	105.32	92.92
Staff welfare expenses	301.31	311.03
	<b>5,721.74</b>	<b>5,119.43</b>

**a. Defined contribution plan**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group contributed ₹112.04 (31 March 2023: ₹106.22) to provident fund, ₹2.50 (31 March 2023: ₹8.47) towards employee state insurance fund, ₹23.20 (31 March 2023: ₹ 21.33) towards Individual Retirement Account (IRA) and ₹18.52 (31 March 2024: ₹16.62) towards National Pension scheme.

**b. Defined benefit plan**

The Group has a defined benefit plan, viz. gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service subject to maximum limits prescribed under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age.

**Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	245.40	189.67
Current service cost	43.54	38.82
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	16.65	12.84
Benefits paid	(17.42)	(17.42)
Actuarial losses on obligation	14.68	21.49
Defined benefit obligation at end of the year	<b>302.85</b>	<b>245.40</b>

**The fair value of defined benefit plan assets are as follows:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	0.08	0.57
Add: Contributed during the year	-	-
Add: Interest accrued during the period/year	0.01	0.05
Add: Return on plan assets	(0.02)	(0.05)
Less: Benefits paid from the plan during the year	(0.01)	(0.49)
<b>Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.08</b>

**Reconciliation of present value of obligation and the fair value of plan assets**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of defined benefit obligation	302.85	245.39
Fair value of plan assets at the end	(0.06)	(0.08)
<b>Net liability recognised in the balance sheet</b>	<b>302.79</b>	<b>245.31</b>

**Current & Non-current bifurcation of net liability**

Current	40.97	35.15
Non-current	261.82	210.17
	<b>302.79</b>	<b>245.32</b>

**The amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>In Statement of Profit and Loss under "Employee benefits expense"</b>		
Current service cost	43.54	38.82
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	16.65	12.84
Return on plan assets	(0.01)	(0.05)
	<b>60.18</b>	<b>51.61</b>
<b>In Statement of Other Comprehensive Income</b>		
Actuarial loss	14.68	21.49
Return on Plan Assets(excluding Interest income)	0.02	0.05
	<b>14.70</b>	<b>21.54</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>74.88</b>	<b>73.15</b>

**The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out as below:**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.17 to 7.20%	7.30% to 7.44%
Retirement age	58 to 60 years	58 to 60 years
Salary escalation	6% to 8%	6% to 8%
Attrition rate	8% to 20%	8% to 20%
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ult.	IALM (2012-14) Ult.

The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market. Further, the Group has invested a part of the accrued liability as of 31 March 2024. The Group evaluates these assumptions annually based on its long-term plans of growth and industry standards.

**Plan assets:**

The plan assets comprise of debt and equity securities through a scheme of cash contribution for a scheme of insurance taken with Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Ltd. ('Insurer'), which is a qualified insurer. The details of individual category of investments that comprise of the total plan assets have not been provided by the insurer.

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**24 Employee benefits expense** (continued)

**Impact on defined benefit obligation**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Assumptions</b>		
Sensitivity level		
- Attrition rate : increase by 1 %	299.98	252.14
- Attrition rate : decrease by 1 %	(305.92)	(253.77)
- Salary escalation : increase by 1 %	319.05	264.26
- Salary escalation : decrease by 1 %	(287.66)	(242.26)
- Discount rate : increase by 1 %	(289.18)	(243.63)
- Discount rate : decrease by 1 %	317.97	263.55
- Mortality rate : increase by 1 %	(286.90)	(232.34)
- Mortality rate : decrease by 1 %	286.90	232.33

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The best estimate contribution for the company during the next year would be ₹39.66 (31 March 2023: ₹34.10).

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 5.19 years (31 March 2023: 5.17 years).

**Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within 1 year	41.05	35.25
2 - 5 years	163.20	131.74
6 - 10 years	131.96	107.05
Above 10 years	135.79	98.93

The Group provides compensated absences benefits to the employees of the Group which can be carried forward to future years. Since the compensated absences do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as a long-term employee benefit. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group has incurred an expense on compensated absences amounting to ₹45.14 (31 March 2023 ₹41.31). The Group determines the expense for compensated absences basis the actuarial valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

**Code on Social Security, 2020:**

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the Group towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Group will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

**25 Finance costs**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	289.78	345.89
Interest expense on lease liability	31.13	25.36
Other borrowing cost*	9.95	17.81
	<b>330.86</b>	<b>389.06</b>

\*Exchange difference to the extent considered as an adjustment to borrowing cost.

Note: Interest Capitalised of ₹ 134.35 (31 March 2023: ₹ Nil) at the average Interest rate of 7.10%.

**26 Depreciation and amortisation expense**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment (note 3)	1,680.88	1,445.15
Depreciation on Right of use assets (note 3A)	140.52	139.12
Amortisation of Intangible assets (note 5)	96.51	88.62
	<b>1,917.90</b>	<b>1,672.89</b>

Note: The above amounts excludes an amount of ₹ 9.40 (31 March 2023: ₹ 8.81) which is capitalised during the year.

**27 Other expenses**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Direct expenses:</b>		
Consumption of chemicals and spares	2,447.01	2,637.53
Job work charges	121.22	102.11
Other direct expenses	101.93	115.35
<b>Indirect expenses:</b>		
Power and fuel	613.60	618.96
Rent	25.83	3.62
Repairs and maintenance		
- Buildings	56.87	54.19
- Machinery	231.71	237.24
- Others	74.99	65.28
Insurance	50.69	49.72
Bank charges	19.47	16.45
Rates and taxes	58.37	49.28
Communication expenses	16.66	13.05
Contract services	118.68	118.85
Office maintenance expenses	198.27	168.72
Travelling and conveyance	114.27	86.57
Consultancy and professional charges	126.37	175.80
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	57.43	42.51
Printing and stationery	6.23	5.18
Carriage outwards	84.86	61.56
Effluent treatment charges	50.26	50.81
Loss of sale of asset	-	0.44
(Reversal)/provision for loss allowance (refer note 9)	(0.94)	106.66
Trade receivable write off	146.98	-
Less: Transfer from Provision (refer note 9)	(91.94)	-
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net	34.64	-
Subscription fees	171.41	106.31
Business development expenses	145.89	195.76
Water charges	36.19	38.46
Miscellaneous expenses	37.25	44.72
	<b>5,054.20</b>	<b>5,165.13</b>

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**28 Income taxes**

**A. Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current taxes	708.00	932.86
Current tax relating to prior years	(6.01)	15.21
Deferred taxes	(54.70)	(81.28)
<b>Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss</b>	<b>647.29</b>	<b>866.79</b>

**Tax expense charged to OCI**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Tax related to items in OCI during the year:</b>		
Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts	49.05	(72.78)
Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(3.70)	(5.29)
<b>Tax expense reported in OCI</b>	<b>45.35</b>	<b>(78.08)</b>

Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.

**B. Other Income tax assets, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advance tax, (net of provision for tax 2,254.06 (31 March 2023 ₹1,568.90))	235.12	204.83
	<b>235.12</b>	<b>204.83</b>

**C. Current income tax liabilities, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for tax, (net of advance tax ₹2,366.63 (31 March 2023 ₹2,331.91))	78.21	117.88
	<b>78.21</b>	<b>117.88</b>

**Note:**

Includes an amount paid under protest of ₹ 38.51 (31 March 2023: ₹ 38.51)

**D. Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit before tax	2,248.33	3,065.50
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%)	565.86	771.53
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	15.65	11.97
Tax incentives	(13.11)	(33.59)
Tax losses for which no deferred income tax was recognised	83.82	92.24
Current tax relating to prior years	(6.01)	15.21
Others	1.08	9.43
<b>Total tax expense</b>	<b>647.29</b>	<b>866.79</b>
<b>Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss</b>	<b>647.29</b>	<b>866.79</b>

**E. Deferred tax assets, net**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023

The tax effects of significant temporary differences that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

**Deferred income tax liabilities**

Property, plant and equipment	108.48	140.08
Derivative instruments	12.85	-
Others	3.54	3.53
	<b>124.87</b>	<b>143.61</b>

**Deferred income tax assets**

Accrued compensation to employees	101.37	78.43
Derivative instruments	7.74	65.68
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	19.29	43.73
Statutory bonus	26.46	0.42
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	17.49	18.28
Others	18.89	4.66
Leases	13.36	2.78
	<b>204.60</b>	<b>213.98</b>

**Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets, net**

	<b>79.73</b>	<b>70.37</b>
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**Movement in deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2024**

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	140.08	(31.60)		108.48
Derivative instruments	(36.20)		49.05	12.85
Others	3.53	0.01		3.54
	<b>107.41</b>	<b>(31.59)</b>	<b>49.05</b>	<b>124.87</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>				
Accrued compensation to employees	78.43	19.24	3.70	101.37
Derivative instruments	29.48	(21.74)		7.74
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	43.73	(24.44)		19.29
Statutory bonus	0.42	26.04		26.46
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	18.28	(0.79)		17.49
Others	4.66	14.23		18.89
Leases	2.78	10.58		13.36
	<b>177.78</b>	<b>23.12</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>204.60</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>	<b>70.37</b>	<b>54.71</b>	<b>(45.35)</b>	<b>79.73</b>

**28 Income taxes (Continued)**

**Movement in deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2023**

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	147.53	(7.45)		140.08
Derivative instruments	36.27	0.31	(72.78)	(36.20)
Others	3.53	-		3.53
	<b>187.33</b>	<b>(7.14)</b>	<b>(72.78)</b>	<b>107.41</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>				
Accrued compensation to employees	52.16	26.27	-	78.43
Derivative instruments	-	29.48		29.48
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	19.65	24.08		43.73
Statutory bonus	0.38	0.04		0.42
Impact of deduction of Section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act, 1961	-	18.28		18.28
Others	27.99	(23.33)		4.66
Leases	3.46	(0.68)		2.78
	<b>103.64</b>	<b>74.14</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>177.78</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets (net)</b>	<b>(83.69)</b>	<b>81.28</b>	<b>72.78</b>	<b>70.37</b>

The Group has not recognised deferred tax on carry forward losses amounting to ₹ 893.65 (31 March 2023: ₹ 577.43).

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Group will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

**29 Earnings per Equity share**

Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the holding company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of Holding Company	1,581.19	2,166.04
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	202,015,833	202,015,833
Nominal value per equity share	10.00	10.00
<b>Effect of dilution:</b>		
-Stock options granted under ESOP	2,949,725	2,606,193
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted EPS*	<b>204,965,558</b>	<b>204,622,026</b>

\*The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in treasury share transactions during the year. There have been no other transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

Earnings per Equity share	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Basic	7.83	10.72
Diluted	7.71	10.59

**30 (i) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Trade receivables	3,503.59	3,290.14
Cash and cash equivalents	1,059.90	503.76
Bank balances other than above	798.06	1,061.93
Other financial assets	162.62	320.79
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,524.17</b>	<b>5,176.62</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Non-current borrowings	1,809.38	3,558.92
Lease liability	598.10	425.82
Current borrowings	4,645.32	1,726.47
Trade payables	1,191.29	1,147.92
Other financial liabilities	900.01	955.88
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,144.10</b>	<b>7,815.01</b>

**(ii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
Investments	2.05	2.05
<b>Financial Liability</b>		
Derivative instruments	56.67	63.39

**(iii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through Other comprehensive income**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Financial Asset</b>		
Derivative Instruments	49.87	-
<b>Financial Liability</b>		
Derivative Instruments	0.10	145.11

(i) The Group's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, lease liabilities, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Group also holds FVTPL (Fair value through profit and loss) investments.

(ii) The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, earmarked balances with banks, other financial assets, other financial liabilities and borrowings subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the years presented. For all other amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value. For the financial assets measured at fair values, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

(iii) The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

(iii) Refer note 37 for Fair value hierarchy disclosures.

**31 Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The Group's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, lease liabilities, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations and also enters into derivative operations.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management provides assurance to the Holding Company's Board that the Group's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

**(i) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Group comprises primarily of currency and interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade and other receivables and derivatives, trade payables and borrowings. The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of trade and other receivables in foreign currencies and investments are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2024.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

(1) The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. Refer note 15 (v) for interest rate sensitivity analysis.



**31 Financial risk management objectives and policies** (continued)

**Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group and the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's investment in deposits with banks are for short durations and therefore do not expose the Group to significant interest rate risk.

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's outstanding floating rate debt. A major portion of foreign currency debt is linked to international interest rate benchmarks like SOFR and LIBOR. The Group also hedges a major portion of these risks by entering into derivative instruments like interest rate swaps and currency swaps and hence is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. Refer note 15(v) for interest rate sensitivity.

**Foreign currency risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Group manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 12 month period for hedges of forecasted sales and purchases.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Group negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

The following are the outstanding forward exchange contracts entered into by the Group in foreign currency:

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>Currency forwards</b>		
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (USD in Million)	199.16	188.48
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	49.77	(145.11)
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (Euro in Million)	-	3.00
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	-	1.25
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (USD in Million)	-	2.00
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	-	0.54
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (USD in Million)	10.03	10.07
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	(56.67)	(63.93)

**Foreign currency sensitivity**

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material. (Refer Note 42 for details of unhedged foreign currencies).

	<b>For the year ended</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
Change in USD rate - 5% increase	131.48	93.59
-Effect on PBT and equity		
Change in USD rate - 5% decrease	(131.48)	(93.59)
-Effect on PBT and equity		
Change in GBP rate - 5% increase	(0.29)	0.43
-Effect on PBT and equity		
Change in GBP rate - 5% decrease	0.29	(0.43)
-Effect on PBT and equity		
Change in Euro rate - 5% increase	(4.89)	(4.69)
-Effect on PBT and equity		
Change in Euro rate - 5% decrease	4.89	4.69
-Effect on PBT and equity		

The movement in the pre-tax effect is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in US dollars, GBP and Euro rates, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than those currencies. Although the derivatives have not been designated in a hedge relationship, they act as an economic hedge and will offset the underlying transactions when they occur.

**31 Financial risk management objectives and policies** (continued)

**(ii) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of the Financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

The Group does not have any customer that individually contribute to more than 10% of the receivables for the year ended 31 March 2024 and for the year ended 31 March 2023.

**Trade receivables**

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management.

The Group does not hold collateral as security. The Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets. Refer note 9 for details

**Financial instruments and cash deposits**

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Group's finance team in accordance with the Holding Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved and reputed banks and within credit limits assigned to each bank. The amounts invested and details of relevant banks are reviewed by the Group's Board of directors on annual basis.

**(iii) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group has an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group's treasury department is responsible for managing the short-term and long term liquidity requirements of the Group. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily by treasury. Long term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

Typically the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The carrying value of the Group's financial liabilities are disclosed in note 3A and note 15, 17 and 18 of the consolidated financial statements.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments

	<b>As at</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>Less than 1 year</b>		
- Borrowings	4,645.32	1,726.47
- Other financial liabilities	952.78	1,160.38
- Trade payables	1,191.29	1,147.92
- Lease liabilities	209.65	151.06
<b>1 to 2 years</b>		
- Borrowings	1,350.00	2,499.54
- Lease liabilities	227.17	126.17
<b>2 to 5 years</b>		
- Borrowings	459.38	1,059.38
- Lease liabilities	172.33	161.08
- Other financial liabilities	4.00	4.00
<b>&gt; 5 years</b>		
- Borrowings	-	-
- Lease liabilities	-	-
	<b>360.94</b>	<b>317.46</b>

Note: The above amounts exclude the future interest payments under the contractual obligation.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**31 Financial risk management objectives and policies** (continued)

**Excessive risk concentration**

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Group to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

**Collateral**

The Group has pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil the collateral requirements for the borrowings availed. At 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 the fair values of the short-term deposits pledged were ₹6.34 and ₹6.34. The counterparties have an obligation to return the securities to the Group. The Group has an obligation to repay the deposit to the counterparties upon settlement of the contracts. There are no other significant terms and conditions associated with the use of collateral.

**32 Capital management**

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, issue bonus shares to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group's policy is to maintain optimum gearing ratio. The Group includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances.

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Borrowings (Note 15)	6,454.70	5,285.39
Trade payables (Note 17)	1,191.29	1,147.92
Other financial liabilities (Note 18)	956.78	1,164.38
Lease liabilities (Note 3A)	598.10	425.82
Less: Cash and bank balances (Note 10 & 7)*	(1,881.18)	(1,717.27)
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>7,319.69</b>	<b>6,306.24</b>
Equity	13,613.03	12,299.17
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>13,613.03</b>	<b>12,299.17</b>
<b>Gearing Ratio</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>0.51</b>

\* Includes Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date (refer note 7).

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31 March 2024 and year ended 31 March 2023.

**33 Hedging activities and derivatives**

**Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments**

The Group uses foreign currency denominated borrowings and foreign exchange forward contracts to manage some of its transaction exposures. The foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from 1 to 12 months.

**34 Information about subsidiaries**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group includes subsidiaries listed in the table below:

Name of the entity	Principal activities	Country of	% equity interest as at	
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	Contract research and development services	United States of America	100.00%	100.00%
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. Netherlands (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Contract research and development services	Netherlands	100.00%	100.00%
Aragen Employees welfare trust (formerly GVK Bio Employees welfare trust)	Employee welfare	India	100.00%	100.00%
Intox Private Limited	Toxicology and related research services	India	76.00%	76.00%
Aragen Biologics Private Limited	Contract research and development services	India	100.00%	-
Aragen Foundation	Corporate Social Responsibility activities of Group	India	100.00%	100.00%

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**
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(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**35 Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

Name of the entity	As at		For the year ended					
			31 March 2024					
	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in Total Comprehensive	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated TCI	Amount (₹)
<b>Holding Company</b>								
Aragen Life Sciences Limited (formerly Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)	101.00%	13,748.74	117.60%	1,882.78	99.02%	134.56	116.14%	2,017.34
<b>Trust</b>								
Aragen employees welfare trust (formerly GVK Bio Employees welfare trust)	0.17%	23.00	0.30%	4.88	-	-	0.28%	4.88
<b>Domestic Subsidiaries</b>								
Intox Private Limited	1.36%	184.97	3.93%	62.87	0.15%	0.20	3.63%	63.07
Aragen Foundation	0.00%	(0.40)	-0.02%	(0.40)	-	-	-0.02%	(0.40)
Aragen Biologics Private Limited	1.32%	179.97	-1.27%	(20.32)	-	-	-1.17%	(20.32)
<b>Foreign subsidiaries</b>								
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	-1.14%	(154.51)	-19.23%	(307.93)	-	-	-17.73%	(307.93)
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	0.16%	21.89	0.54%	8.61	-	-	0.50%	8.61
<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>14,003.66</b>		<b>1,630.49</b>		<b>134.76</b>		<b>1,765.25</b>
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	-7.04%	(958.21)	-3.08%	(49.30)	0.78%	1.06	-2.78%	(48.24)
Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	4.17%	567.58	1.24%	19.85	0.05%	0.07	1.15%	19.92
<b>Total</b>		<b>13,613.03</b>		<b>1,601.04</b>		<b>135.89</b>		<b>1,736.93</b>

**Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023**

Name of the entity	As at		For the year ended					
			31 March 2023					
	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI		Share in Total Comprehensive	
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated TCI	Amount (₹)
<b>Holding Company</b>								
Aragen Life Sciences Limited	98.85%	12,157.87	114.64%	2,520.62	144.02%	(240.65)	112.22%	2,279.97
<b>Trust</b>								
Aragen employees welfare trust (formerly GVK Bio Employees welfare trust)	0.15%	18.12	0.25%	5.47	-	-	0.27%	5.47
<b>Domestic Subsidiaries</b>								
Intox Private Limited	0.98%	120.60	4.71%	103.48	-3.63%	6.06	5.39%	109.54
Aragen Foundation	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.02
<b>Foreign subsidiaries</b>								
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	1.12%	137.72	-16.67%	(366.49)	-	-	-18.04%	(366.49)
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	0.09%	10.94	0.29%	6.38	-	-	0.31%	6.38
<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>12,445.26</b>		<b>2,269.48</b>		<b>(234.59)</b>		<b>2,034.89</b>
Adjustment arising out of consolidation	-5.64%	(693.75)	-4.70%	(103.44)	-39.25%	65.58	-1.86%	(37.86)
Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	4.45%	547.66	1.49%	32.67	-1.15%	1.92	1.70%	34.59
<b>Total</b>		<b>12,299.17</b>		<b>2,198.71</b>		<b>(167.09)</b>		<b>2,031.62</b>

### 36 Segment information

#### Operating segments

The Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") evaluates the Group's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. Based on Group's business model, providing contract research and development services has been considered as the only reportable business segment and hence no separate financial disclosures are provided in respect of its single business segment.

#### Geographical information

The geographical information analyses the Group's revenues and non-current assets by the Group's country of domicile (i.e. India) and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue has been based on the geographic location of the customers and segment assets which have been based on the geographical location of the assets.

The Group does not have any customer that individually contribute to more than 10% of the revenues for the year ended 31 March 2024 and for the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### Segment revenue

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Europe	4,506.50	4,084.66
India	910.39	716.05
North America	9,147.61	10,417.79
Rest of the world	2,011.27	2,147.51
	<b>16,575.77</b>	<b>17,366.01</b>

#### Non-current operating assets

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
India	15,741.17	13,564.62
United States of America	560.79	613.42
<b>Total non-current operating assets</b>	<b>16,301.96</b>	<b>14,178.04</b>

\*Non-current operating assets includes all the items except financial assets and tax related assets.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**37 Fair value hierarchy**

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities.

	Fair value measurement using				Total
	Date of Valuation	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
<b>Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2024:</b>					
<b>Assets/(Liabilities) measured at fair value</b>					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 7 and note 18)	31 March 2024	-	(6.90)	-	(6.90)
Investments (refer note 6)	31 March 2024	0.01	-	2.04	2.05
Put option liability	31 March 2024	-	-	4.00	4.00
<b>Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2023:</b>					
<b>Assets/(Liabilities) measured at fair value</b>					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 7 and note 18)	31 March 2023	-	(208.50)	-	(208.50)
Investments (refer note 6)	31 March 2023	0.01	-	2.04	2.05
Put option liability	31 March 2023	-	-	4.00	4.00

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**38 Commitments**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Estimated amount of contracts amounting to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) for Property, plant and equipments	1,513.22	1,897.11

**39 Contingent liabilities**

The Group is subject to legal proceedings and claims before various tax authorities, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The uncertainties and possible reimbursements are dependent on the outcome of the different legal processes which have been invoked by the claimants or the Group, as the case may be and therefore timing of cash flows cannot be predicted. The Group engages reputed professional advisors wherever required to protect its interests and has been advised that it has strong legal positions against such disputes. The Management believes that it has a reasonable case in its defense of the proceedings and accordingly no further provision is required.

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts in respect of:

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(a) Income tax matter under dispute	1,230.58	1,232.33
(b) Service tax matter under dispute	1.89	1.89
(c) Central Sales tax matter under dispute	1.76	2.22
(d) Customs matter under dispute	4.27	4.27
(e) Goods and Service tax matter under dispute	172.11	5.25

In addition to the above, the Company has below mentioned claims/contingent liabilities against the Company:

The Group has received a show cause notice challenging classification of R&D services as export of services for the period from 1 April 2006 to 30 Jun 2017 (tax liability computed by department is ₹2,409.70). The Group has submitted its reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim and favourable judgements Group has not made any provision in the books.

The Group has an ongoing litigation of certain portion of land in Mallapur which the Group has bought from APIIC. The matter is stayed by the High Court until disposal of appeal at the lower court.

**40 Related party disclosures**

**a) Name of related parties and nature of relationship**

Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly known as GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Aragen Biologics Private Limited	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company( w.e.f 21/06/2023)
Aragen Foundation	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Intox Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	Controlled Trust
(formerly GVK Bio Employees Welfare Trust)	
WSCP VIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Enterprise having significant influence
WSCP VIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Enterprise having significant influence
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	Enterprise having significant influence
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	Director and Chairman
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy (till 31.01.2023)	Director and Vice-chairman
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	Whole time Director and Chief executive officer
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar (till 10.06.2022)	Director
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy (till 01.06.2022)	Director
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	Director
Mr. Adam Richard Dawson (w.e.f. 31.05.2021 and till 30.01.2023)	Director
Mr. Rajat Sood	Director
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	Director
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffolo	Independent Director
Mr. Gerhard Mayr (till 31.03.2024)	Independent Director
Ms. Anita Ramachandran (w.e.f. 07.11.2022)	Independent Director
Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	Company Secretary
Excelra Inc., (formerly GVK Biosciences Inc.,)	} Key management personnel (KMP)
Equal Identity Private Limited	
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	
(formerly GVK Davix Research Private Limited )	
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Family Trust)	
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	
GVK Foundation	
Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited	
Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (till 26.12.2022)	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by individuals who have control / significant influence over the Company.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
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**40 Related party disclosures (continued)**

**b) Transactions with related parties**

	<b>For the year ended</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>Remuneration of KMPs*</b>		
<b>Short-term employee benefits</b>		
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	46.28	68.87
Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap	24.97	29.55
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	6.11	5.48
<b>Directors remuneration/commission</b>		
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	4.74	4.93
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffolo	5.32	4.93
Mr. Ajay Srivastava #	14.00	4.00
Ms. Anitha Ramachandran	3.60	1.44
# The above amount includes an amount of ₹ 10 million related to remuneration towards professional advisory services.		
<b>Directors sitting fee</b>		
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	-	0.05
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	-	0.20
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	0.25	0.35
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	-	0.15
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	0.28	0.40
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	0.35	0.25
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	0.25	0.33
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	0.28	0.35
Ms. Anitha Ramachandran	0.38	0.18
<b>Dividends paid during the year</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	131.61	147.69
Aragen Employees Welfare Trust	6.36	6.91
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	182.57	198.32
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Family Trust)	-	7.85
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	50.96	58.48
WSCPVIII (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	126.15	96.26
WSCPVIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	22.71	40.60
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	17.53	44.58
<b>Unsecured Loans taken during the year</b>		
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	7.75
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	-	7.75
<b>Unsecured Loans repaid during the year</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.93)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	(23.00)
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	-	(23.93)
<b>Interest on Loans taken</b>		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.03)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	-	(0.73)
Aparna Reddy Gunupati (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	-	(0.75)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence – Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (formerly GVK Davix Research Private Limited)</b>		
Shared services provided	1.73	1.37
Rental Income	0.06	0.02
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence – Excelra, Inc.</b>		
Receivables written off	(15.75)	-
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Srinu Pharmaceuticals Private Limited</b>		
Job work Charges	-	(14.25)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited</b>		
Consultancy services	(3.00)	(2.60)
Reimbursement exp	(0.11)	(0.23)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited</b>		
Hotel expenses	(3.43)	(4.94)
<b>Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Equal Identity Private Limited</b>		
Consultancy Services	-	(0.48)

\*The managerial personnel are covered by the Group's gratuity policy and are eligible for leave encashment along with other employees of the Group. The proportionate amount of gratuity and leave encashment pertaining to the managerial personnel has not been included in the aforementioned disclosures as these are determined on an actuarial basis for the Group as a whole.



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**c) Balances receivable/(payable)**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Excelra Inc., (formerly GVK Biosciences Inc.,)	-	15.75
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	0.03	1.40
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	(0.61)	(3.12)
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	(0.05)
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	(3.70)	(4.96)
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	-	(0.94)
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	-	(0.03)
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	-	(0.05)
Ms. Anita Ramachandran	-	(0.86)

**Directors' interests in the employee stock option plan**

Share options held by executive members of the Board of Directors under the employee stock option plan to purchase equity shares have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

Grant date	Last Vesting date	Exercise price	Number outstanding	
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
7 July 2007	6 July 2011	3.33	765,000	765,000
1 November 2011	31 October 2015	16.67	216,000	216,000
1 July 2017	30 June 2021	78.47	656,957	656,957
1 July 2021	30 June 2022	78.47	196,542	196,542
30 January 2023	30 January 2024	10.00	85,894	88,878
30 January 2024	30 January 2025	10.00	75,991	-
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,996,384</b>	<b>1,923,377</b>

\*Previous year numbers are adjusted for bonus shares issued during the current year.

**41 Details of expenditure incurred, Capital and Revenue, in Research and Development is as under:**

**Capital expenditure**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Additions to laboratory equipment	-	-
	-	-

**Revenue expenditure (Included under appropriate heads in Statement of Profit and Loss)**

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cost of material consumed	28.46	78.85
Salaries and wages	15.92	16.17
Chemicals and spares	0.16	0.09
	<b>44.54</b>	<b>95.11</b>

**42 Unhedged foreign currency exposure**

	As at	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
<b>Receivables</b>		
United States Dollar	3,623.75	2,965.06
Euro	4.59	9.59
Canadian Dollar	3.92	-
<b>Payables</b>		
United States Dollar	994.15	1,093.28
Great Britain Pound	5.71	0.98
Euro	102.43	103.32
Swiss Franc	5.55	1.28
Japanese Yen	1.25	0.55

**43 Transfer pricing**

The Group has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under Sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Group is in the process of updating the documentation for the international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence before the regulatory timelines, as required by law. The Management is of the opinion that its international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expenses and that of provision for taxation.

**Aragen Life Sciences Limited** (formerly known as Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
**Notes to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

**44 Additional regulatory information**

**(i) Struck-off Companies:**

The Group has not entered into any transactions with the companies struck-off as per Section 248 or Section 560 of the companies act 2013.

**(ii) Benami Property:**

There are no proceeding initiated or pending against the Group as at 31 March 2024, under Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016).

**(iii) Wilful Defaulter:**

None of the entities in the group have been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

**(iv) Undisclosed incomes:**

The Group has recorded all transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered. There are no previously unrecorded incomes and related assets that were considered during the year, no unrecorded incomes were identified as income for tax assessments.

**(v) The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.**

**(vi) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:**

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or  
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

**(vii) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:**

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or  
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

**(viii) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.**

**(ix) The Group has borrowings from banks on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the group with banks are in agreement with the books of accounts.**

**(x) The Group has used the borrowings from banks for the specific purpose for which it was obtained.**

**(xi) The Group has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use-assets) and intangible assets during the year.**

**(xii) The Group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.**

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

As per our Report on Consolidated Financial Statements of even date attached

for **B S R and Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration No: 128510W

Sd/-  
**Arpan Jain**  
Partner  
Membership No. 125710

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited** (formerly Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited)  
CIN: U74999TG2000PLC035826

Sd/-  
**Davinder Singh Brar**  
Chairman  
DIN: 00068502

Sd/-  
**Sachin Anand Dharap**  
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 23 May 2024

Sd/-  
**Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy**  
Director  
DIN: 06593325

Sd/-  
**Manmahesh Kantipudi**  
Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 05241166

Sd/-  
**K Ramakrishna**  
Company Secretary  
M.No: F3865